

East Baton Rouge Parish School System

Baton Rouge • Louisiana

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Of the

East Baton Rouge Parish School System
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Prepare<mark>d by t</mark>he Finance and Budget Management Staff

Catherine Fletcher, CPA
Chief Business Operations Officer

James P. Crochet, CPA Chief Financial Officer



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Introductory Section



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Dr. Bernard Taylor, Jr. Superintendent of Schools



David Tatman District 1 - President



District 4 - Vice President



Vereta Lee District 2



Dr. Kenyetta Nelson-Smith District 3



Evelyn Ware-Jackson District 5



Craig Freeman District 6



Barbara Freiberg District 7



District 8



Jerry Arbour District 9



Jill C. Dvason District 10



Mary A. Lynch District 11

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Administrative Officers

Superintendent of Schools

General Counsel

Executive Assistant to the Superintendent Parent/Community Engagement

Deputy Superintendent for Innovation & Reform

Executive Director for Pupil Support Services

Associate Superintendent for School Leadership & Instruction

Associate Superintendent for Student Support Services

Chief Officer Accountability, Assessment & Evaluation

Interim Executive Director for Human Resources

Interim Executive Director of Communications

Interim Executive Assistant to Superintendent for School Safety and Security

Chief Business Operations Officer

Dr. Bernard Taylor, Jr.

Domoine D. Rutledge

Marvin Trotter

Michael Haggen

Vera Dunbar

Carlos Sam

Dr. Herman Brister

Lizabeth Frischertz

Millie Williams

Keith Broomery

and the second

Vincent Dileo

Catherine Fletcher





East Baton Rouge Parish School System

Finance Department 1050 South Foster Drive, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70806 Phone (225) 922-5440, Fax (225) 923-3406

November 20, 2014

President and Members of the East Baton Rouge Parish School Board

Dear Board Members:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the East Baton Rouge Parish School System for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, is presented herewith. This financial report represents a comprehensive portrait of the School System's financial condition. It is structured in such a manner as to make it a very useful management instrument as well as an informative public document.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, along with internal audit activities and other budgetary reports, combine to provide for an effective internal fiscal management control system. This combination of accounting and financial reporting serves the purpose of satisfying our responsibility to provide the public with complete and accurate financial data.

This fiscal year 2013 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association and the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Association of School Business Officials. This was the twenty-eighth consecutive year that the School Board received both of these prestigious awards.

The staff members of the Operations and Budget Management, Finance, and Graphic Arts Departments are to be commended for the attainment of such high standards for their financial reporting and their efforts in the preparation of this report on a timely basis. In addition, Postlethwaite &Netterville, our independent auditors, are to be commended for the professional, thorough, and timely manner in which the audit was conducted.

Bemard Trylor Sr.

Dr. Bernard Taylor, Jr.

Superintendent of Schools



East Baton Rouge Parish School System

Finance Department 1050 South Foster Drive, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70806 Phone (225) 922-5440, Fax (225) 923-3406

November 20, 2014

President and Members of the East Baton Rouge Parish School Board and Residents of East Baton Rouge Parish:

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the East Baton Rouge Parish School System (School System), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This report provides full disclosure of the financial operations of the School System for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This CAFR, which has been audited by Postlethwaite & Netterville, APAC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, conforms to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the School Board and management of the School Board. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of various funds and account groups of the School System. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the School System's financial activities have been included. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A is located immediately following the report of the independent auditors and provides an objective, easy to understand narrative overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A explains the financial position and results of operations of the School System for the past fiscal year.

Reporting Entity

This report includes all funds of the School System. The School System is a political subdivision of the State of Louisiana created under the Constitution of Louisiana. As such, it has the power to sue and be sued. The School System has the power to make rules and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the State of Louisiana and the regulations of the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE). It is the responsibility of the School Board to make public education available to the residents of East Baton Rouge Parish.

The elected Board is chosen from eleven single-member districts with each member serving a concurrent four-year term. The School Board is authorized to formulate policy, to establish public schools as it deems necessary, to provide adequate school facilities for the children of East Baton Rouge Parish, to determine the number of teachers to be employed and to determine their salaries. Additionally, the School Board selects the Superintendent of Schools to serve as the School System's Chief Executive Officer.

The School System provides a full range of public education services at all grade levels ranging from prekindergarten through grade twelve to approximately 40,241 students and employs approximately 6,000 persons. Total enrollment includes students participating in regular and enriched academic education, alternative education, exceptional student services education for the handicapped to age twenty-two, career and technical education and eight Charter Schools (three elementary, two middle, three high). Services provided to students include instructional staff, instructional materials, instructional facilities, administrative support, business services, food services, system operations, facility maintenance, student health services and bus transportation. In addition, the School System serves approximately 4,000 adult education students annually.

The Vision and Mission of the School System are as follows:

- All East Baton Rouge Parish School System students will graduate with the knowledge, skills, and values
 necessary to become active and successful members of a dynamic learning community.
- The East Baton Rouge Parish School System, in partnership with our community, educates all students to their maximum potential in a caring, rigorous and safe environment.

The public is invited to attend regular meetings of the School Board which are held the third Thursday of each month at 5:00 p.m. in the Board Room of the School System's Central Office, located at 1050 South Foster Drive. Meetings are also televised live on Cox Cable Channel 21 and replayed at various times during the following weeks.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The School System is located in Baton Rouge, Louisiana, in the southeastern section of the State, along the Mississippi River. In addition to being the largest city in the State post-Hurricane Katrina, Baton Rouge is also the capital of Louisiana and the principal home of two major state universities: Southern University (SU) and Louisiana State University (LSU).

Baton Rouge is the home of one of the largest oil refining and petrochemical centers in the nation and is the hub of the industrial region that stretches eighty miles to New Orleans. Located 230 river miles (434 kilometers) above the mouth of the Mississippi River, with a 45-foot channel, Baton Rouge is the furthest inland deepwater port on the Gulf of Mexico via the Mississippi River. The expanding Port of Greater Baton Rouge ranks ninth among the major ports of the nation. The Port of Greater Baton Rouge is a strategic gateway for the handling of international and domestic commerce. The Greater Baton Rouge area is designated as a U.S. Customs Port of Entry.



Baton Rouge is the home for several high-technology research facilities such as Louisiana State University's C. B. Pennington Biomedical Research Center and its Center for Advanced Microstructure and Devices. Opened in 1988, the Pennington Center now houses 50 research laboratories that span the Center's three programs – Basic Research, Clinical Research, and Population Science (nineteen Core Service laboratories). The center also includes inpatient and outpatient clinics, a research kitchen, and an administrative area. Nearly 200 scientists and approximately 325 research associates, research technicians, and support personnel focus their research efforts on ten research program areas: Epidemiology and Prevention, Physical Activity and Health, Cancer, Diabetes, Obesity, Neurodegeneration, Genomics and Molecular Genetics, Stem Cell and Developmental Biology, Neurobiology, and Nutrient Sensing and Signaling.

The Baton Rouge Community College (BRCC), a two-year institution of higher education, opened in the Fall of 1998 and is one of America's fastest-growing campuses. When classes began at BRCC in 1998, enrollment was just under 1,900 students, current enrollment is more than 8,000 students. The community college system builds a system of higher education that is more affordable for young people and provides opportunities for training and certification in a number of skills. BRCC is jointly under the control, supervision, and management of the Board of Supervisors of Southern University and Louisiana State University.

Actual sales tax collections through June 2014 were finalized and received from the City Parish in August 2014. Actual collections increased by 0.7% for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Sales tax collections represent a major component or 33.8% of general operating revenue for the School System. In 2013, the East Baton Rouge Assessor has placed a value of \$144.1 million on all taxable property located within the School System's boundaries, up from \$139.1 million the previous year. Ad valorem tax collections represent a major component or 30.0% of general operating revenue for the School System. The effect of the national recovery has impacted the local economy by an increase in available jobs. The unemployment rate (not seasonally adjusted) for the Baton Rouge area for June 2014 was 5.4% compared to 7.8% for June 2013.

The Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) provides funding from the State of Louisiana based on per-pupil allocations and additional funding for weighted areas including career and technical, at-risk, or special education. The base per-pupil allocation for 2013-2014 was \$3,855, the same as the prior year. State budget woes provided for the elimination of the standard 2.75% increase in the base per-pupil amount that has been customary for a number of years. Previously, as a result of modifications to the MFP formula eleven School Districts were classified as "hold harmless", which was later replaced with an "over funded" status. The State Department of Education has implemented a phase out of the "overfunded" balance for each School District. The School System's "overfunded" balance of \$12.0 million is currently being eliminated over ten (10) years at \$1.2 million per year by reducing MFP funding, which commenced 2007-2008.

Louisiana's not seasonally adjusted nonfarm employment gained 20,400 from June 2013 to June 2014 as reported by the Louisiana Workforce Commission (LWC). Over the year, good-producing industries gained 4,900 jobs while the service-providing sector gained 15,500. The eight (8) metro areas job activity from June 2013 to June 2014 are as follows: 1) New Orleans up 8,100; 2) Alexandria down 300; 3) Lake Charles up 3,800; 4) Shreveport up 800; 5) Houma up 2,100; 6) Lafayette up 2,900; 7) Baton Rouge up 12,700; and 8) Monroe up 1,200. The June 2014 preliminary adjusted unemployment rate for Louisiana was 4.9%, a decrease from the June 2013 rate of 7.0%. The national unemployment rate for June 2014 was 6.1%.

Student enrollment had declined by approximately 20,846 since 1994; however, approximately 8,508 of this decrease is attributable to the Baker, Zachary, and Central separations and 3,010 is attributable to the eight (8) District schools transferred to the jurisdiction of the state's Recovery School District. This decline in student enrollment has resulted in State funding to the School System being reduced by millions of dollars. The October 1, 2013 enrollment approved for the purpose of funding by the State was 40,241 students, which was 1,051 students more than the 2012-2013 State enrollment count.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

<u>Current Year</u> - During the 2013-2014 year, the School System continued its efforts to improve student performance and community support through various programs.

Strategic Plan

The School System began rewriting its current Strategic Plan April 4, 2011 when more than 230 participants took part in 20 different focus groups over a three-day period. These participants included community and business leaders, members of the faith-based community, parents, students, staff and School Board members. During the focus groups, participants were asked to share their thoughts about the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats related to the School System. Information collected during those focus groups was used as a basis for the proposed new strategic plan. The process of revising the current strategic plan allows both internal and external stakeholders the opportunity to help guide the District's educational philosophy. This process also set targets for student achievement and defines the School System's overall operational focus for the next three to five years. To help with this process, a coalition of more than 25 representatives from several segments of the Baton Rouge community will help the East Baton Rouge Parish School Board and District Staff craft a new strategic plan for the School System.

The EBR – Committee for Educational Excellence is made up of business, community and political leaders, faith-based and non-profit organizations and School Board members. This group held its inaugural meeting on May 17, 2011. The Board approved the following Strategic Plan on September 3, 2013.

Bold Goal:

The East Baton Rouge Parish School System will be a top ten Louisiana district by 2020, building an innovative and globally-competitive educational choice for all families.

Objectives:

- Early Childhood Education
- Academic Expectations
- Governance/Accountability/Efficiency
- Culture and Safety/School Climate and Human Capital
- Neighborhood Schooling and School Choice
- Community and Parental Involvement

Superintendent Academies

The purpose of the Superintendent Academies is to provide students with the opportunity to receive a high school diploma through a blended learning program; a program that prepares students for college and career readiness. By utilizing a lower teacher/student ratio via the use of technology, a blended learning program will work to better prepare students for college and career readiness. The academies will target enrollment of overage 4th to 12th grade students, who strive to complete their high school education and earn their diplomas. The program will incorporate flexible scheduling, credit recovery, course choice and support services in a blended learning environment to develop personal responsibility, community involvement, academic development, and career and college readiness. The academy provides students the opportunity to be engaged in a highly personalized learning environment where students take ownership of their learning. Students attending these programs will primarily work in a flexible learning environment with a standard-based online curriculum provided by Edgenuity with face-to-face access to Learning Coaches. In addition, students will receive Tier II and III interventions in English language arts and math from research-based programs/strategies. All students will be scheduled in courses according to credit needs and accelerate through the content on an individual basis.

Tax Plan – Phase I

All projects in the first five year phase of the 1998 One-Cent Sales Tax Plan were completed in the 2004-2005 fiscal year at a total cost of \$168.5 million. All projects were completed on time and within budget constraints with this pay-as-you-go plan.

Tax Plan - Phase II

In May 2003, the community continued to support the School System by voting to continue the five year one-cent sales tax. The continuation was again in the form of three propositions, mirroring the form it took in 1998 with collections to begin April 1, 2004 and continue through 2010. Proposition 1 called for the construction of six new schools (4 new, 2 rebuilt), major renovations at another four (3 high schools, 1 middle) and much needed repairs at another forty (7 high schools, 9 middle schools, 24 elementary schools). Both the new and renovated schools have provided appropriate educational spaces that are more conducive to teaching and learning, provided adequate special program and laboratory facilities; improved safety and security, and increased technology implementation and accessibility.

Tax Plan - Phase III

In March 2008, the community continued to support the School System by voting to continue the one-cent sales tax for an additional ten (10) years. The continuation was again in the form of three propositions, mirroring the form it took in 1998 with collections to begin April 1, 2009 and continue through 2019. Proposition 1 calls for the construction of eight (8) new schools (3 new, 5 rebuilt), major renovations and additions at one (1) high school, two (2) middle schools, ten (10) elementary schools, and much needed repairs at another forty-five (45) schools. Both the new and renovated schools will provide appropriate educational spaces that are more conducive to teaching and learning, provide adequate special program and laboratory facilities; improve safety and security, and increase technology implementation and accessibility. Propositions 2 and 3 have continued to fund the continuation of discipline programs and employee compensation at current levels for each Tax Plan phase. A community Oversight Committee continues to ensure that the money approved by the voters is spent appropriately.

Facilities Update 2013-2014 School Year

Progress Elementary School Rebuild – This school site reopened August 2013 with a student capacity of 660. The cost for the new school was approximately \$17.6 million. This new school is a two-story facility and is located at 855 Progress Road, which is the former 12.5 acre Progress Elementary site.

Lee High School Rebuild – The school facility is currently under construction at 1105 Lee Drive, which is the former 26 acre Robert E. Lee site. The campus will include three Academy buildings and one Commons building. Each Academy will be customized: one for Biomedical Studies, one for Digital Arts, and one for STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering and Math). Each Academy building will be three-stories with approximately 39,000 square feet and a student capacity of 400. The school is scheduled to open August 2016.

The swing space to house the Lee High students during the construction of the new school is the former Valley Park site, which was renovated the summer of 2013 for occupancy August 2013. The Valley Park students were relocated to 191 Staring Lane, the former Staring Educational Center August 2013.

Scotlandville High School Addition – This project consists of an eleven classroom addition, which will include an Assistant Principal's office, a Freshman Academy Coordinator's office, and a Teacher Center. Construction is underway and scheduled to be completed December 2014.

Teach Baton Rouge

Teach Baton Rouge, the School System's alternative certification program, is in its thirteenth year of operation. The program aims to attract high-quality professionals to a career of teaching. Selection for the program is highly competitive. In the first year, only one out of ten applicants was selected. For the 2014-2015school year over three hundred people applied to the program, and fifteen began teaching. All participants are highly qualified using current No Child Left Behind (NCLB) definitions before participants enter the classrooms as teachers. The program has been responsible for bringing over 383 new teachers into the School System's classrooms. Program members teach in critical shortage areas such as special education, early childhood, math, science, and middle school. All program members participate in a certification program that leads to full certification within eighteen months.

Teach Baton Rouge helps to build a more diverse teaching force. The recruiting efforts target males, African-Americans, and persons with math/science backgrounds. Teach Baton Rouge members enjoy success in the classroom. Several Teach Baton Rouge teachers have been selected as Teacher of the Year for their schools, and the district High School Teacher of the Year is a former Teach Baton Rouge Teacher. Several Teach Baton Rouge teachers have earned the recognition of National Board Certification. Teach Baton Rouge teachers work in the hardest to staff schools. Here they are paired with their colleagues from Teach for America, the national teacher corps that has placed over 383 teachers in East Baton Rouge Parish schools since 1990.

Test Scores and Awards

During the 2013-2014 school year, the East Baton Rouge Parish School System showed mixed results. The percentage of students at Basic and above (Proficient) for grades 3-8 State Testing remained steady at 62%, same as 2013. This is a 6-point increase from 2010, making EBR in the top 20% of schools in terms of growth over the past 5 years. Twenty percent (20%) of EBR students scored Mastery or above, one-percentage point increase, matching the statewide increase in the same category. Seventy-six percent of the fourth grade students met the promotion standard of Basic/Approaching Basic in spring 2014. After summer testing, 83% of grade 4 students met the promotion standard. For grade 8, 67% of students met the promotion standard. After the eighth grade summer retest, 71% met the promotion standard. Due to the new Common Core test in 2013-2014, the Louisiana Department of Education revised High Stakes Testing Policy for the fourth and eighth grades. A school committee could meet to review placement and decide whether a student would be promoted to the next grade. This revised policy enabled 91% of grade 4 students and 96% of grade 8 to be promoted. Grade 8 students scoring Unsatisfactory in English language arts or math are promoted with placement in a transitional grade 9 (T9). This program allows a student to take remedial courses as well as regular grade 9 courses. Over 400 students are able to be promoted with the T9 designation. High school ACT data showed East Baton Rouge tested 105 more seniors in 2014 that scored 18 or higher. This test was also given to every student in eleventh and twelfth grade last year. The state now includes these results in the high school performance scores. Cohort graduation rates improved by 2.6 points, moving up to 68.6.

Recognitions for the District's Schools during 2013-2014 included:

- Sherwood Middle Academic Magnet hosted the National History Bee semi-final competition. Four students advanced to finals. Philip Lanier earned second place in the finals.
- Baton Rouge Center for Visual and Performing Arts Dance Troup performed Sugar Plum Fairy at Manship Theater during 2013 Remix.
- Glen Oaks Park Elementary named National Beta School of Distinction.
- Foundation for East Baton Rouge School System hosted Chessmates Classic at Woodlawn High School. The Foundation also offered professional development courses in chess to teachers.
- Beatrice Kariuki, a senior at Broadmoor High School, named 2014 Gates Millennium Scholar.
- Susan Gauthier, librarian at Sherwood Middle, earned the School Library Media Specialist Award from Louisiana Association of Librarians.
- Baton Rouge Magnet High School received the James O. Modisette Award as outstanding Louisiana library. Librarians Betty Brackins and Leola Mitchell honored for outstanding service by the Louisiana Library Association.
- Scotlandville Magnet High School Academy of Engineering earned a distinguished rating by the National Academic Foundation.
- Baton Rouge Foreign Language Academic Immersion Magnet and Westdale Middle designated as state certified World Language Immersion Schools by Louisiana Department of Education.
- Fabienna Sizemore of Baton Rouge Foreign Language Academic Immersion Magnet (BR FLAIM) named Louisiana Foreign Language Teacher of the Year by the American Council of Teachers of Foreign Language.
- Raylynn Cockerham, first grade student at Northeast Elementary, awarded first prize in 2014 Louisiana Aviation Art Contest.
- East Baton Rouge Parish School System and Healthy City Initiative received the USDA Farm to School Planning Grant which will impact 1,500 students at four schools: The Dufrocq School, Ryan Elementary, University Terrace Elementary, and BR FLAIM.
- Students in East Baton Rouge Parish School System increased performance by 3.4% on Advanced Placement tests scoring 3 or higher.
- JROTC regional competition was held at Glen Oaks High School. Scotlandville High School placed first in overall competition and McKinley placed third. Color Guard teams from Scotlandville High School and Broadmoor High School, Rifle Team from Broadmoor High School received place awards.
- Claiborne Elementary School earned national recognition from the US Environmental Protection Agency annual Energy Star National Building Competition for energy efficiency and conservation.

Educational Programs/Awards

Magnet programs are specialized, accelerated programs which offer students an opportunity to explore an enhanced curriculum in the visual and performing arts, the Montessori Method, Foreign Language Immersion, engineering, medical and academic models with a strong focus on science, technology and math. Gifted classes provide a high degree of complexity and extend beyond the prescribed curriculum offered in regular classes. Classes are taught by teachers certified in Gifted Education and have a reduced class size in order to individualize each student's educational program.

The Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corp (JROTC) is currently offered in nine high schools. The focus of Army JROTC is reflected in the mission, "To motivate young people to be better citizens". JROTC accomplishes the mission by providing exceptional educational opportunities and lifelong skills to America's youth. The Character Education Partnership identifies programs that build character as those with less violence, higher self esteem, less absenteeism, higher achievement scores and academic performance, more connected to school, engaged in lessons, and committed to success. The curriculum helps cadets develop life-long leadership and decision making skills. These skills are exhibited on a daily basis and set a model for the student body to emulate. The curriculum supports the school's mission and mandates by integrating technology, linking content to state standards, integrating reading and writing, providing character and financial education. The benefits of this curriculum are not limited to JROTC cadets. In an evaluation that led to accreditation by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools (SACS), the quality assurance review team noted, "JROTC serves to reinforce the competencies taught in the other academic subjects in which students are enrolled".

The School System's enrollment in Career and Technical Education (formerly vocational education) includes 8,631 high school students and 2,715 middle school students. A variety of innovative programs prepare students for productive citizenship and life-long learning and are designed to assist all students in making a successful transition from school to the workplace or post-secondary education. A portion of funding for Career and Technical programs is obtained through the Carl Perkins IV Applied Technology Act of 2006. The Basic Grant and Tech Prep initiatives resulted in funding of approximately \$651,832 for fiscal year 2013-2014. The goals of this department are accomplished by providing students with assistance in career development activities, selection of an Area of Concentration of courses with the development of a graduation plan, purposeful course selection that develops both academic and technical skills, development of employability skills, and providing opportunities for students to obtain an Industry Based Certification when in Career and Technical Education.

The School System continues to expand opportunities in pre-school programs. Pre-K students are provided transportation to a number of sites for six hours of instruction daily along with before and after school care. EBRPSS quality pre-school environments provide small pupil-teacher ratios, certified teachers and a curriculum based on the National Association for the Education of Young Children standards of developmentally appropriate practices.

A range of services are offered based on mentally and/or physically disabled children. Exceptional students can be placed in the following settings: the regular education classroom with extra support available, resource classrooms, or the self-contained and community-based classes.

High schools in the School System are providing students with curriculum opportunities to pursue: 1) college degrees at the nation's colleges and universities; 2) college degrees after attending community colleges; 3) associate degrees at community and technical colleges; 4) employment opportunities; and 5) careers in the United States Military. At several of the high schools with an academically unacceptable status, ninth-grade academies have been introduced to target the academic and social needs of that age and grade, with special assistance provided to reduce the dropout, attendance, and discipline issues facing them.

During the 2013-2014 school year, many high school students participated in dual enrollment courses in partnership with Baton Rouge Community College, Southern University, and Louisiana Technical College. Additionally, students took honors courses, advanced placement courses, and courses which were articulated with various colleges and universities. The School System works with many educational institutions to offer its students rigorous and varied educational opportunities, allowing students the opportunity to earn industry-based certifications and other post-secondary credits.

Volunteers in Public Schools

Volunteers In Public Schools (VIPS) work to foster student success and build support for public education. Dedicated volunteers produced 109,145 hours of service in the School System during the 2013-2014 school year. According to the Independent Sector of Washington D.C., volunteer hours are currently valued at \$22.14 resulting in a \$2.4 million investment in public education. VIPS worked to improve reading skills of young struggling readers by pairing 785 students with Reading Friend volunteers as well as improving basic Math Skills by pairing 135 students with Math Friends. VIPS began its second cohort of Voyage enlisting 25 at-risk middle school students to be matched with a mentor through high school graduation. VIPS continues to collaborate extensively with LSU, Southern University, and the faith and business communities.

Child Nutrition Program

One goal of the School System's Child Nutrition Program is to serve nutritious, appetizing, wholesome, affordable meals to students and staff. The administration believes that good nutrition is a key to learning and that every child has the right to a nutritious breakfast and lunch at the lowest possible price. The Food Service Department provides approximately 55,000 meals daily, including breakfast, lunch and snacks. Through the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Community Eligibility Provision, the Child Nutrition Program offers students a breakfast, lunch and extended day snacks at no charge to students. Additionally, forty three schools (43) schools participated in the after school Supper Program monitored by the USDA Child and Adult Care Food Program which is free of charge. Nine schools also participate in the Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program allowing students to receive 1/2 cup fresh fruit or vegetables at no cost and at a time other than breakfast and lunch but within the school day. School meals are planned to comply with the District Wellness Policy and all federal and state regulations for nutritious meals. The USDA through the Louisiana Department of Education, Division of Nutrition Support, provides regulatory guidance and monitoring of the School System's Child Nutrition Program.

The CNP Administrative Director is a registered dietitian and holds a doctorate degree in Food Systems Management from Texas Woman's University. Nine of the Child Nutrition Program administrative and office staff have a BS degree or an advanced degree with specific training in the field of Dietetics and Nutrition. Thirteen of the CNP school managers have a four year degree from an accredited university.

Transportation Department

During the 2013-2014 school year, the School System transported 35,907 students for a total of 4.0 million miles. With a total of 561 buses, the Transportation Department travels about 22,000 miles daily. Free bus service is provided to all eligible students living more than one mile from their attendance zone schools.

Charter School Demonstration Programs

During the 1995 Louisiana Legislative Session, the Legislature passed Senate Bill 1305 (Act 192 of 1995) which established a Charter School Demonstration (pilot) program and gave parents, teachers, and citizens an opportunity to create independent public schools. The School Board received the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education's (BESE) approval to be one of the eight demonstration School Systems and began operation of three charter schools in the fall of 1997. The School Board approved two elementary charter schools and one middle charter school. The three charter schools began operation in the fall of 1997, each with approximately 54 students. Student enrollment increases have been approved by the School Board allowing for enrollment (with funding) in grades K-5 at the elementary schools of up to 220 and 260 students at each of the schools. The School Board previously approved an annual increase of 20 students for both of the elementary schools through fiscal year 2011-2012. The middle school's enrollment is 170 students.

The School Board approved three (3) new charter schools for the 2010-2011 school year. The three (3) new charter schools are as follows: 1) The Inspire Charter Academy (first year enrollment 355); 2) The Mentorship Academy of Science and Technology (first year enrollment 125); and 3) The Mentorship Academy of Digital Arts (first year enrollment 125). The School Board approved one (1) new charter for 2011-2012, which is the Career Academy (first year enrollment 200). Additionally, the School Board approved one (1) new charter for 2012-2013, which is the Thrive Baton Rouge (first year enrollment 20). All of the recently approved charter schools have planned increases for student enrollment. The total General Fund appropriation to the charter schools for the 2013-2014 fiscal year was \$22.9 million.

Facilities Management Partnership Contract

Approximately twelve years ago, following extensive investigation and research, the School System developed a partnership arrangement with ServiceMaster to provide management services for some aspects of physical plant services, facilities, maintenance, and grounds. Subsequently, ServiceMaster was acquired by ARAMARK. The contract was amended slightly and the School System continued a similar partnership with ARAMARK. On March 1, 2004, the School Board negotiated a five-year partnership arrangement with ARAMARK, with a five-year renewal option approved on March 1, 2009 to provide total Facilities Management Services. The contract was extended again on October 20, 2011 for an additional two years through February 29, 2016. The contract provides services in the following areas: maintenance, custodial, grounds, materials management/warehousing, and workforce management. The contract made a number of staffing, procedural, and work flow adjustments. Changes were also made to delivery and procurement systems aimed at improving service to the School System, all the while capitalizing on efficiencies gained through the application of ARAMARK'S world-wide services and experience. The School System will gain reduced operational costs, predictable labor costs, rapid staffing adjustments, and renewed focus on core business functions. Additionally, in 2007 the Board approved ARAMARK to provide management services for the implementation of an energy program aimed at reducing energy costs.

Separation of the Cities of Baker, Zachary, and Central Community School Systems

Effective with the 2003-2004 school year, the School System began the year much smaller than it had in decades. The cities of Baker and Zachary began the school year as their own school districts, running nine (9) schools with about 5,380 students that were previously a part of the School System. The separation of Baker and Zachary required years of effort and litigation, and resulted in a need for expenditure reductions in the School System as a result of the adverse financial impact of approximately \$10.7 million associated with the separation. Enrollment of approximately 51,000 students for the 2002-2003 school year reduced to about 45,000 students for the 2003-2004 school year. The parish payroll was reduced from about 7,115 employees to about 6,000 employees.

The 2006 legislative session contained legislation to allow the creation of a Central Community School System by way of a constitutional amendment, which was approved by voters in a November 2006 statewide election. The city of Central began the 2007 school year with four (4) schools and approximately 2,652 students that were previously a part of the School System. The estimated adverse financial impact associated with this separation was approximately \$5.0 million to the School System. Additionally, the School System continues to incur significant long-term retiree health care costs associated with the exit of the Baker and Zachary School Systems because legacy costs were not allocated to the newly formed districts. The creation of the Central Community School System has further exacerbated this dilemma by this new district not assuming its portion of legacy costs as well as disproportionately increasing the number of retired health plan participants relative to the School System's total group health plan participants. The impact of long-term retiree health care costs associated with the separation and subsequent creation of a school district will have a significant and long-term financial impact on the School System.

Truancy Initiative

Through strong partnerships between the School System, the East Baton Rouge District Attorney's Office, the local Sheriff's Office and the Office of the Mayor-President, the School System is expanding the levels of care and concern for students and their families by taking specific steps in identifying and addressing truancy and all the familial issues that may cause it. The truancy initiative was created to address problems associated with truancy systematically and create preventive measures involving parents. If a student receives five or more unexcused absences, parents or guardians are considered in violation of the truancy statute. This action is not meant to punish the parent but assist them and the students. The premise is that if parents and guardians work with law enforcement and the School System on this matter as partners, then juvenile crime will decrease, learning will increase and students will have a better start in life and in their chosen careers.

The Truancy Assessment and Family Service Center is a community-based, one-stop site for truant students and their family members. The center provides assessable, blended and comprehensive services to meet their needs in a timely and effective manner. Its mission is to identify students who have exhibited truant tendencies, assess the causes and provide access to services for the identified students and their families. To meet this mission, the center provides health, education and human services programs, as well as support for families in need and assist their progress toward self-sufficiency.

For the Future

Student Based Budgeting

The School System implemented a new budgeting technique for 2014-2015, allowing Principals to have additional autonomy regarding the type and number of personnel at their locations. Principals' schools budgets were developed based on prior year average salaries for their locations. The amount of funding allocated included a scaled reduction based on free and reduced lunch percentages, which provided a more balanced budget for the School System and allocated more funding to the more needy schools. These allotments may need to be adjusted once actual October 1, 2014 enrollment figures have been determined and class sizes have stabilized.

Internal Control

Management of the School System is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the School System are protected from loss, theft, or misuse. Management also ensures that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the costs of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. The School System utilizes a fully automated accounting system as well as an automated system of control for fixed assets and payroll. It is believed that the School System's internal controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable, proper recording of financial transactions.

Single Audit

As a recipient of Federal and State financial assistance, the School System is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the internal audit staff of the School System. As a part of the School System's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to Federal financial assistance programs, and to determine that the School System has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the School System's Single Audit, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

Budgeting Controls and Policy

The School System maintains budgetary controls. The objective of this system control is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the School System's governing body. Activities of the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the individual fund level for all funds.

The School System also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Remaining encumbered amounts in the General Fund at yearend are re-appropriated as part of the next year's budget. The approved budget presents revenues by source and expenditures by function as defined by the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education's Bulletin #1929. The Superintendent is authorized to transfer amounts between line items in accordance with budget policy established by the School System's governing body. However, budget amendments are required when total revenues drop 5% or more below expectations, total expenditures exceed budget estimates by 5% or more, and when beginning fund balance is less than 5% or more of its projected amount. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for the General Fund and each Special Revenue Fund.

Capital Projects Funds

The Proposition 1 - Capital Projects Fund is funded by 51% of a one-cent sales tax in Proposition 1 for facilities and technology as approved by the voters in November 1998 as mentioned previously. The effective collection date for this proposition was July 1, 1999. The collection of this tax was for a five-year period and was for the purpose of funding repairs and renovations, enhancing technology, and constructing new schools and classrooms. On May 2, 2003, the voters approved the continuation of the Tax Plan for an additional five years, and on March 8, 2008 voters approved an additional continuation of the Tax Plan for ten years. Total sales tax revenues in Proposition 1 for the year ended June 30, 2014 amounted to \$39.5 million.

The Qualified School Construction Bond – Capital Projects Fund was established in 2009-2010. As a part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA), school boards were authorized to issue Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB). A direct allocation was made to the School System for the authority to issue \$21.4 million in QSCB bonds, which were issued in December 2009. An additional direct allocation was made to the School System for the authority to issue \$21.7 million in QSCB bonds, which were issued in August 2010. The bonds may be used for the construction, rehabilitation or repair of public school facilities and equipping of school facilities to be constructed.

Financial Policies

The School Board adopted a Fund Balance policy for the General Fund in 2009-2010. A fund balance goal of 15% of total revenues was established. The primary reasons for this policy is to provide adequate resources for: 1) Cash Flow; 2) Unforeseen Events; 3) Financial Security; 4) Daily Operations; and 5) Compliance. For the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014 the total General Fund balance was approximately \$77.6 million or 19.1% and \$83.4 million or 20.3% of total revenues, respectively.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The public accounting firm of Postlethwaite & Netterville, APAC was selected by the School System several years ago to perform its annual financial audit. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in State statutes, this audit was designed to comply with requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and related OMB Circular A-133. The auditors' reports on the basic financial statements are included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit, internal control, and compliance with laws and regulations are included in a separate report and are available for review at the School System.

AWARDS

Government Finance Officers Association

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the School System for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This was the twenty-eighth consecutive year that the School System has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the School System published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Management believes that the 2013-2014 CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program's requirements and will submit it to the GFOA for review in determining eligibility for another certificate.

Association of School Business Officials

The School System has received the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This was the twenty-eighth consecutive year that the School System has received this prestigious award. This award certifies that the CAFR, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, substantially conforms to the principles and standards of financial reporting as recommended and adopted by the ASBO International. The award is granted only after an intensive technical review of financial reports by an expert panel of certified public accountants and practicing school business officials has been made. The Certificate of Excellence is the highest form of recognition in school financial reporting issued by the ASBO International.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Management believes that the CAFR, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, which will be submitted to ASBO for review, also conforms to its principles and standards.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

It is desired that this report contains the necessary information and data that will provide a better understanding of the operations of the School System. It is further hoped that this report has been designed in such a manner as to be used as an administrative tool and general source of information to enhance the School System's accountability to the public.

The preparation of this report in a timely manner could not have been achieved without a dedicated and highly qualified staff. I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere appreciation to the entire Budget Management and Finance Department staff, whose extraordinary efforts and dedication contributed significantly in the timely, accurate preparation of this report. The professional, thorough, and timely manner in which our independent auditors, Postlethwaite & Netterville, conducted the audit is also appreciated. The Graphic Arts Department is to be commended on its creative input in the design and timely reproduction of this document. Additionally, members of the School Board are to be thanked for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the School System in a responsible and progressive manner.

Sincerely,

Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

East Baton Rouge Parish School System Louisiana

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO

Association of School Business Officials International

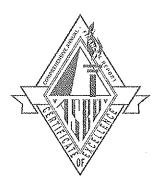


The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting Award is presented to

East Baton Rouge Parish School System

For Its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

The CAFR has been reviewed and met or exceeded ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence standards



Terrie S. Simmons, RSBA, CSBO

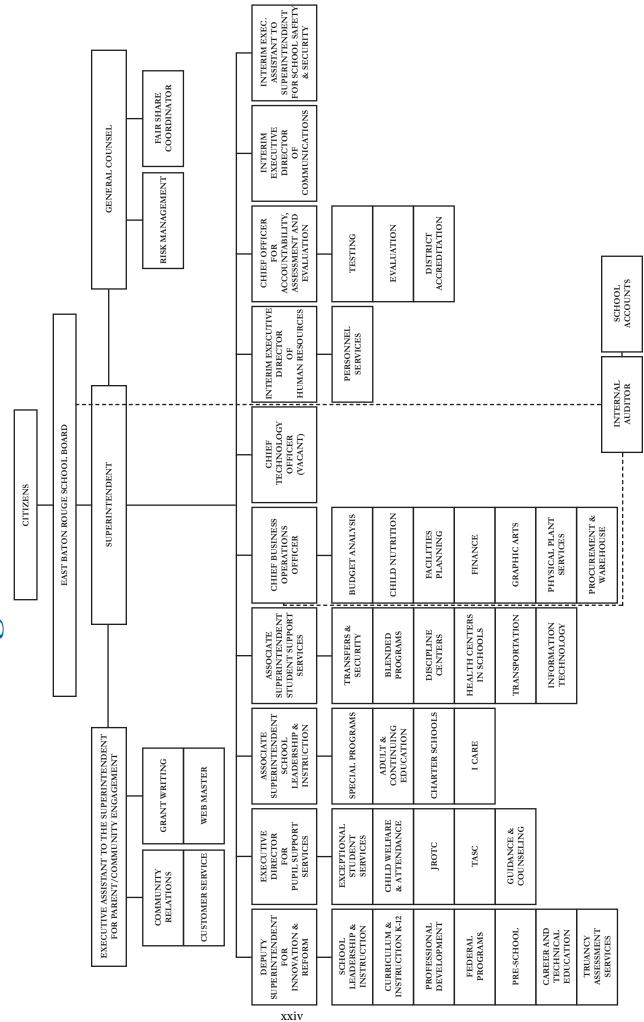
President

John D. Musso, CAE, RSBA Executive Director

John D. Musso

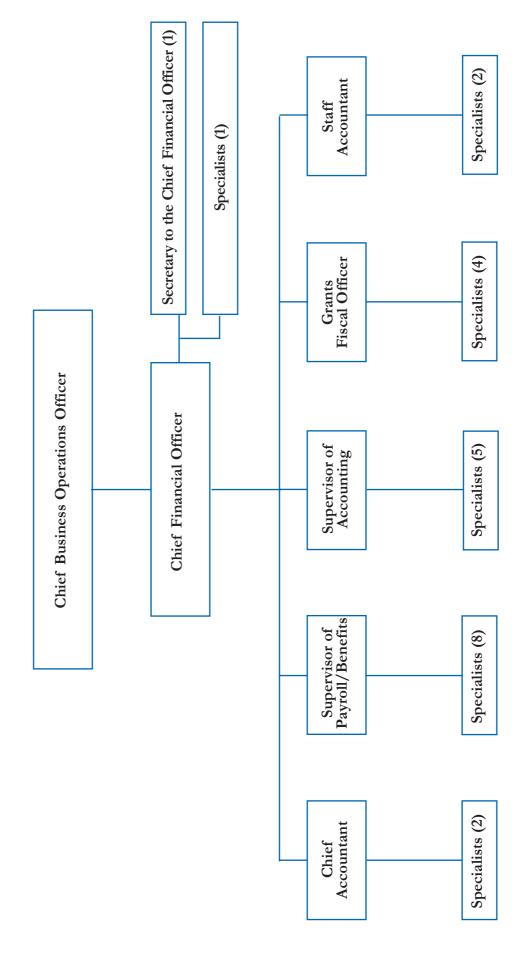
xxiii

East Baton Rouge Parish School System Organizational Chart



"This chart represents a broad overview of duties and responsibilities and is not meant to be all inclusive."

East Baton Rouge Parish School System Finance Department Chart



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



FINANCIAL SECTION



A Professional Accounting Corporation
Associated Offices in Principal Cities of the United States
www.pncpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The East Baton Rouge Parish School System

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Baton Rouge Parish School System (School System) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School System's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Baton Rouge Parish School System as of June 30, 2014 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and the schedule of funding progress for other post-employment benefit plans on pages xxix through xlv and pages 40 through 47, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the East Baton Rouge Parish School System's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information consisting of the introductory section, budgetary comparison schedules, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, capital assets schedules and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules and capital asset schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

The statement of net position as of June 30, 2013 is shown on page 1 for comparative purposes. This statement was included as part of the School System's June 30, 2013 basic financial statements which were audited by us and upon which we issued our unqualified opinion in our report dated December 11, 2013.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2014 on our consideration of the East Baton Rouge Parish School System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grants, agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana November 20, 2014



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Required Supplemental Information $Part\ I$



Required Supplemental Information

East Baton Rouge Parish School System Baton Rouge, Louisiana

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the East Baton Rouge Parish School System's (School System) financial performance provides an overall review, objective and easily readable analysis of the School System's financial activities for the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2014. The intent of the MD&A is to look at the School System's overall financial performance as a whole and to assist readers in assessing the financial position as a result of the year's operations in comparison to the prior year. Therefore, readers should read the MD&A in conjunction with the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report's (CAFR) Letters of Transmittal (page viii) of the Introductory Section, the School System's Financial Statements (Financial Section, page 1), and the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total assets of the School System exceeded total liabilities at June 30, 2014 by \$257.3 million (net position). The unrestricted portion of net position was \$(162.4) million.
- Net position increased \$14.7 million as of June 30, 2014. Net position investment in capital assets increased by \$9.7 million resulting from the ongoing construction projects. The third phase of the one-cent sales tax, which was renewed by the voters in March 2008, continued with numerous construction projects in progress and the duration of the phase was increased from 5 to 10 years. Construction projects underway include major renovations, classroom additions, classroom renovations, and technology projects for the 2013-2014 fiscal year. School construction for the new Progress Elementary School was completed and ready for students, faculty, and staff in August 2013. School construction for the new Lee High School continues and is scheduled to open August 2016. School boards were authorized to issue Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB) that funded various construction projects as a part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA), which were all completed by June 30, 2014. Restricted net position increased by a net amount of \$2.0 million primarily from an increase in restricted net position for capital improvements at \$2.5 million as well as an increase in restricted net position for state grant programs at \$0.2 million. The increase in restricted net position for capital improvements is mainly attributable to the Proposition 1 - Capital Projects Fund and QSCB - Capital Projects Fund numerous ongoing construction projects mentioned above. The decreases in restricted net position for discipline and compensation are attributable to Propositions 2 - Discipline Fund and Proposition 3 - Compensation Fund School Board approved expenditures. Unrestricted net position increased from the previous year by \$3.0 million mainly as a result of better than expected operating results.
- As the School System completed the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2014, its major funds reported fund balances of \$136.5 million as compared to \$128.4 million as of June 30, 2013. The fund balances include the General Fund at \$83.4 million, Propositions 1, 2, and 3 at \$33.5 million, \$1.3 million and \$11.6 million, respectively, as of June 30, 2014. The Child Nutrition Fund reported a fund balance as of June 30, 2014 of \$6.7 million, while the fund balance for the Qualified School Construction Bond (QSCB) Capital Projects Fund was completely depleted.

East Baton Rouge Parish School System Baton Rouge, Louisiana

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014

- At the close of the current fiscal year, the General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$83.4 million, an increase of \$5.9 million when compared to the prior year. Revenues increased \$5.0 million when compared to the prior year. Ad valorem tax revenue increased \$6.5 million over last year with a 2013 assessment roll increase of approximately 3.6% and an overall collection rate of 99.8%. This increase reflects the growth in both commercial and residential properties for the parish. Sales tax collections increased as compared to prior year's collections by \$1.2 million. Sales and use tax collection increases are welcomed, but it is not known how long the growth will continue. Unrestricted grants-in-aid funding reflect a net decrease of \$3.1 million when compared to the prior year, which included a decrease of \$4.6 million in the State Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) funding. General Fund expenditures increased by \$15.7 million from the prior year. School Board approved cost reductions assisted to offset increases in charter schools, retirement costs, contributions to active and retired employee health plans, utility costs, transportation, and the six (6) newly established Superintendent Academies. The unassigned fund balance of \$44.9 million is approximately 11.0% of actual expenditures.
- Non-major fund balances were \$3.6 million for the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2014 as compared to \$10.1 million as of June 30, 2013. The decrease in fund balance is mainly a result of the purchase of textbooks and supplies for Common Core implementation, which was funded from the Textbook/Digital Media Support Fund.
- The Internal Service Funds ended the year with a net position deficit at June 30, 2014 of \$236.4 million. The Worker's Compensation and Risk Management Funds net position balances were \$2.7 million and \$12.6 million, respectively. The Medical Insurance Fund net position deficit was \$251.6 million.

USING THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The School System's basic financial statements consist of the government-wide financial statements, the fund financial statements, the associated notes to those statements, capital asset schedules, statistical schedules, and the required supplemental information of the MD&A and budgetary comparison schedules of the major funds. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the operations of the School System as a financial whole, i.e., an entire operating entity, its funds, and its fiduciary responsibilities. The government-wide financial statements, consisting of the Comparative Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (pages 1-2), provide highly consolidated financial information and render a government-wide perspective of the School System's financial position and results of operations for the year. The Fund Financial Statements (pages 3-4, 6-9) provide the next level of detail and look at the School System's most significant funds and a total of all other non-major funds.

Reporting the School System as a Whole

Comparative Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present an aggregate view of the School System's finances and a long-term view of those finances. These statements seek to answer the question, "How did the School System as a whole do financially during the 2013-2014 fiscal year?" These statements include *all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities* using the *accrual basis* of accounting used by most private-sector enterprises. The *accrual basis* takes into account all of the School System's current year revenues when earned and expenses when incurred regardless of when they are received or paid.

These two statements report the School System's net position and changes in net position. By showing the change in net position for the year, the reader may ascertain whether the School System's financial condition has improved or deteriorated. The causes of the change may be the result of many factors, both financial and non-financial in nature. Non-financial factors which may have an impact on the School System's financial condition include the School System's property and sales tax base, student enrollment, facility conditions, required educational programs for which little or no funding is provided or other external factors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position for 2014 and 2013:

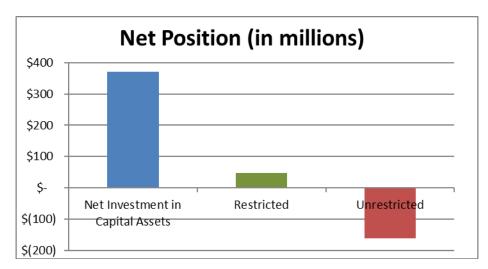
Table I

Comparative Statement of Net Position Years-ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013 (In millions)

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>		icrease ecrease)
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Current & Other Assets	\$ 267.8	\$ 257.3	\$	10.5
Capital Assets	 405.2	 397.8		7.4
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 673.0	\$ 655.1	\$	17.9
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current Liabilities	\$ 45.0	\$ 43.1	\$	1.9
Long-Term Liabilities	 370.6	 369.3		1.3
Total Liabilities	\$ 415.6	\$ 412.4	\$	3.2
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>				
Resources Received Before Time Requirements	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.1	\$	<u>-</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.1	\$	-
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 371.5	\$ 361.8	\$	9.7
Restricted	48.2	46.2		2.0
Unrestricted	 (162.4)	 (165.4)	-	3.0
Total Net Position	\$ 257.3	\$ 242.6	\$	14.7

For more detailed information refer to page 1

The following table reflects an overview of Net Position for the year-ended June 30, 2014:



For more detailed information refer to page 1.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by a net amount of \$17.9 million from the previous fiscal year with a \$7.4 million increase in the area of capital assets. Capital assets increased as a result of major renovations, classroom additions, classroom renovations, and technology projects for the 2013-2014 fiscal year. School construction for the new Progress Elementary School continued and was ready for students, faculty, and staff in August 2013. School construction for the new Lee High School continues, which is scheduled to open August 2016. Current and other assets increased by \$10.5 million primarily from an \$8.7 million increase in cash and cash equivalents, which is mainly a result of favorable operating results in the General Fund and the Child Nutrition Fund. Receivables increased by a net amount of \$2.0 million, which is primarily attributable to a \$2.0 million increase in the sales tax receivable. Ad valorem tax receivable increased by \$0.5 million, while accounts receivable decreased by \$0.5 million. Due from governments increased slightly due to an outstanding Medicaid reimbursement claim offset by reduced outstanding grant reimbursement claims.

Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased by a net amount of \$3.2 million from the previous fiscal year. Long term liabilities increases were mainly due to Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which establishes accounting standards for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). The standards require accrual based accounting for the OPEB obligation rather than the pay-as-you-go method, which resulted in a net OPEB obligation of \$317.3 million for the year. As a result of debt service payments, a decrease of \$2.8 million in the long-term obligation of the Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB) debt as well as \$0.2 million in the Qualified Zone Academy Bond (QZAB) debt reduced long-term liabilities. Additionally, the long-term obligation of Compensated Absences increased by \$0.4 million. Current liabilities increased by a net amount of \$1.9 million. An increase of \$3.9 million in accounts, salaries and other payables is primarily attributable to a \$5.0 million increase in Other Non-major Governmental Funds due to Common Core implementation funded from the Textbook/Digital Media Support Fund as well as a \$1.3 million increase in the General Fund due to ordinary fluctuation in payable processing. A decrease of \$2.6 million in the Proposition I - Capital Projects Fund was due to ongoing construction projects. The Title I Fund had decreased payables of \$0.3 million and the Child Nutrition Fund had increased payables of \$0.2 million due to ordinary fluctuations in payable processing. Other current liabilities increased by a net amount of \$2.2 million primarily as a result of the following fluctuations. There was a \$0.6 million decrease in deferred financial commitment, which leaves a \$0.4 million balance representing the unamortized portion of the financial commitment with Aramark. In March 2004, the School System entered into a partnership with Aramark to privatize its maintenance, grounds, and janitorial functions. This partnership included a financial commitment from Aramark of an amount up to \$5,000,000 to support the labor conversion and maintenance and operations of facilities. The School System agreed to invest these funds in costs associated with the labor conversion and/or the maintenance and operation of the facilities. The financial commitment shall be amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of ten (10) years, which concluded June 30, 2014. An additional \$0.8 million was provided by Aramark to renew the contract from March 1, 2014 through February 29, 2016, which will also be amortized on a straight-line basis over this renewal period. The current portion of claims payable decreased \$2.3 million, which was a result of ordinary fluctuations in claims processing. This consisted of deceases of \$2.4 million in the Medical Insurance Fund and \$0.1 million in the Risk Management Fund as well as an increase of \$0.2 million in the Workers Compensation Fund. Fiduciary fund current liabilities increased \$0.8 million due to payments of payroll withholdings payable at year-end and the timing of the related payrolls.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014

Net position increased \$14.7 million as of June 30, 2014. Net position investment in capital assets increased by \$9.7 million resulting from the ongoing construction projects. The third phase of the one-cent sales tax, which was renewed by the voters in March 2008, continued with numerous construction projects in progress and the duration of the phase was increased from 5 to 10 years. Restricted net position increased by a net amount of \$2.0 million primarily from an increase in restricted net position for capital improvements at \$2.5 million as well as an increase in restricted net position for state grant programs at \$0.2 million. The increase in restricted net position for capital improvements is mainly attributable to the Proposition 1 - Capital Projects Fund and QSCB - Capital Projects Fund numerous ongoing construction projects mentioned above. The decreases in restricted net position for discipline and compensation are attributable to Propositions 2 - Discipline Fund and Proposition 3 - Compensation Fund School Board approved expenditures. Unrestricted net position increased from the previous year by \$3.0 million mainly as a result of better than expected operating results.

Governmental Activities

The Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position presented in Table II reflects the cost of the School System's governmental activities for the year-ended June 30, 2014 of \$558.5 million, which is a 5.0% increase from the prior year. This statement portrays the activity in a traditional revenue over expense format and the numbers are derived from those presented in the Statement of Activities on page 2. The Statement of Activities shows the detailed cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, and contributions offsetting some of the costs of those program expenses. Operating grants and contributions totaling \$79.3 million subsidized certain programs of the School System. The Title I Program is the largest federally funded program with \$24.6 million in federal revenue compared to Child Nutrition with \$21.6 million. Approximately 84% of the students are eligible for free or reduced meal prices. In addition, Charges for Services - such as fees from other governmental agencies, schools systems, and students, for transportation services, school lunches, extended day tuition, and summer school tuition totaling \$3.2 million - subsidized certain programs of the School System.

The increase of \$7.0 million in operating grants and contributions is primarily attributable to increased grant award allocations for Title I, Special Education, Race to the Top, and Promote Excellence and Knowledge grants. Additionally, there were new grant awards from 21st Century and Striving Readers. The remaining program expenses were funded by the taxpayers in East Baton Rouge Parish through ad-valorem and sales and use taxes totaling \$312.9 million and unrestricted intergovernmental revenues totaling \$4.1 million. The Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) from the State of Louisiana funded \$166.9 million, interest and investment earnings funded \$0.9 million, E-Rate, Medicaid reimbursement and other general revenues contributed \$5.9 million. Ad valorem taxes increased by approximately \$6.6 million or 4.7%, which reflects growth in both commercial and residential properties for the parish. Sales tax collections increased as compared to prior year's collections by \$1.2 million or 0.7%, due to a slight increase in economic activity. State revenue sources from unrestricted grants-in-aid, MFP, reflect a net decrease of \$3.1 million. This decrease is mainly a result of a \$4.5 million decrease in levels 1 and 2 of the State MFP formula, a \$1.8 million decrease in level 3 of the MFP formula primarily from phase out of hold harmless funding, a decrease of \$0.2 million for Type 2 charter school funding, and an increase of \$0.9 million for the Recovery School District (RSD). Additionally, MFP funding for mid-year adjustments for students and audit adjustments increased funding by a net amount of \$1.0 million as compared to the prior year. Earnings on investments decreased \$0.1 million from the prior year, mainly associated with lower investment rates. Miscellaneous revenue decreased by approximately \$1.0 million, which mainly represents decreases in E-Rate and Medicaid reimbursements.

Several factors contributed to the increase in the cost of services by \$26.7 million from the previous year. Total instructional expenses increased by \$10.6 million in 2013-2014, while total support service and appropriations expenses increased by \$16.1 million. Instructional and support service expense increases were largely attributable to; 1) GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions"; 2) Increased health costs; 3) Increased grant expenses; 4) Increased retirement costs; and 5) Charter school expansion.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014

The key elements of the increase of the School System's Net Position for the year-ended June 30, 2014 with comparative figures from 2013 are as follows:

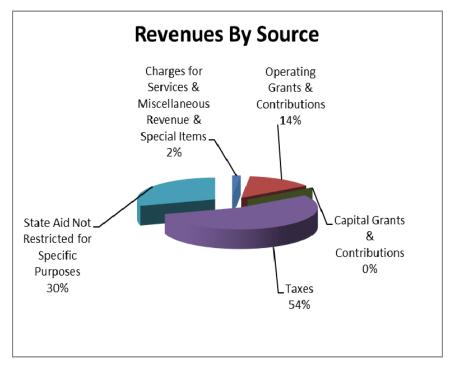
Table II

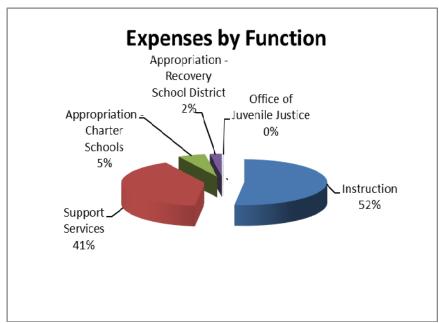
Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position Years-ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013

	(In	millions)			Increase		
Revenue	2	<u>014</u>	2	<u>2013</u> (Dec			
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	3.2	\$	3.4	\$	(0.2)	
Operating grants and contributions		79.3		72.3		7.0	
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		-	
General revenues:							
Ad-Valorem taxes		147.3		140.7		6.6	
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues		4.1		4.1		-	
Sales and use taxes		165.6		164.4		1.2	
State aid not restricted (MFP)		166.9		170.0		(3.1)	
Interest and investment earnings		0.9		1.0		(0.1)	
Miscellaneous		5.9		6.9		(1.0)	
Total revenues	\$	573.2	\$	562.8	\$	10.4	
Expenses							
Instruction:							
Regular education programs	\$	173.8	\$	166.8	\$	7.0	
Special education programs		57.5		57.3		0.2	
Other education programs		52.1		48.7		3.4	
Support Services:							
Pupil support services		37.7		37.5		0.2	
Instructional staff services		31.2		28.8		2.4	
General administration services		12.1		11.6		0.5	
School administration services		23.8		22.7		1.1	
Business and central services		13.3		13.2		0.1	
Plant operating and maintenance		44.6		45.5		(0.9)	
Transportation		33.5		32.7		0.8	
Child nutrition		25.2		25.1		0.1	
Debt service - interest and bank charges		0.4		0.3		0.1	
Community service		-		-		-	
Facility and Acquisition		4.1		0.2		3.9	
Appropriations:						-	
Charter Schools - Type 1		23.3		20.3		3.0	
Charter Schools - Type 2		6.9		2.4		4.5	
Office of Juvenile Justice		0.2		0.2		-	
Magnet Programs		5.9		5.1		0.8	
Recovery School District		12.9	-	13.4		(0.5)	
Total expenses	\$	558.5	\$	531.8	\$	26.7	
Increase (Decrease) in net position	\$	14.7	\$	31.0	\$	(16.3)	
Net Position - beginning		242.6		211.6		31.0	
Net Position - ending For more detailed information refer to page 2.	\$	257.3	\$	242.6	\$	14.7	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014

The following reflects revenue and expense components in proportion to the respective totals included in the Statement of Activities:





For more detailed information refer to page 2.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014

Reporting the School System's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School System's major funds begins on page 3. Fund Financial Statements provide more in-depth reporting of the School System's financial position and the results of operations. Fund basis financial information is presented in the "Fund Financial Statements" Section. The School System uses many funds to account for the numerous funding sources provided annually. However, the Fund Financial Statements look at the School System's most significant funds with all non-major funds presented in total in one column. These statements report governmental activities on a more current basis rather than a long-term basis, indicating sources and uses of funding, and resources available for spending in future periods.

Fund Financial Statements provide more in-depth data on the School System's most significant funds, such as its General Fund, Title I Fund, Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB) – Capital Projects Fund, Tax Proposition 1 - Capital Projects Fund, Proposition 2 - Discipline Fund, Proposition 3 - Compensation Fund, and the Child Nutrition Fund. These funds are considered "major funds" under GASB Statement No. 34.

Governmental Funds – Most of the School System's activities are reported in governmental funds, which generally focus on how money flows in and out of those funds, the balances that are left at year-end, and the amount available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

The relationship between governmental activities reported in the Basic Financial Statements and the governmental funds reported in the Fund Financial Statements are reconciled to provide a more comprehensive picture of the School System's financial position.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting which is the same basis used by the private sector. Proprietary funds attempt to recover costs through charges to the user. The School System uses the Internal Services Funds (proprietary funds) to account for activities for workers' compensation, risk management, and medical insurance.

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – This statement presents financial information relative to assets held by the School System on behalf of students (student activity funds), employees (deferred pay), and others (payroll deductions).

THE SCHOOL SYSTEM'S FUNDS

The School System uses funds to control and permit measurement in the short-term of revenues and expenditures of a particular activity or purpose (e.g., dedicated taxes and grant programs). The Fund Financial Statements allow the School System to demonstrate its stewardship over and accountability for resources provided by taxpayers and other entities. These statements also allow the reader to obtain more insight into the financial management of the School System and assess further the School System's overall financial stability.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014

The fund balances for all major and non-major funds for the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2014 are as follows:

- As the School System completed the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2014, its major funds reported fund balances of \$136.5 million as compared to \$128.4 million as of June 30, 2013. The fund balances include the General Fund at \$83.4 million, Propositions 1, 2, and 3 at \$33.5 million, \$1.3 million and \$11.6 million, respectively, as of June 30, 2014. The Child Nutrition Fund reported a fund balance as of June 30, 2014 of \$6.7 million, while the fund balance for the Qualified School Construction Bond (QSCB) - Capital Projects Fund was completely depleted. The fund balance for the Proposition 1 - Capital Projects Fund increased by \$2.9 million when compared to the prior year, which is primarily a result of the completion of major construction projects such as the construction of Progress Elementary School. The fund balance for the Child Nutrition Fund increased by \$0.5 million, which is a result of better than expected operating results. The fund balance for the QSCB - Capital Projects Fund decreased by \$0.5 million and was completely depleted, which is attributable to the completion of all construction projects. A direct allocation was made to the School System for the authority to issue \$21.4 million in QSCB's that were issued in December 2009 and another \$21.7 million issued in August 2010. The fund balance for the Proposition 3 -Compensation Fund and Proposition 2 – Discipline Fund decreased by \$0.1 million and \$0.7 million, respectively. These decreases are primarily attributable to School Board approved expenditures. The Title I Fund expenditures increased \$0.4 million as compared to the prior year, which is primarily attributable to increases in employee benefit costs.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$83.4 million, an increase of \$5.9 million when compared to the prior year. The increase in fund balance is attributable to revenues surpassing expenditures. Revenues increased \$5.0 million when compared to the prior year. Ad valorem tax revenue increased \$6.5 million over last year with a 2013 assessment roll increase of approximately 3.6% and an overall collection rate of 99.8%. This increase reflects the growth in both commercial and residential properties for the parish. Sales tax collections increased as compared to prior year's collections by \$1.2 million. Sales and use tax collection increases are welcomed, but it is not known how long the growth will continue. Unrestricted grants-in-aid funding reflect a net decrease of \$3.1 million when compared to the prior year, which included a decrease of \$4.6 million in the State Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) funding. General Fund expenditures increased by \$15.7 million from the prior year. School Board approved cost reductions assisted to offset increases in charter schools, retirement costs, contributions to active and retired employee health plans, utility costs, transportation, and the six (6) newly established Superintendent Academies. The unassigned fund balance of \$44.9 million is approximately 11.0% of actual expenditures. This fund balance will be necessary to support increased retirement costs, health care premiums, and other unforeseen emergencies.
- Non-major fund balances were \$3.6 million for the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2014 as compared to \$10.1 million as of June 30, 2013. The decrease in fund balance is mainly a result of the purchase of textbooks and supplies for Common Core implementation, which was funded from the Textbook/Digital Media Support Fund.
- The Internal Service Funds ended the year with a net position deficit at June 30, 2014 of \$236.4 million. The Worker's Compensation and Risk Management Funds net position balances were \$2.7 million and \$12.6 million, respectively. The Medical Insurance Fund net position deficit was \$251.6 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School System's budget is prepared according to Louisiana law. During the course of the year, the School System revises its budget to take into consideration significant changes in revenues or expenditures. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1311 requires a budget amendment if either expected revenues are less or anticipated expenditures are in excess of budgetary goals by five percent (5%) or more. The original budget for the School System was adopted on August 1, 2013 and the final revised budget was adopted on June 19, 2014. A statement showing the School System's original and final budget compared with actual operating results is provided in this CAFR beginning on page 42. Tables III and IV reflect a condensed comparative analysis of the General Fund's revenues and expenditures at June 30, 2014. The School System's year-end actual results were improved when compared to the budget, as conservative budgetary practices are customary. Revenues are forecasted conservatively and expenditures are budgeted in anticipation of all possible costs and projects.

Revenues increased in the final revised budget as compared to the original budget by \$2.9 million and expenditures decreased by \$9.2 million. The final revised budget included an increase of approximately 0.4% or \$0.5 million in ad valorem taxes. The 2013 assessment roll increased 3.6%. This increase reflects the growth in both commercial and residential properties for the parish. An increase of approximately 3.9% or \$3.4 million was included for sales tax collections, which reflects a sizable growth in collections.

Unrestricted grants-in-aid funding decreased by approximately \$0.7 million. State Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) funding decreased by \$0.7 million which is mainly a result of the \$0.6 million decrease for mid-year adjustments for students, a \$0.3 million increase for the eight (8) District schools that remain under the jurisdiction of the Recovery School District, and a \$0.4 million decrease charter schools – type 2. Restricted grants-in-aid decreased \$0.1 million for adjustments in Professional Improvement Plan (PIP) receipts for the phase out of this program.

Significant expenditure increases in the final revised budget as compared to the original budget were mainly in the areas of regular education programs and transportation at \$0.8 million and \$1.1 million, respectively. Regular education program expenditures increased as a result of increased student enrollment and the associated required staffing. Transportation expenditures increased primarily as a result of the roll forward of prior year encumbrances for bus purchases.

Significant expenditure decreases in the final revised budget as compared to the original budget were mainly in special education programs and charters schools – type 1 at \$3.7 million and \$4.7 million, respectively. Special education program expenditures decreased as a result of the decline in requested services and the associated required staffing. Charter schools – type 1 expenditures decreased as a result of a lower than anticipated actual student enrollment.

The General Fund's actual revenues exceeded projections by \$1.0 million and increased \$5.0 million when compared to the prior year. Ad valorem tax revenue increased \$6.5 million over last year with a 2013 assessment roll increase of approximately 3.6% and an overall collection rate of 99.8%. Actual collections exceeded projections by \$1.3 million or 1.0%. This increase reflects the growth in both commercial and residential properties for the parish. The total millage levied by the School System is 43.45 mills, which generates approximately \$3.3 million per mill. Sales tax collections increased as compared to prior year's collections by \$1.2 million or 1.4% and fell below projections by \$1.0 million or 1.0%. Sales and use tax collection increases are welcomed, but it is not known how long the growth will continue. Earnings on investments remained unchanged from the prior year. Other local revenue decreased by a net amount of approximately \$1.2 million when compared to the prior year, which mainly represents reductions in E-Rate and Medicaid reimbursements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014

Unrestricted grants-in-aid funding decreased by approximately \$3.1 million when compared to the prior year. State Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) funding decreased by \$4.6 million. This decrease is mainly a result of a \$4.5 million decrease in levels 1 and 2 of the State MFP formula, a \$1.8 million decrease in level 3 of the MFP formula primarily from phase out of hold harmless funding, a decrease of \$0.2 million for Type 2 charter school funding, and an increase of \$0.9 million for the Recovery School District (RSD). Additionally, MFP funding for mid-year adjustments for students and audit adjustments increased funding by a net amount of \$1.0 million as compared to the prior year. Actual October 1, 2013 student enrollment approved for the purpose of funding by the State was 40,241 students as compared to October 1, 2012 enrollment of 41,292 or 51 students less than the prior year. During the 2013 Regular Session, the legislature and the governor agreed to a budget that provided an allocation of \$69 million for Louisiana public schools, which is roughly equivalent to a 2.75% increase in MFP funding. This funding was provided outside the MFP as part of House Bill 1, the general appropriations bill. The law requires that 50% of these funds be used to provide either a pay raise or one-time supplement to certified classroom teachers. The School System received approximately \$3.0 million, which is equally split between unrestricted and restricted grants-in-aid therefore unrestricted grants-in-aid funding increased \$1.5 million.

Restricted grants-in-aid increased by a net of \$1.4 million. The aforementioned House Bill 1 funding increased restricted grants-in-aid \$1.5 million and Professional Improvement Plan (PIP) receipts decreased \$0.1 million for the phase out of this program.

General Fund expenditures increased by \$15.7 million from the prior year. Total actual expenditures fell below final projections by \$12.8 million, with \$3.5 million, \$2.2 million, \$1.6 million, \$1.5 million, and \$1.2 million of this amount in other education, business and central services, instructional staff services, regular education, and pupil support services, respectively. However, encumbrances outstanding at year end totaled \$1.9 million primarily in these areas that will be liquidated in the subsequent fiscal year.

The Public Retirement System's Actuarial Committee established an employer contribution rate of 27.2 % for the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL) for fiscal year 2013-2014, compared to 24.5 % in 2012-2013. The same committee recommended that the employer contribution rate for the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) be set at 32.3% for fiscal year 2013-2014, which was previously set at 30.8 % for fiscal year 2012-2013. These significant increases have had an adverse financial impact to the School System.

Health Insurance Benefits have been under constant review. Medical and pharmacy cost trends for the School System's self-insured health plan for active and retired employees and their dependents continue to increase by approximately 8% annually. As a result, staff is constantly reviewing the School System's health plan for cost avoidance and cost reduction measures. Effective for 2014 calendar year, the Medicare eligible retirees will be managed by a Medicare Advantage Program.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014

Actual expenditures exceeded prior year expenditures in instruction by \$1.4 million. Regular education programs and special education programs were below the prior year by \$1.0 million and \$0.5 million, respectively. School Board approved cost reductions assisted to offset increases in retirement costs, as well as, contributions to active and retired employee health plans. Other education program expenditures increased by \$2.9 million primarily as a result of the six (6) newly established Superintendent Academies, which offers alternative education opportunities for eligible students.

Support service expenditures exceeded the prior year by \$6.5 million. Transportation, plant operations and maintenance, and school administration expenditures increased by \$3.6 million, \$2.4 million, and \$0.9 million, respectively. The increase in transportation cost is largely attributable to the purchase of school buses as well as additional bus drivers necessary to transport students for the various instructional programs offered by the School System. The increase in plant operations and maintenance is mainly a result of increased utility costs for electricity and natural gas. There was a greater increase in electric fuel adjustment costs of 6% and higher natural gas usage from a colder than expected winter. The increase in school administration is a result of additional assistant principals to support instructional programs for the School System. Pupil support services decreased by \$1.0 million mainly as a result of fewer counselors needed to support guidance services for the School System.

The appropriation – charter schools type 1expenditures increased by \$2.9 million as compared to the prior year. This increase is largely attributable to the School Board approved increase of 100 students for The Career Academy, 95 students for the Inspire Charter Academy, and 60 for Thrive Charter School. Type 1 charter schools operate under the jurisdiction of the local School Board.

The appropriation – charter schools type 2 expenditures increased by \$4.6 million. The Louisiana Key Academy was established to serve students with dyslexia. The new school has an approved enrollment of 186 students the first year, gradually increasing to 412 students by the fourth year and plans to serve students from East Baton Rouge, West Baton Rouge, Livingston, Ascension, West Feliciana, and Pointe Coupee. The Baton Rouge Charter Academy was established with an approved enrollment of 543 students the first year, gradually increasing to 837 students by the fourth year and plans to serve students from all districts. This new school will be operated by Charter Schools USA, which already operates two charter schools in Lake Charles. This increase is attributable to the transfer of sales and use tax and ad valorem tax revenues for enrollment increases at these schools. Type 2 charter schools are created by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education and operate under its jurisdiction.

The spendable fund balance assigns \$6.3 million for the Medical Insurance Fund, \$4.0 million for the Risk Management Fund, \$5.0 million for much needed additional school bus purchases to update an aging fleet, \$6.4 million for special facility projects, \$6.0 million for current operations, \$10.3 million for debt service payments, and \$0.6 million for Magnet Programs. The unassigned fund balance of \$44.9 million represents approximately 11.0% of actual expenditures. This fund balance will be necessary to support increased retirement costs, health care premiums, and other unforeseen emergencies.

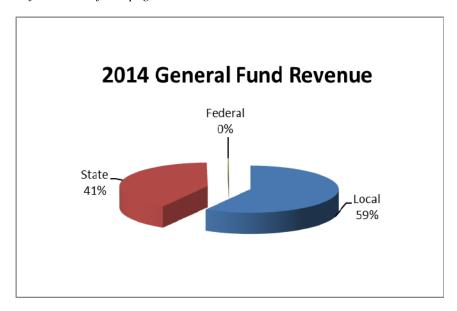
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014

Table III

General Fund Revenue Years-ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013 (In Millions)

GENERAL FUND REVENUE	<u>2014</u>	2013	Increase (Decrease)	
Local Revenue				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 144.9	\$ 138.4	\$ 6.5	
Sales and Use Taxes	88.1	86.9	1.2	
Earnings on Investments	0.7	0.7	-	
Extended Day Program Tuition	0.8	0.7	0.1	
Other	 5.9	 7.1	 (1.2)	
Total Local Revenue	\$ 240.4	\$ 233.8	\$ 6.6	
State Sources				
Unrestricted Grants-In-Aid	\$ 163.9	\$ 167.0	\$ (3.1)	
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues	4.1	4.1	-	
Restricted Grants-In-Aid	 2.1	 0.7	 1.4	
Total State Sources	\$ 170.1	\$ 171.8	\$ (1.7)	
Federal	\$ 0.8	\$ 0.7	\$ 0.1	
Total Revenues	\$ 411.3	\$ 406.3	\$ 5.0	

For more detailed information refer to page 42.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014

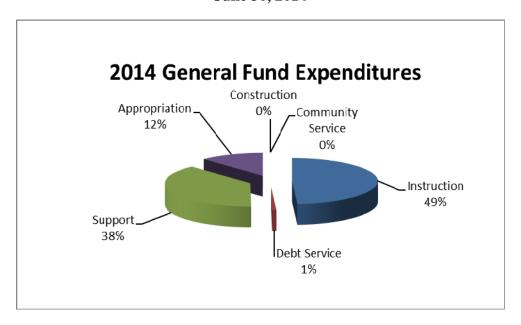
Table IV

General Fund Expenditures Years-ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013 (In Millions)

					Inc	(1.0) (0.5) 2.9			
GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES		<u>2014</u>	:	<u>2013</u>	(Decrease)				
Instruction									
Regular Education Programs	\$	128.5	\$	129.5	\$	(1.0)			
Special Education Programs		50.1		50.6		(0.5)			
Other Education Programs		21.2		18.3		2.9			
Total Instruction	\$	199.8	\$	198.4	\$	1.4			
Support									
Pupil Support Services	\$	26.9	\$	27.9	\$	(1.0)			
Instructional Staff Services		11.6		11.4		0.2			
General Administration Services		11.6		11.3		0.3			
School Administration Services		21.4		20.5		0.9			
Business and Central Services		11.2		11.1		0.1			
Plant Operations and Maintenance		41.2		38.8		2.4			
Transportation		31.5		27.9		3.6			
Total Support	\$	155.4	\$	148.9	\$	6.5			
<u>Appropriations</u>									
Charter Schools - Type 1	\$	22.9	\$	20.0	\$	2.9			
Charter Schools - Type 2		7.0		2.4		4.6			
Office of Juvenile Justice		0.2		0.2		-			
Magnet Programs		5.9		5.1		0.8			
Recovery School District		12.9	-	13.4		(0.5)			
Total Appropriations	\$	48.9	\$	41.1	\$	7.8			
Capital Outlay	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Community Service	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Debt Service									
Principal	\$	2.9	\$	2.9	\$	-			
Interest		0.3		0.3					
Total Debt Service	\$	3.2	\$	3.2	\$	-			
Total Expenditures	\$	407.3	\$	391.6	\$	15.7			

For more detailed information refer to page 42.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014



CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2014, the School System has approximately \$405.2 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture, vehicles, computers, and other equipment. This amount is net of accumulated depreciation to date. Increases during the year represent additional purchases and capital outlays for construction, while decreases represent retirements of assets and depreciation of depreciable assets for the year. Table V shows the net book value of capital assets at the end of the 2014 and 2013 fiscal years.

Table V Capital Assets at Years-ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013 (In Millions)

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	crease)
Land	\$ 10.0	\$ 10.0	\$ -
Buildings and improvements	369.4	347.9	21.5
Furniture and equipment	12.0	11.3	0.7
Construction in progress	 13.8	 28.6	 (14.8)
Totals	\$ 405.2	\$ 397.8	\$ 7.4

For more detailed information refer to page 25.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014

School construction for the new Progress Elementary School was ready for students, faculty, and staff in August 2013. School construction for the new Lee High School continues and is scheduled to open August 2016. In addition, other major construction projects, renovations, and classroom additions were completed during the year, while others were still in progress at June 30, 2014. Depreciation for the year-ended June 30, 2014 was \$21.4 million for buildings and improvements and \$3.6 million for furniture and equipment. Major construction and renovation projects will continue for the 2014-2015 fiscal year and will be funded with the Proposition 1 "pay-as-you go" sales tax initially approved by the voters in 1998 for a five-year period and renewed on May 2, 2003 for an additional five years and again on March 8, 2008 for an additional ten years.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2014, the School System had outstanding Qualified Zone Academy Bond (QZAB) notes payable of \$0.2 million that are scheduled for repayment by November 2016. As a part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA), school boards were authorized to issue Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB). A direct allocation was made to the School System for the authority to issue \$21.4 million in QSCBs that were issued in December 2009 and another \$21.7 million issued in August 2010. The QSCBs are scheduled for repayment in December 2025 with debt service payments of \$1.3 million and \$1.4 million due annually in December for both the 2009 QSCBs and the 2010 QSCBs, respectively. At June 30, 2014, the School System had outstanding \$16.1 million and \$17.3 million for the 2009 QSCBs and the 2010 QSCBs, respectively.

In accordance with LSA-R.S.39: 554 (D), the School System is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt in excess of 35 percent of the assessed value of the taxable property (including homestead exempt and nonexempt property) within the parish. At June 30, 2014, the statutory limit is \$1,296,327,169.

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", which establishes accounting standards for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). The standards require accrual based accounting for the OPEB obligation rather than the pay-as-you-go method previously reported, which resulted in a net OPEB obligation of \$317.3 million for the year. More detailed information is available on pages 27 through 31.

Other long-term obligations include accrued sick leave and annual leave. The balance at June 30, 2014 of both current and long-term obligations was \$18.0 million. More detailed information is available on pages 31 and 32.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The financial well being of the School System is tied in large measure to the State funding formula and the sales and property tax base, which represents the majority of general revenues. Actual ad valorem tax collections for the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2014 reflect an increase of 4.5% as a result of growth in the property assessment rolls. Sales tax collections increased by 0.7%, but it is not known how long the growth will continue. Actual State MFP revenues decreased by 2.8%, which is mainly a result of a \$4.5 million decrease in levels 1 and 2 of the State MFP formula, a \$1.8 million decrease in level 3 of the MFP formula primarily from phase out of hold harmless funding, a decrease of \$0.2 million for Type 2 charter school funding and an increase of \$0.9 million for the Recovery School District (RSD). Actual October 1, 2013 student enrollment approved for the purpose of funding by the State was 40,241 students as compared to October 1, 2012 enrollment of 41,292 or 51 students less than the prior year. The MFP base per pupil funding level has remained flat due the State budget woes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2014

The initial unassigned fund balance projected for the General Fund for the fiscal year-ending June 30, 2015 is \$15.8 million. The 2014-2015 budgeted expenditures are projected to increase by \$28.5 million as compared to prior year actual, which is largely attributable to increases in retirement costs, health costs, and additional charter schools.

The Teachers' Retirement System's rate increased from 27.2% to 28.0% effective July 1, 2014. The Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System provided notification that the employer contribution rate will increase from 32.8% to 33.0% for the 2014-2015 fiscal year. Increased retirement contribution rates effective July 1, 2014 will result in significantly higher contributions.

The recently reported October 1, 2014 student enrollment figure of 40,503 students (excludes pre-kindergarten) was 262 students more than the State MFP funded student count of 40,241 reported October 1, 2013. Kindergarten through twelfth grade enrollment is still subject to student audit adjustments and current special education counts and weight adjustments.

The actual unassigned fund balance of \$44.9 million for fiscal year-ended 2013-2014 will be necessary to support increased retirement costs, health care premiums, and other unforeseen emergencies. *The overall financial position of the School System has improved, as compared to the prior year.*

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL SYSTEM'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This CAFR is designed to provide full and complete disclosure of the financial condition and operations of the School System. However, citizen groups, taxpayers, parents, students, other parish officials, investors or creditors may need further detail. To obtain such details, please contact James P. Crochet, Chief Financial Officer, East Baton Rouge Parish School System, Post Office Box 2950, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, 70821. Feel free to also contact the Finance Department at (225) 922-5440 during regular office hours, Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Central Standard Time, or e-mail at jerochet@ebrschools.org.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Basic Financial Statements

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

<u>COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION</u> <u>JUNE 30, 2014 AND 2013</u>

ASSETS

		2014	2013					
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	229,982,857	\$	221,330,076				
Receivables								
Accounts		1,702,933		2,165,555				
Sales tax		23,181,211		21,212,107				
Ad valorem tax		1,750,980		1,263,001				
Due from governments		10,374,194		10,348,400				
Inventory		748,738		831,495				
Prepaid expenses		-		144,566				
Capital Assets								
Land and construction in progress		23,884,931		38,613,320				
Buildings and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation		381,324,574		359,189,645				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	672,950,418	\$	655,098,165				
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts, salaries and other payables	\$	16,833,435	\$	12,903,814				
Unearned revenues		489,100		500,754				
Financial commitment with maintenance company		402,098		976,690				
Due to external parties (fiduciary fund)		16,945,067		16,162,604				
Insurance claims payable								
Due within one year		8,017,598		10,333,193				
Due in more than one year		3,999,613		3,911,768				
Long-term liabilities								
Due within one year		2,317,904		2,384,840				
Due in more than one year		49,330,177		51,803,984				
Post-employment benefit obligation		317,325,106		313,562,030				
TOTAL LIABILITIES		415,660,098		412,539,677				
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	371,549,301	\$	361,809,173				
Restricted for								
Capital Improvements		33,468,990		31,003,545				
Compensation		11,612,538		11,694,981				
Discipline		1,307,134		1,983,370				
State grant programs		1,728,396		1,513,274				
Unrestricted		(162,376,039)		(165,445,855)				
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	257,290,320	\$	242,558,488				

Baton Rouge, Louisiana STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net (Expense)

	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Unit
Functions/Programs					
Instruction:					
Regular education programs	\$ 173,794,640	\$ -	\$ 7,478,321	\$ -	\$ (166,316,319)
Special education programs	57,490,323	-	1,925,514	-	(55,564,809)
Other education programs	52,078,224	913,741	24,847,413	-	(26,317,070)
Support Services:					
Pupil support services	37,637,652	-	5,278,429	-	(32,359,223)
Instructional staff services	31,236,178	-	16,820,171	-	(14,416,007)
General administration services	12,101,634	-	112,999	-	(11,988,635)
School administration services	23,779,907	-	417,336	-	(23,362,571)
Business and central services	13,317,741	-	193,312	-	(13,124,429)
Plant operations and maintenance	44,634,845	-	320,556	-	(44,314,289)
Transportation	33,446,284	495,273	345,531	-	(32,605,480)
Child nutrition	25,166,216	1,795,086	21,601,156	-	(1,769,974)
Interest on long term debt	436,995	-	-	-	(436,995)
Community service	12,350	-	-	-	(12,350)
Facility and acquisition	4,086,989				(4,086,989)
Appropriations:					
Charter schools - Type 1	23,267,445	-	-	-	(23,267,445)
Charter schools - Type 2	6,982,719	-	-	-	(6,982,719)
Office of Juvenile Justice	184,554	-	-	-	(184,554)
Magnet programs	5,905,611	-	-	-	(5,905,611)
Recovery School District	12,898,005				(12,898,005)
Total Governmental Activities	558,458,312	3,204,100	79,340,738		(475,913,474)
	General Revenues Taxes:				147.004.070
	Ad valorem taxes				147,294,070
	Sales and use taxe		······ (MED)		165,634,180
	State aid not restricte				166,898,493
	Unrestricted intergor		S		4,076,099
	Interest and investme	ent earnings			891,003
	Miscellaneous				5,851,461
		Total general reven	ues		490,645,306
	Change in Net Positi	ion			14,731,832
	Net Position - July 1	, 2013			242,558,488
	Net Position - June 3	30, 2014			\$ 257,290,320



Baton Rouge, Louisiana GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2014

		General		Title I		QSCB Capital Projects	P	roposition 1 Capital Projects
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	227,466,759	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Receivables:								
Accounts		894,972		2,646		-		-
Sales tax		12,616,540		-		-		5,427,188
Ad valorem tax		1,100,446		-		-		331,772
Due from other funds		-		-		-		33,655,999
Due from other governments		2,815,339		2,168,041		-		-
Inventory		119,607		-		-		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	245,013,663	\$	2,170,687	\$		\$	39,414,959
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	4,071,868	\$	296,415	\$	_	\$	5,945,969
Due to other funds	Ŧ	156,984,473	-	1,874,270	-	-	-	-
Deferred financial commitment with maintenance company		402,098		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		112,942		2		-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		161,571,381		2,170,687		-		5,945,969
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable								
Inventory		119,607		-		-		-
Restricted								
Special Revenue Fund		-		-		-		-
Capital Projects Fund		-		-		-		33,468,990
Child Nutrition		-		-		-		-
Assigned								
Coverage of medical claims		6,250,000		-		-		-
Coverage of risk management claims		4,000,000		-		-		-
Bus purchases		5,000,000		-		-		-
Facilities		6,350,000		-		-		-
Magnet programs		559,583		-		-		-
Current operations		6,000,000		-		-		-
Debt service payments		10,306,752		-		-		-
Special Revenue Fund		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		44,856,340		-		-		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		83,442,282		-		-		33,468,990
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$	245,013,663	\$	2,170,687	\$		\$	39,414,959

oposition 2 Discipline	Proposition 3 Compensation		Child Nutrition		Other Non-major overnmental		Total
\$ -	\$ -	\$	5,133	\$	\$ -		227,471,892
-	-		13,861		105,650		1,017,129
855,345	4,282,138		, <u>-</u>		, -		23,181,211
52,043	266,719		_		_		1,750,980
417,338	7,118,492		5,815,103		7,977,671		54,984,603
-	_		712,232		4,678,582		10,374,194
-	-		629,131		-		748,738
\$ 1,324,726	\$ 11,667,349	\$	7,175,460	\$	12,761,903	\$	319,528,747
\$ 17,592	\$ 54,811	\$	219,188	\$	5,276,324	\$	15,882,167
-	-		-		3,791,394		162,650,137
-	-		-		-		402,098
 	 		286,446		89,710		489,100
 17,592	 54,811		505,634		9,157,428		179,423,502
-	_		342,685		_		462,292
1,307,134	11,612,538		-		1,728,396		14,648,068
-	-		-		-		33,468,990
-	-		6,327,141		-		6,327,141
_	-		-		-		6,250,000
-	-		-		-		4,000,000
-	-		-		-		5,000,000
-	-		-		-		6,350,000
-	-		-		-		559,583
-	-		-		-		6,000,000
-	-		-		-		10,306,752
-	-		-		1,876,079		1,876,079
 	 						44,856,340
 1,307,134	 11,612,538		6,669,826		3,604,475		140,105,245
\$ 1,324,726	\$ 11,667,349	\$	7,175,460	\$	12,761,903	\$	319,528,747

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

$\frac{\text{RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET}}{\text{TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION}}$

JUNE 30, 2014

Total Fund Balances at June 30, 2014 - Governmental Funds		\$ 140,105,245
Cost of capital assets at June 30, 2014	\$ 653,647,178	
Less: Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2014:		
Buildings	(204,844,315)	
Movable property	 (43,593,358)	405,209,505
Consolidation of internal service funds		(236,376,349)
Elimination of interfund assets and liabilities		
Due from other funds	(145,705,070)	
Due to other funds	145,705,070	-
Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2014		
Compensated absences payable	(17,987,877)	
Note payable - QZAB	(245,457)	
Bonds payable - QSCB	 (33,414,747)	(51,648,081)
Total net position at June 30, 2014 - Governmental Activities		\$ 257,290,320



Baton Rouge, Louisiana GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	General	Title I	QSCB Capital Projects	Proposition 1 Capital Projects	Proposition 2 Discipline
REVENUES			Trojecto	Trojecto	Візсіріше
Local sources:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 144,909,806	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sales and use taxes	88,133,564	-	-	39,525,101	6,200,162
Earnings on investments	725,816	_	259	111,521	7,573
Extended day program tuition	789,790	_	-	-	_
Other	5,911,479	-	-	-	-
State sources:					
Unrestricted state sources - other	163,898,493	_	-	_	_
Intergovernmental revenues	4,076,099	_	-	_	_
Restricted grants-in-aid	2,050,703	_	-	_	_
Federal grants	789,434	24,631,273			
TOTAL REVENUES	411,285,184	24,631,273	259	39,636,622	6,207,735
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular education programs	128,467,847	-	-	-	-
Special education programs	50,115,050	-	-	-	-
Other education programs	21,161,380	13,129,724	-	-	4,208,014
Support:					
Pupil support services	26,923,738	1,330,537	-	-	1,782,909
Instructional staff services	11,618,118	7,231,225	-	-	82,341
General administration services	11,609,299	9,907	-	405,325	63,979
School administration services	21,399,400	166,808	-	-	376,726
Business and central services	11,181,785	23,919	-	1,071,629	-
Plant operations and maintenance	41,184,204	250,879	464,778	12,830,315	370,002
Transportation	31,521,512	89,875	-	-	-
Child nutrition	-	775	-	-	-
Appropriations:					
Charter Schools - Type 1	22,870,404	-	-	-	-
Charter Schools - Type 2	6,982,719	-	-	-	-
Office of Juvenile Justice	184,554	-	-	-	-
Magnet programs	5,905,611	-	-	-	-
Recovery School District	12,898,005	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	22,400,061	-
Community service	12,350	-	-	-	-
Debt service - Principal retirement	2,948,199	-	-	-	-
Debt service - Interest and bank charges	292,429	-	-	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	407,276,604	22,233,649	464,778	36,707,330	6,883,971
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	4,008,580	2,397,624	(464,519)	2,929,292	(676,236)

oposition 3 mpensation			Other Non-major Governmental	Total	
_	\$	- 5	5 2,384,264	\$ 147,294,	070
5,353		_	_	165,634,	
5,612		_	_	880,	
_		-	-	789,	
3,570	1,795	,086	614,804	8,334,	939
-	3,000	,000	-	166,898,	49:
-		-	-	4,076,0	09
-		-	5,014,540	7,065,	24
-	21,600	,297	25,254,541	72,275,	54
4,535	26,395	,383	33,268,149	573,249,	14
2,063		-	8,662,948	152,332,	85
5,534		-	2,128,580	57,919,	16
6,424		-	12,005,585	52,481,	12
5,800		-	4,422,892	37,695,	87
2,114		-	10,984,020	31,257,	81
1,759		-	-	12,480,	26
5,789		-	78,409	23,867,	13
9,402		-	144,795	13,121,	53
2,983		-	42,037	55,175,	19
5,110		-	315,158	33,431,	65
-	25,427	,118	-	25,427,	89
-	397	,041	-	23,267,	44
-		-	-	6,982,	71
-		-	-	184,	55
-		-	-	5,905,0	61
-		-	-	12,898,0	
-		-	-	22,400,0	06
-		-	-	12,7	
-		-	-	2,948,	
				292,	
6,978	25,824	,159	38,784,424	570,081,	89
2,443)	571.	,224	(5,516,275)	3,167,	24
				(continu	

Baton Rouge, Louisiana GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	General		Title I		QSCB Capital Projects		Proposition 1 Capital Projects		Proposition 2 Discipline	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	\$	4,403,202	\$	-	\$	672	\$	-	\$	-
Transfers out		(2,524,551)		(2,397,624)		-		-		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)		1,878,651		(2,397,624)		672		-	_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		5,887,231		-		(463,847)		2,929,292		(676,236)
Fund balances, June 30, 2013		77,555,051				463,847		30,539,698		1,983,370
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	83,442,282	\$		\$		\$	33,468,990	\$	1,307,134

	Other	
Child	Non-Major	
Nutrition	Governmental	Total
\$ 23,879	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 5,427,753
(48,432)	(1,957,146)	(6,927,753)
(24,553)	(957,146)	(1,500,000)
546,671	(6,473,421)	1,667,247
6,123,155	10,077,896	138,437,998
\$ 6,669,826	\$ 3,604,475	\$ 140,105,245 (concluded)
	\$ 23,879 (48,432) (24,553) 546,671 6,123,155	Child Nutrition Non-Major Governmental \$ 23,879 (48,432) \$ 1,000,000 (1,957,146) (24,553) (957,146) 546,671 (6,473,421) 6,123,155 10,077,896

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 1,667,247
Capital Assets:		
Capital outlay and other expenditures capitalized \$ 32,525	,723	
Depreciation expense for year ended June 30, 2014 (24,997)	,300)	7,528,423
Loss on disposition of capital assets		(52,713)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets in excess of net gain/loss recognized		(69,170)
Change in net position of internal service funds		3,261,868
Long Term Debt:		
Bond issue costs (144	,564)	
Principal portion of debt service payments 2,948	,199	
Excess of compensated absences earned over amounts used (407	,458)	2,396,177
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	=	\$ 14,731,832

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

PROPRIETARY FUNDS - INTERNAL SERVICE

BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2014

	Internal Service
	Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Current:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,510,965
Due from other funds	90,720,467
Reimbursements receivable	685,804
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 93,917,236
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	
Liabilities:	
Current:	
Accounts payable	\$ 951,268
Claims payable	8,017,598
Total current liabilities	8,968,866
Noncurrent:	
Claims payable	3,999,613
Net post-employment benefit obligation	317,325,106
Total noncurrent liabilities	321,324,719
TOTAL LIABILITIES	330,293,585
Net Position:	
Unrestricted	(236,376,349)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	
NET POSITION	\$ 93,917,236

Baton Rouge, Lousiana

PROPRIETARY FUNDS - INTERNAL SERVICE

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Internal Service Funds			
OPERATING REVENUES				
Premiums received	\$ 82,382,985			
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	82,382,985			
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Claims expense	72,543,808			
Insurance premiums	898,134			
Post-employment benefit obligation incurred				
in excess of payments	3,763,076			
Materials and supplies	1,347			
Administrative fees	3,424,974			
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	80,631,339			
NET OPERATING INCOME	1,751,646			
NON-OPERATING REVENUES				
Interest income	10,222			
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES	10,222			
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	1,761,868			
Transfers in	1,500,000			
Change in net position	3,261,868			
Net Position, at June 30, 2013	(239,638,217)			
NET POSITION, AT JUNE 30, 2014	\$ (236,376,349)			

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

PROPRIETARY FUNDS - INTERNAL SERVICE

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Inte	ernal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash premiums received	\$	83,226,515
Cash paid in claims and benefits		(75,669,692)
Cash paid for expenses		(3,111,867)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY		_
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		4,444,956
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Advances from other funds		1,491,142
Advances to other funds		(6,044,195)
NET CASH USED IN		
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(4,553,053)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Interest income		10,222
NET CASH PROVIDED BY		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	-	10,222
NET CHANGE IN CASH		(97,875)
Cash at beginning of year		2,608,840
Cash at end of year	\$	2,510,965
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash		
used in operating activities		
Operating income	\$	1,751,646
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Changes in:		
Reimbursement receivables		843,528
Accounts, claims payable and postemployment benefits payable		1,849,782
NET CASH PROVIDED BY		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	4,444,956

Baton Rouge, Louisiana FIDUCIARY FUNDS

$\underline{\textbf{STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES}}$

JUNE 30, 2014

	Agency Funds	
<u>ASSETS</u>		_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,534,131
Accounts receivable		160,007
Due from other funds		16,945,067
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	21,639,205
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Benefits payable	\$	5,896,705
Salaries payable		10,566,093
Payroll withholdings payable		298,925
Amounts held for other groups		4,877,482
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	21,639,205

EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH SCHOOL SYSTEM Baton Rouge, Louisiana

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

The East Baton Rouge Parish School System (the School System) is a corporate body created under Louisiana Revised Statutes 17:51. A board consisting of 11 members (the Board) elected from legally established districts is charged with the management and operation of the School System.

The School System is composed of a central office, 84 schools and several support facilities. Student enrollment as of October 1, 2013 was 40,241. The School System employs approximately 6,000 persons, approximately 3,500 of whom are directly involved in the instructional process. The remainder provides ancillary support such as general administration, repair and maintenance, bus transportation and food service. The regular school term normally begins during the first half of August and is completed by the end of May.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The School System's basic financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units and promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Both the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements follow the guidance included in GASB Statement No. 62 – Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained In Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion established by GASB for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary government unit's reporting entity for basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and either the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependant on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. The financial statements present the East Baton Rouge Parish School System (the primary government). Based on the aforementioned criteria, there are no component units included in the School System's reporting entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

The School System's *Basic Financial Statements* consist of the government-wide statements on all of the non-fiduciary activities and the fund financial statements (individual major funds and combined non-major funds). The statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities for all non-fiduciary activities. Interfund activity consists of interfund advances, transfers and charges from the internal service funds to the governmental funds. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from both the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Exceptions to the general rule are advances between fiduciary funds and the various functions of the School System and interfund services provided and used, which are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Charges from the internal service funds to the governmental funds are eliminated in consolidation. The government-wide presentation focuses primarily on the sustainability of the School System as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period.

EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH SCHOOL SYSTEM Baton Rouge, Louisiana

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u> (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (continued)

All programs of the School System are considered *Governmental Activities* which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived from parties outside the School System's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the School System's general revenues.

The School System reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense, which can be specifically identified by function, is included in the direct expenses of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The report includes all funds of the School System, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All Governmental Funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financial sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in current assets.

The funds of the School System are classified into three broad categories: Governmental, Proprietary and Fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types:

The School System reports the following governmental funds as major funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the School System. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Title I Fund - Title I includes programs in the areas of language development, reading, and math. These programs strive to meet the special needs of economically and educationally deprived children through federal funds for teachers, aides, instructional materials, equipment, and parental involvement.

EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH SCHOOL SYSTEM Baton Rouge, Louisiana

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u> (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Governmental Fund Types: (continued)

QSCB – Capital Projects Fund – The Qualified School Construction Bond (QSCB) Fund accounts for the bonds issued by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act, which was established to account for capital improvements including construction of new facilities.

Proposition 1 – Capital Projects Fund – The Proposition 1 Fund accounts for the proceeds of a \$0.51 cent sales tax approved as part of a plan to improve school facilities. The intent of the plan tax is to improve infrastructure in an effort to provide a "safe and dry" environment for the students, staff, and public in the school system.

Proposition 2 – Discipline Funds – The Proposition 2 Fund accounts for the proceeds of a \$0.08 cent sales tax approved as part of a plan to improve discipline in the schools. The intent of the plan is to remove disruptive and academically deficient students from the regular education classroom, reduce truancy, and provide more effective alternative education.

Proposition 3 – Compensation Fund – The Proposition 3 Fund accounts for the proceeds of a \$0.41 cent sales tax approved as part of a plan to improve compensation. The intent of the plan is to improve ability to recruit and retain certified and qualified teachers, assistant principals and principals; to have more productive support employees; and to have the ability to reward performance that meets and/or exceeds standards.

Child Nutrition Fund – The Child Nutrition Fund is used to account for the operations of the school food service program that operates during the regular school term and during the summer break. The majority of the child nutrition program is federally funded; state minimum foundation program (MFP) funding and local funding also support the program. The basic goals of the school food service program are to serve nutritionally adequate, attractive, and moderately priced meals, to help children grow socially and emotionally, to extend educational influences to the homes of school children, and to provide learning experiences that will improve children's eating habits with the ultimate goal of physically fit adults.

Proprietary Fund Type:

Internal Service Funds – Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Workers' Compensation Fund, the Risk Management Fund and the Medical Insurance Fund are reported as Internal Service Funds on a combined basis.

Fiduciary Fund Type:

Agency Funds – Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the School System as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governmental units. The School System employs two separate Agency Funds: one fund accounts for the transactions of the student activity accounts maintained at the schools, and another accounts for voluntary and mandatory payroll withholdings.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

C. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The GWFS were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability has been incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Sales taxes are recognized when the underlying sales transactions occur. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Proprietary Fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus (accrual basis). With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. The Proprietary Fund type's operating statement presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

Agency Funds have no measurement focus, but follow the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental Funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financial sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The following paragraphs describe the revenue recognition practices under the modified accrual basis of accounting:

Revenues

Governmental Fund revenues resulting from exchange transactions are recognized in the fiscal year in which the exchange takes place and meets the government's availability criteria (susceptible to accrual). Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Charges for services, fines and forfeits, and most governmental miscellaneous revenues, including investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available. The School System's definition of available means expected to be received within six months of the end of the fiscal year, except for property taxes, for which the period is sixty days of the end of the fiscal year.

Non-exchange transactions in which the School System received value without directly giving value in return, includes sales tax, property tax, grants, entitlements, and donations. Property taxes are considered measurable in the calendar year of the tax levy and are recognized as revenue if collected soon enough to meet the availability criteria. Sales taxes are considered measurable when the underlying transaction occurs and are recognized as revenue if collected soon enough to meet the availability criteria. Anticipated refunds of such taxes are recorded as fund liabilities and reductions of revenue when they are measurable and valid. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied subject to the availability criteria. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources can be used.

Internal Service Funds consist solely of those established to account for self-insurance programs. Premium revenues are considered operating revenues while all other revenues are non-operating.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

C. <u>Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus</u> (continued)

Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Costs of accumulated unpaid vacation, sick leave and other employee benefit amounts are reported in the period due and payable rather than the period earned by employees, and general long-term obligations principal and interest payments are recognized only when due.

D. Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. These outstanding encumbrances are added to the budget in the subsequent year and are reported as expenditures when incurred.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include interest-bearing demand deposits and short-term investments (usually time certificates of deposit with a maturity date within three (3) months of the date of acquisition).

State statutes authorize the School System to invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

The School System maintains three checking accounts, exclusive of the individual schools' bank accounts, with the School System's fiscal agent bank. These three accounts are the consolidated cash account and two interest bearing imprest accounts for disbursements of payrolls and disbursements to vendors.

Interest earned on investments is distributed to the individual funds based on the invested balance of the participating fund during the year.

F. <u>Inventory</u>

Government-Wide Level

Inventory is stated at average cost and consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The costs of inventory items are recognized as expenses when used.

Fund Level

Inventory of the general fund is stated at average cost and consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The costs of inventory items are recognized as expenditures when used. The reportable inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of total assets.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

F. <u>Inventory</u> (continued)

Fund Level (continued)

Inventory of the Child Nutrition Special Revenue Fund consists of food purchased by the School System and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) through the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry. Inventory items purchased are valued at average cost. Costs are recorded as expenditures at the time individual items are consumed (consumption method). Commodities are assigned values based on information provided by the USDA, also on average cost basis. The amount of commodity inventory is included in unearned revenue until consumed.

G. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Costs are recorded as expenditures at the time individual items are consumed (consumption method).

H. Capital Assets

All capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The School System maintains threshold levels for capitalizing capital assets as follows:

Movable capital assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more per unit.

All land and land improvements with a cost of \$25,000 or more.

Buildings and building improvements that extend the useful life of a building with a cost of \$25,000 or more.

Capital assets are recorded in the GWFS, but are not reported in the FFS. All capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public school purposes by the School System, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary from 5 to 20 years for machinery and equipment and 10 to 50 years for buildings and improvements.

I. Restricted Net Position

For the government-wide statement of net position, net positions are reported as restricted when constraints placed on assets use either:

Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grants, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments; or

Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

J. Fund Equity of Fund Financial Statements

Accounting standards require governmental fund balances to be reported in as many as five classifications as listed below:

<u>Non-spendable</u> – Represents amounts that are not expected to be converted to cash because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – Represents balances where constraints have been established by parties outside the School Board or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – Represents balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School Board's highest level of decision-making authority.

<u>Assigned</u> – Represents balances that are constrained by the School Board's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are not restricted nor committed. The procedure within the School System is for management to assign fund balance based on needs of the School System or approved budget line items.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Represents balances that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

When expenditures are incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the School Board reduces restricted amounts first, followed by unrestricted amounts. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, and unassigned amounts are available, the School Board reduces committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

K. <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

During the course of normal operations, the School System has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying fund financial statements generally reflect such transactions as transfers.

L. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Teachers and other school employees accrue from 10 to 12 days of sick leave per year depending upon the number of months worked. Sick leave may be accumulated without limitation. Upon employees' death or retirement, unused accumulated sick leave of up to 25 days is paid to employees or their heirs at the employees' current rate of pay. The accrual computation for earned sick leave is calculated on a 25-day maximum per employee. Sick leave is not payable upon discharge or termination (non-retirement). Upon retirement, accumulated sick leave may be used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service. Extended sick leave will be paid at 65% of salary with a maximum of 90 days allowed every six years for all employees.

All 12-month employees earn from 10 to 20 days of annual vacation leave per year depending on length of service with the School System. Such leave is credited on a pro rata basis at the end of each payroll reporting period and accumulates. A maximum of 400 hours of unused annual leave is carried over to future periods and may be paid to the employee upon termination of employment.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

L. <u>Compensated Absences</u> (continued)

All amounts reported are salary related, and include no fringe benefits since the amount of said benefits would be immaterial.

Sabbatical leave may be granted for medical/professional purposes. Any employee with a professional teaching certificate is entitled, subject to approval by the School System, to one (1) semester of sabbatical leave after three (3) years of continuous service, or two (2) semesters of sabbatical leave after six (6) or more years of continuous service. Continuous service must be as an employee of the School System. Sabbatical leave will be paid at 65% of salary. Sabbatical leave, which involves professional and cultural improvement, provides a continuing benefit to the employer and should not be accrued. Since sabbatical leave for medical purposes requires a doctor's certificate prior to being granted, it is similar to an extended sick leave benefit and should not be accrued as sabbatical leave benefits. Consequently, sabbatical leave benefits are recorded as current expenditures (in the FFS) in the period paid.

M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

N. Non-Operating and Operating Revenues – Proprietary Funds

Premium revenues, claims expenses and administrative costs customarily associated with self-insurance programs are accounted for as operating revenues and expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. Interest income and grant income are reported as non-operating revenues.

O. New Accounting Standards Adopted

The School System implemented GASB No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, effective fiscal year 2014. This standard provides guidance for reporting the financial statement elements of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows represent the consumption of the government's net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow represents the acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. The deferred financing costs are not material to the School System's financial statements; therefore, the amount was expensed in the current year versus restating prior year net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>

Under Louisiana R.S. 33:2955, as amended, the School System may invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, and other investments as provided in the statute.

Deposits at June 30, 2014 were as follows:

Major Governmental Funds:	
General Fund	\$ 227,466,759
Child Nutrition Fund	5,133
Subtotal – Major Governmental Funds	227,471,892
Fiduciary Fund Types:	
School Activity Fund	4,534,131
Proprietary Fund Types:	
Workers' Compensation Fund	2,510,933
Risk Management Fund	32
Subtotal – Proprietary Funds	2,510,965
TOTAL	\$ 234,516,988

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of financial institution failure, the School System's deposits may not be returned to them. To mitigate this risk, state law requires deposits to be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent financial institution. The School System had approximately \$246,000 in custodial credit risk related to deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance that were not collateralized by a pledge of securities as of June 30, 2014.

Securities that may be pledged as collateral consist of obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, obligations of the State of Louisiana and its municipalities and school districts.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The School Board's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Under Louisiana R.S. 33:2955, as amended, the School Board may invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposits, Louisiana Asset Management Pool (LAMP), and other investments as provided in the statute. The Board's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The School Board's investment policy does not limit the amount the School Board may invest in any one issuer.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. AD VALOREM TAXES

Ad valorem taxes were levied by the School System on May 16, 2013 for the calendar year 2013, based on the assessed valuation of property as of January 1 of the calendar year. The taxes become due on December 1 of each year, and become delinquent on December 31. However, before the taxes can be collected, the assessment list (tax roll) must be submitted to the Louisiana Tax Commission for approval. From the day the tax roll is filed in the parish Clerk of Court's Office, it shall act as a lien on each specific piece of real estate thereon assessed, which shall be subject to a legal mortgage after the 31st day of December of the current year for the payment of the tax due on it. The taxes are generally collected in December, January, and February of the fiscal year. A list of property on which taxes have not been paid is published in the official journal by the East Baton Rouge Parish Tax Collector Office, which is a division of the East Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff's Department. If taxes are not paid within the period stipulated in the public notice, the property is sold for taxes due at a tax sale, usually held prior to the end of the School System's fiscal year.

The following is a summary of authorized and levied ad valorem taxes:

	Authorized	Levied	
	Millage	Millage	Expires
Parishwide taxes:			
Constitutional tax	5.25	5.25	Not applicable
Special maintenance tax	1.04	1.04	2016
Special tax – additional aid to public schools	6.50	6.50	2023
Special tax – additional teachers	2.78	2.78	2024
Special tax – employee salaries and benefits	1.86	1.86	2024
Special tax – employee salaries and benefits	7.14	7.14	2018
Special tax – replacing reduced state and local receipts	4.98	4.98	2017
Special tax – employee salaries and benefits	5.99	5.99	2016
Special tax – employee salaries and benefits	7.19	7.19	2023
Special tax – support ADAPP	.72	.72	2016

Under the Louisiana Constitution, ad valorem taxes other than Constitutional and Bond taxes must be renewed by popular vote every ten (10) years.

All property taxes are recorded in the General and Alcohol and Drug Abuse Funds on the basis explained in Note 2C. Revenues in such funds are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Property taxes are considered measurable in the calendar year of the tax levy. Estimated uncollectible taxes are those taxes based on past experience which will not be collected in the subsequent year and are primarily due to subsequent adjustments to the tax roll. Available means due, or past due, and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The remaining property taxes receivable are considered available because they are substantially collected within 60 days subsequent to year end.

Historically, virtually all ad valorem taxes receivable were collected since they are secured by property; therefore, there is no allowance for uncollectible taxes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 10,039,830	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,039,830
Construction in progress	28,573,490	28,259,980	(42,988,369)	13,845,101
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	38,613,320	28,259,980	(42,988,369)	23,884,931
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	531,412,300	42,988,369	(158,429)	574,242,240
Machinery and equipment	52,599,194	4,265,743	(1,344,930)	55,520,007
Total capital assets, being depreciated	584,011,494	47,254,112	(1,503,359)	629,762,247
Total capital assets	622,624,814	75,514,092	(44,491,728)	653,647,178
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(183,513,949)	(21,431,074)	100,708	(204,844,315)
Machinery and equipment	(41,307,900)	(3,566,226)	1,280,768	(43,593,358)
Total accumulated depreciation	(224,821,849)	(24,997,300)	1,381,476	(248,437,673)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	359,189,645	22,256,812	(121,883)	381,324,574
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 397,802,965	\$ 50,516,792	\$ (43,110,252)	\$ 405,209,505

Net depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2014 was charged to the following governmental functions:

Regular education programs	\$ 21,640,556
Special education programs	74,067
Other educational programs	186,043
Support:	
Instructional staff services	23,327
Business and central services	324,811
Plant operations and maintenance	13,307
Transportation	2,377,830
Child nutrition	 357,359
	\$ 24,997,300

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

Plan Description – Substantially all School System employees participate in either the Teachers' Retirement System or the School Employees' Retirement System (the Systems), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement systems. Each system is administered and controlled at the State level by a separate board of trustees with contribution rates and benefit provisions approved by the Louisiana Legislature. Participation in the Teachers' Retirement System is divided into two plans: (1) the Teachers' Regular Plan and (2) the Teachers' Plan A. Five years of service credit is required to become vested for retirement benefits and five years to become vested for disability and survivor benefits under each plan.

Each of the Systems issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. These reports may be obtained by writing or calling:

Teachers' Retirement System - 8401 United Plaza Blvd.

P. O. Box 94123

Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9123

(225) 925-6446

School Employees' Retirement System - 8660 United Plaza Blvd.

Baton Rouge, LA 70804

(225) 925-6484

Funding Policy – Contributions to the plans are required and determined by State statute (which may be amended) and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The contribution rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2014, for the School System and covered employees were as follows:

	School System	<u>Employees</u>
Teachers' Retirement System:	•	
Regular Plan	27.2%	8.00%
Plan A	32.6%	9.10%
School Employees' Retirement System	32.3%	7.50%*

^{* 8.0%} for Plan members with service dates after July 1, 2010.

As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the School System's contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year.

The contributions made to the Systems for the past three fiscal years, which equaled the required contributions for each of these years, were as follows:

	2014	2013	2012
Teachers' Retirement System:			
Regular Plan	\$61,553,101	\$54,360,246	\$56,429,729
Plan A	96,694	127,879	124,211
School Employees' Retirement System	4,171,524	3,818,880	3,796,344

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The School System's medical benefits are provided to employees upon actual retirement. Most employees are covered by the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL), whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 30 years of service at any age; age 55 and 25 years of service; or, age 65 and 20 years of service. All but a few of the remainder of the employees are covered by the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSER) whose retirement (D.R.O.P. entry) eligibility provisions are the same as TRSL except that they are also eligible to retire at age 60 and 10 years of service.

Life insurance coverage is available to retirees in the same amount as before retirement up to a maximum of \$25,000. The employer pays the cost of the retiree life insurance based on the blended rate. Since GASB 45 requires the use of "unblended" rates, we have used the 94GAR mortality table described above to "unblend" the rates so as to reproduce the composite blended rate overall as the rate structure to calculate the actuarial valuation results for life insurance. All of the assumptions used for the valuation of the medical benefits have been used except for the trend assumption; zero trend was used for life insurance.

Contribution Rates

Employees do not contribute to their post employment benefits costs until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. The plan provisions and contribution rates are contained in the official plan documents.

Funding Policy

Until 2008, the School System recognized the cost of providing post-employment medical and life insurance benefits (the School System's portion of the retiree medical and life insurance benefit premiums) as an expense when the benefit premiums were due and thus financed the cost of the post-employment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The number of participants currently eligible to receive benefits is 10,865. In 2014 and 2013, the School System's portion of health care and life insurance funded cost for retired employees totaled \$26,862,519 and \$24,872,703, respectively.

Effective July 1, 2008, the East Baton Rouge Parish School System implemented GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB 45). This funded amount was applied toward the Net OPEB Benefit Obligation as shown in table on the following page.

Annual Required Contribution

The School System's Annual Required Contribution (ARC) is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB 45. The ARC is the sum of the Normal Cost plus the contribution to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL). A level dollar, open amortization period of 30 years (the maximum amortization period allowed by GASB 43/45) has been used for the post-employment benefits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

The following table shows the components of the School System's ARC for the year beginning July 1, 2013:

Normal cost	\$ 7,514,119
30-year UAAL amortization	 28,702,318
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 36,216,437

Net Post-employment Benefit Obligation (Asset)

The table below shows the School System's Net Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) Obligation for fiscal years ending June 30, 2014:

Beginning Net OPEB obligation	\$ 313,562,030
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	36,216,437 12,542,481 (
Annual OPEB cost Contribution to Irrevocable Trust	30,625,595
Current year retiree premium Change in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation – end of year	(26,862,519) 3,763,076 \$ 317,325,106

The following table shows the School System's annual post employment benefits (PEB) cost, percentage of the cost contributed, and the net unfunded post employment benefits (OPEB) obligation for last year and this year:

		Percentage of				
	Fiscal Year	Annual	Annual OPEB	Net OPEB		
Ending (OPEB Cost	Costs Contributed	Obligation		
	6/30/2014 \$	30,625,595	87.71%	317,325,106		
	6/30/2013 \$	29,311,805	84.86%	313,562,030		

Funding Status and Funding Progress

In 2014 and 2013, the School System made no contributions to its post employment benefits plan. The plan is not funded, has no assets, and hence has a funded ratio of zero. Based on the July 1, 2012 actuarial valuation, the most recent valuation, the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) at the end of the year June 30, 2014 was \$496,304,570 which is defined as that portion, as determined by a particular actuarial cost method (the School System uses the Projected Unit Credit Cost Method), of the actuarial present value of post employment plan benefits and expenses which is not provided by normal cost.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. **OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)** (continued)

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (AVP) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	2014 \$ 496,304,570 - \$ 496,304,570	2013 \$ 477,215,933 - \$ 477,215,933
Funded Ratio (AVP/AAL)	0.00%	0.00%
Covered Payroll (active plan members) UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 261,210,323 190.00%	259,147,389 184.15%

Actuarial methods and assumptions

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. The actuarial valuation for post employment benefits includes estimates and assumptions regarding (1) turnover rate; (2) retirement rate; (3) health care cost trend rate; (4) mortality rate; (5) discount rate (investment return assumption); and (6) the period to which the costs apply (past, current, or future years of service by employees). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The actuarial calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the School System and its employee plan members) at the time of the valuation and on the pattern of sharing costs between the School System and its plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the School System and plan members in the future. Consistent with the long-term perspective of actuarial calculations, the actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

Actuarial Cost Method

The ARC is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Cost Method. The employer portion of the cost for retiree medical care in each future year is determined by projecting the current cost levels using the healthcare cost trend rate and discounting this projected amount to the valuation date using the other described pertinent actuarial assumptions, including the investment return assumption (discount rate), mortality and turnover.

Actuarial Value of Plan Assets

There are not any plan assets. It is anticipated that in future valuations, should funding take place, a smoothed market value consistent with Actuarial Standards Board ASOP 6, as provided in paragraph number 125 of GASB Statement 45.

Turnover Rate

An age-related turnover scale based on actual experience has been used. The rates, when applied to the active employee census, produce a composite average annual turnover of approximately 7%.

Post employment Benefit Plan Eligibility Requirements

It is assumed that entitlement to benefits will commence four years after earliest eligibility to enter the D.R.O.P. (three years in the D.R.O.P. plus one additional year) as described on the first page of this letter under the heading "Plan Description". Medical benefits are provided to employees upon actual retirement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. **OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)** (continued)

Investment Return Assumption (Discount Rate)

GASB Statement 45 states that the investment return assumption should be the estimated long-term investment yield on the investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits (that is, for a plan which is funded). Based on the assumption that the ARC will not be funded, a 4% annual investment return has been used in this valuation.

Health Care Cost Trend Rate

The expected rate of increase in medical cost is based on a graded schedule beginning with 8% annually, down to an ultimate annual rate of 5.0% for ten years out and later.

Mortality Rate

The 1994 Group Annuity Reserving (94GAR) table, projected to 2002, based on a fixed blend of 50% of the unloaded male mortality rates and 50% of the unloaded female mortality rates, is used. This is a recently published mortality table which has been used in determining the value of accrued benefits in defined benefit pension plans. Projected future mortality improvement has not been used since it is our opinion that this table contains sufficiently conservative margin for the population involved in this valuation.

Method of Determining Value of Benefits

The "value of benefits" has been assumed to be the portion of the premium after retirement date expected to be paid by the employer for each retiree and has been used as the basis for calculating the actuarial present value of OPEB benefits to be paid. The rates provided are "unblended" rates for active and retired as required by GASB 45 for valuation purposes. Effective January 1, 2014, a Medicare Advantage program has been adopted. The employer contribution for retirees and spouses after Medicare eligibility at age 65 is limited to the premium in that program, currently \$204.46 for single coverage and \$408.92 for retiree/spouse coverage.

Inflation Rate

Included in both the Investment Return Assumption and the Healthcare Cost Trend rates above is an implicit inflation assumption of 2.50% annually.

Projected Salary Increases

This assumption is not applicable since neither the benefit structure nor the valuation methodology involves salary.

Post-retirement Benefit Increases

The plan benefit provisions in effect for retirees as of the valuation date have been used and it has been assumed for valuation purposes that there will not be any changes in the future.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Below is a summary of OPEB cost and contributions for the last three fiscal calendar years.

OPEB Costs and Contributions

	FY 2012		FY 2013		FY 2014
OPEB Cost	\$ 112,958,334	\$	29,311,805	\$	30,625,595
Contribution	-		-		-
Retiree premium	32,527,388		24,872,703		26,862,519
Total contribution and premium	32,527,388		24,872,703	- ' -	26,862,519
Change in net OPEB obligation	\$ 80,430,946	\$	4,439,102	\$	3,763,076
		•		•	
% of contribution to cost	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
% of contribution plus premium to cost	28.80%		84.86%		87.71%

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of the changes in general long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2014:

		Qualified	Net	Qualified	
		Zone	Postemployment	School Construction	
	Compensated	Academy	Benefits	Bonds	
	Absences	Bonds	Obligation	2009 Series 2010 Series	Total
Balance at July 1, 2013 Additions	\$ 17,580,419 7,983,989	\$ 409,093	\$ 313,562,030 3,763,076	\$ 17,414,312 \$ 18,785,000	\$ 367,750,854 11,747,065
Deductions	(7,576,531)	(163,636)	5,705,070	(1,339,565) (1,445,000)	(10,524,732)
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$ 17,987,877	\$ 245,457	\$ 317,325,106	\$ 16,074,747 \$ 17,340,000	\$ 368,973,187

The following is a summary of the current (due in one year or less) and the long-term (due in more than one year) portions of long-term obligations as of June 30, 2014:

		Qualified	Net	Qualified	
		Zone	Postemployment	School Construction	
	Compensated	Academy	Benefits	Bonds	
	Absences	Bonds	Obligation	2009 Series 2010 Series	Total
Current	\$ 2,154,267	\$ 163,637	\$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ 2,317,904
Long-Term	15,833,610	81,820	317,325,106	16,074,747 17,340,000	366,655,283
Total	\$ 17,987,877	\$ 245,457	\$ 317,325,106	\$ 16,074,747 \$ 17,340,000	\$ 368,973,187

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. **LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS** (continued)

The majority of the compensated absence liability is liquidated through the General Fund, Title I, Child Nutrition and Proposition 3 funds, as these funds expend a majority of the payroll. The outstanding bonds payable and the OPEB will be liquidated mostly through the General Fund as current yearly amounts come due.

For the purpose of renovations, the School System issued \$2,250,000 of interest free notes payable through the federally sponsored Qualified Zone Academy Bond Program during the year ended June 30, 2002. Principal payments in the amount of \$40,909 are scheduled quarterly over a 15 year period ending November 1, 2016.

For the purpose of construction, rehabilitation, and renovations, the School System issued \$21,675,000 and \$21,433,000 of bonds payable through the federally sponsored Qualified School Construction Bond Program during the year ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption prior to maturity, including interest accrued to the redemption date on an annual basis.

The bond issues outstanding at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Bond Issue	Original Issue	Interest Rates	Final Due Date	Interest to Maturity	Principal Outstanding
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds, Series 2001, dated December 1, 2001	\$ 2,250,000	N/A	Nov. 1, 2016	\$ -	\$ 245,457
Qualified School Construction Bonds, Series 2009 dated December 17, 2009	21,433,000	1.00	Dec. 1, 2025	2,464,795	16,074,747
Qualified School Construction Bonds, Series 2010 dated August 1, 2010	21,675,000	0.75	Dec.16, 2025	1,876,242	17,340,000
	\$ 45,358,000			<u>\$ 4,341,037</u>	\$ 33,660,204

Principal and interest payments are due as:

Years Ending

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 163,637	\$ 376,893	\$ 540,530
2016	81,820	376,893	458,713
2017	-	376,893	376,893
2018	-	376,893	376,893
2019	-	376,893	376,893
2020-2024	-	1,884,463	1,884,463
2025-2029	33,414,747	572,109	33,986,856
	•		
Total	\$ 33,660,204	\$ 4,341,037	\$ 38,001,241

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. **LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS** (continued)

In accordance with LSA-R.S. 39:562(L), the School System is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt in excess of 35 percent of the assessed value of taxable property (including homestead exempt and nonexempt property) within the parish. At June 30, 2014, the statutory limit is \$1,296,327,169.

9. <u>UNEARNED REVENUES</u>

Unearned revenues at June 30, 2014 were as follows:

	Tax	Valorem ses Paid in Protest	_Co	USDA ommodities	Mis	scellaneous Other		Total
Major Governmental Funds:								
General Fund	\$	112,942	\$	-	\$	-	\$	112,942
Title I		-		-		2		2
Child Nutrition				286,446				286,446
Subtotal – Major Governmental Funds		112,942		286,446		2		399,390
Non-major Governmental Funds:								
Local Grants		-		-		17,456		17,456
Race to the Top		-		-		1		1
Diplomas Now		-		-		29,852		29,852
Alcohol and Drug Abuse		-		-		1,900		1,900
State Programs		-		-		1		1
Summer Program				<u> </u>		40,500		40,500
Subtotal – Non-major Governmental Funds		<u> </u>		-	_	89,710	_	89,710
Total	\$	112,942	\$	286,446	\$	89,712	\$	489,100

Under a revised state law, ad valorem tax collectors are required to remit all taxes collected in protest to the taxing authority. If a protest is settled in favor of the taxpayer, the funds must be refunded to the taxpayer. The School System defers all such collections until final settlement in favor of the School System occurs.

USDA commodities represent commodities received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Recognition is unearned until the commodities are used.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2014, were as follows:

				Tı	ansfer fro	m:		
	Ge	eneral			Child	N	Ion-major	
	F	Fund	Title I	N	lutrition	Go	vernmental	Total
Transfers to:								
General Fund	\$	-	\$ 2,397,624	\$	48,432	\$	1,957,146	\$ 4,403,202
QSCB Capital Projects		672	-		-		-	672
Child Nutrition Fund		23,879	-		-		-	23,879
Non-major								
Governmental Funds	1,	000,000	-		-		-	1,000,000
Proprietary Funds	1,	500,000	 		-			 1,500,000
Total	\$ 2,	524,551	\$ 2,397,624	\$	48,432	\$	1,957,146	\$ 6,927,753

The purposes of interfund transfers generally are: (1) to transfer indirect cost reimbursements to the general fund from the special revenue funds, and (2) to transfer supplemental local funds for program operations from the general fund to other programs. The balance of \$1,500,000 transferred to the proprietary funds was due to the operating deficit in the Workers' Compensation Fund during the year; the \$1,500,000 is not scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. DUE TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS

The School System's consolidated cash account holds the cash of all funds. As a result, negative cash balances occur in certain funds and are in essence "financed" by the General Fund. Positive book cash balances are displayed on the Governmental Funds balance sheet as "Due from other funds," while negative cash balances are included in "Due to other Funds" on the Governmental Funds balance sheet. Individual balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2014, which represent short-term loans, are as follows:

	Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds
Major Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ -	\$ (156,984,473)
Title I Fund	22 655 000	(1,874,270)
Proposition 1 Capitol Projects Fund	33,655,999	-
Proposition 2 Discipline Fund	417,338	-
Proposition 3 Compensation Fund	7,118,492	-
Child Nutrition Fund	5,815,103 47,006,932	(158,858,743)
Subtotal – Major Governmental Funds	47,006,932	(158,858,745)
Non-Major Governmental Funds:		
21st Century	-	(186,052)
Title II	-	(267,696)
Title III	-	(42,503)
Title X	-	(62,880)
Special Education (Exceptional Education Program)	-	(1,275,075)
Alcohol and Drug Abuse	1,373,848	-
Career and Technical Education	-	(166,681)
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (Early Childhood)	-	(375,265)
State Grants	-	(435,940)
Continuing Education	-	(104,654)
Local Grants	96,536	=
Childcare Assistance	184	-
Diplomas Now	-	(12,617)
Safe and Supportive Schools	-	(91,249)
Race to the Top	-	(22,714)
HEAP	-	(54,534)
Promote Excellence and Knowledge	-	(529,231)
Positive Behavorial Intervention and Support	-	(60)
Striving Readers	-	(164,243)
Summer School	123,590	-
Textbooks / Digital Media Support	6,264,074	-
WBRH Radio Station Training Program	119,439	(2.701.204)
Subtotal – Non-Major Governmental Funds	7,977,671	(3,791,394)
Fiduciary Fund Types:		
Consolidated Payroll	16,945,067	-
Proprietary Fund Types:		
Workers' Compensation Fund	4,580,953	-
Medical Insurance Fund	71,229,449	-
Risk Management	14,910,065	
TOTAL	\$ 162,650,137	\$ (162,650,137)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. <u>LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES</u>

The School System is a defendant in several workers' compensation, personal injury and certain personnel action lawsuits. Management and legal counsel for the School System believe that the potential claims against the School System not covered by insurance would not materially affect the System's financial position. In the normal course of operations, the School System receives grant funds from various Federal and State agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants.

13. COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2014, the School System had construction commitments of approximately \$59.5 million. The majority of these commitments will ultimately be paid out of the Proposition 1 Capital Projects Fund.

In March 2004, the School System privatized its maintenance and janitorial functions. The School System entered into a management services agreement with a privately owned company to assume maintenance services for the School System's facilities. The management services agreement includes a financial commitment from the company of \$5,000,000, which is to be used by the School System to cover certain maintenance costs. This commitment amount has been received by the School System and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of ten years, which concluded at June 30, 2014. Upon termination of the management services agreement by either party, for any reason, the School System must reimburse the company for the unamortized portion of the financial commitment. An additional \$750,000 was provided by Aramark to renew the contract from March 1, 2014 through February 29, 2016, which will also be amortized on a straight-line basis over this renewal period. As of June 30, 2014, the unamortized portion of the financial commitment was approximately \$402,000 and is recorded as a deferred financial commitment in the School System's basic financial statements.

14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The School System is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; workers' compensation and health insurance for its employees. The School System uses excess insurance to reduce its exposure to large losses on insured events. The School System does not report risks covered by excess insurance as liabilities unless it is probable that those risks will not be covered by excess insurance carriers. Settlements did not exceed excess insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. Additionally, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage for any of the categories of risk.

The School System has established the following internal service funds to account for and finance these uninsured risks of loss:

a. <u>Workers' Compensation Fund</u>

The Workers' Compensation Fund accounts for the School System's workers' compensation claims. The workers' compensation limit for each accident is the statutory amount. The School System's self-insured retention is \$750,000 per accident.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14. **RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

b. Risk Management Fund

The Risk Management Fund accounts for the School System's property, general liability and automobile liability. The School System has self-insured retention of \$250,000 per property occurrence and self-insured retention of \$500,000 per general liability and automobile occurrence. Currently, the maximum cumulative amount of self-retention which could be paid by the School System in any one year is unlimited. The School System has purchased commercial insurance for claims in excess of the self-insured retention levels from commercial insurance carriers with a \$1,000,000 per occurrence limit.

c. Medical Insurance Fund

The Medical Insurance Fund accounts for the School System's group health insurance program for its active and retired employees.

A reconciliation of the unpaid claims liabilities as of June 30 follows:

		201	4	
_	Workers'	Risk	Medical	
	Compensation	Management	Insurance	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Unpaid claims as of July 1, 2013 Current year claims incurred and	\$ 3,953,418	\$ 2,569,892	\$ 7,721,651	\$ 14,244,961
changes in estimates	3,823,735	1,960,969	67,657,238	73,441,942
Claims paid	(3,392,945)	(2,209,294)	(70,067,453)	(75,669,692)
	430,790	(248,325)	(2,410,215)	(2,227,750)
Unpaid claims as of June 30, 2014	\$ 4,384,208	\$ 2,321,567	\$ 5,311,436	\$ 12,017,211
_		201		
_	Workers'	Risk	Medical	
	Compensation	Management	Insurance	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Unpaid claims as of July 1, 2012 Current year claims incurred and	\$ 2,888,781	\$ 2,742,631	\$ 6,564,017	\$ 12,195,429
changes in estimates	4,231,981	1,692,403	72,961,933	78,886,317
Claims paid	(3,167,344)	(1,865,142)	(71,804,299)	(76,836,785)
•	1,064,637	(172,739)	1,157,634	2,049,532
Unpaid claims as of June 30, 2013	\$ 3,953,418	\$ 2,569,892	\$ 7,721,651	\$ 14,244,961

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14. **RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

The above unpaid claims as of June 30 include amounts for claims incurred but not yet reported, as determined from actual claims paid subsequent to year-end as well as an estimate based upon historical lag trends.

The following is a summary of the current (due in one year or less) and the long-term (due in more than one year) portions of the unpaid claims liabilities:

	Workers'	Risk	Medical	
	Compensation	Management	Insurance	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
June 30, 2014				
Current	\$ 2,018,138	\$ 688,024	\$ 5,311,436	\$ 8,017,598
Long - Term	2,366,070	1,633,543		3,999,613
Total	\$ 4,384,208	\$ 2,321,567	\$ 5,311,436	\$ 12,017,211
	Workers'	Risk	Medical	
	Compensation	Management	Insurance	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
June 30, 2013				
Current	\$ 1,851,269	\$ 760,273	\$ 7,721,651	\$ 10,333,193
Long - Term	2,102,149	1,809,619		3,911,768
Total	\$ 3,953,418	\$ 2,569,892	\$ 7,721,651	\$ 14,244,961

15. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted net position consists primarily of amounts authorized by the electorate for capital improvements, compensation, and school discipline initiatives.

16. **DEFICIT FUND EQUITY**

The Medical Insurance Fund's deficit balance as of June 30, 2014 in net position is \$251,647,780, resulting from the implementation of an accounting standard effective year ended 2008, requiring recognition of liabilities associated with certain post-employment health care and life insurance benefits. See Note 7. Effective January 1, 2014, the School System is now providing a fully insured program for Medicare eligible retires in an effort to address this deficit.

17. EDUCATION EXCELLENCE FUND

Pursuant to Act #161 of the 2002 First Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, the State of Louisiana established the Education Excellence Fund (EEF) for the oversight, appropriation, and disposition of proceeds from the tobacco settlements. These funds are dedicated for use in educational programs, and are available to local school districts, subject to the approval of an expenditure plan by the Louisiana Department of Education. The funds are held and invested by the Treasurer of the State of Louisiana on behalf of local school districts and are disbursed in accordance with approved expenditure plans. At June 30, 2014, the School System's EEF funds invested through the Treasurer totaled approximately \$106,500. These funds are recognized as revenue to the School System upon submission and subsequent approval of an annual expenditure plan. The School System expended approximately \$1 million during the 2013-2014 fiscal year in accordance with its respective expenditure plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18. RECOVERY SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE) previously placed eight (8) School System schools under the jurisdiction of the Recovery School District (RSD) as provided by law. The schools are as follows: (1) Prescott Middle School, (2) Glen Oaks Middle School, (3) Capitol High School, (4) Dalton Elementary, (5) Lanier Elementary, (6) Crestworth Middle, (7) Kenilworth Middle, and (8) Istrouma High School.

The RSD, pursuant to La. R.S. 17:1990(B)(3), is empowered to require the School System to provide school support services and student support services for a school transferred from its jurisdiction to the jurisdiction of the RSD, including but not limited to student transportation, school food services and student assessment for special education eligibility. The RSD reimburses the School System for the actual cost of services, which affects various expenditure line items.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the School System was reimbursed \$1,350,087 for services provided to these schools. An appropriation of \$12,898,005 has been recorded for the RSD schools at June 30, 2014 to record the transfer of sales and ad valorem taxes.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, November 20, 2014 and determined that there were no events after this date that require disclosure.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Required Supplemental Information $Part\ II$



equired Supplemental Information

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

$\frac{\text{SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN}}{\text{JUNE 30, 2014}}$

Actuarial Valuation Date	Valu	arial	I	(b) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(b-a) Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	(a/b) Funded Ratio	(c) Covered Payroll	((b-a/c) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payoll
7/1/2007	\$	-	\$	861,694,369	\$ 861,694,369	0%	\$ 273,674,285	315%
7/1/2008	\$	-	\$	849,412,699	\$ 849,412,699	0%	\$ 295,511,428	287%
7/1/2009	\$	-	\$	1,191,148,834	\$ 1,191,148,834	0%	\$ 296,251,570	402%
7/1/2010	\$	-	\$	1,543,824,830	\$ 1,543,824,830	0%	\$ 292,457,111	528%
7/1/2011	\$	-	\$	1,578,961,752	\$ 1,578,961,752	0%	\$ 278,062,298	568%
7/1/2012	\$	-	\$	477,215,933	\$ 477,215,933	0%	\$ 259,147,389	184%
7/1/2013	\$	-	\$	496,304,570	\$ 496,304,570	0%	\$ 261,210,323	190%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

				Percentage of
				Annual OPEB
Fiscal Year	An	nual Required	Amount	Costs
Ending		Contribution	Contributed	Contributed
6/30/2014	\$	36,216,437	\$ 26,862,519	74.17%
6/30/2013		34,823,497	24,872,703	71.43%
6/30/2012		113,949,333	32,527,388	28.55%
6/30/2011		115,807,819	31,145,575	26.89%
6/30/2010		91,640,547	30,712,325	33.51%
6/30/2009		68,665,506	29,145,184	42.45%
6/30/2008		71,066,946	26,995,946	37.99%

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES MAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Budgetary comparison schedules are reported for the following General and Special Revenue Funds:

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund accounts for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

TITLE I FUND

Title I includes programs in the areas of language development, reading, and math. These programs strive to meet the special needs of economically and educationally deprived children through federal funds for teachers, aides, instructional materials, equipment and parental involvement.

PROPOSITION 2 - DISCIPLINE FUND

Proposition 2 is a locally funded initiative to improve discipline. The intent is to remove disruptive and academically deficient students from the regular education classroom, reduce truancy and provide more effective alternative education.

PROPOSITION 3 - COMPENSATION FUND

Proposition 3 is a locally funded initiative to improve compensation. The intent is to improve ability to recruit and retain certified and qualified teachers, assistant principals and principals; to have more productive support employees; and to have the ability to reward performance that meets and/or exceeds standards.

CHILD NUTRITION FUND

The *Child Nutrition Fund* is used to account for the operations of the school food service program in the parish school system during the regular school term and during the summer break. The basic goals of the school food service program are to serve nutritionally adequate, attractive and moderately priced meals, to help children grow socially and emotionally, to extend educational influences to the homes of school children, and to provide learning experiences that will improve children's eating habits with the ultimate goal of physically fit adults.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Variance with

								Final Budget Positive
DEVENIEC		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES								
Local sources:	e.	1.42.005.000	¢.	142 (10 000	Ф	144 000 906	¢	1 200 806
Ad valorem taxes Sales and use taxes	\$	143,095,000 85,725,000	\$	143,610,000 89,090,000	\$	144,909,806 88,133,564	\$	1,299,806 (956,436)
Earnings on investments		725,000		725,000		725,816		(930,430)
Extended day program tuition		400,000		400,000		789,790		389,790
Other		5,847,259		5,611,092		5,911,479		300,387
State sources:		3,047,239		3,011,092		3,911,479		300,387
Unrestricted state sources - other		164,720,401		163,973,612		163,898,493		(75,119)
Revenue sharing		4,050,000		4,050,000		4,076,099		26,099
Restricted grants-in-aid		2,202,738		2,105,738		2,050,703		(55,035)
Federal grants		690,000		740,000		789,434		49,434
TOTAL REVENUES	_	407,455,398		410,305,442		411,285,184		979,742
TOTAL REVENUES	-	407,433,376	_	410,303,442	_	411,263,164	-	919,142
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular education programs		129,248,219		130,002,752		128,467,847		1,534,905
Special education programs		54,415,286		50,707,223		50,115,050		592,173
Other education programs		25,838,095		24,697,676		21,161,380		3,536,296
Support:				_ ,,,,,,,,		,,		-,,
Pupil support services		29,506,281		28,123,284		26,923,738		1,199,546
Instructional staff services		14,108,782		13,239,647		11,618,118		1,621,529
General administration services		11,759,334		11,871,965		11,609,299		262,666
School administration services		21,390,314		21,348,882		21,399,400		(50,518)
Business and central services		13,267,543		13,428,338		11,181,785		2,246,553
Plant operations and maintenance		41,525,689		41,723,681		41,184,204		539,477
Transportation		31,175,187		32,257,795		31,521,512		736,283
Appropriations:		,,		,,,,,,		0 -,0 ,0		,
Charter schools - Type 1		27,600,000		22,900,000		22,870,404		29,596
Charter schools - Type 2		7,145,317		6,982,724		6,982,719		5
Office of Juvenile Justice		162,492		184,554		184,554		-
Magnet programs		5,924,004		6,465,194		5,905,611		559,583
Recovery School District		13,095,598		12,898,005		12,898,005		-
Community service		12,350		12,350		12,350		_
Debt service - Principal retirement		2,948,197		2,948,197		2,948,199		(2)
Debt service - Interest and bank charges		150,000		300,000		292,429		7,571
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		429,272,688		420,092,267		407,276,604		12,815,663
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(21,817,290)		(9,786,825)		4,008,580		13,795,405
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfors in		4 000 000		2 600 000		4 402 202		902 202
Transfers in		4,000,000		3,600,000		4,403,202		803,202
Transfers out		(200,000)	_	(200,000)	_	(2,524,551)	-	(2,324,551)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		3,800,000		3,400,000		1,878,651		(1,521,349)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(18,017,290)		(6,386,825)		5,887,231		12,274,056
Fund balance, June 30, 2013		77,555,051		77,555,051		77,555,051		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	59,537,761	\$	71,168,226	\$	83,442,282	\$	12,274,056

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

TITLE I FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original	Original Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Federal grants	\$ 26,276,678	\$ 26,276,678	\$ 24,631,273	\$ (1,645,405)		
TOTAL REVENUES	26,276,678	26,276,678	24,631,273	(1,645,405)		
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:						
Other education programs	13,549,889	13,549,889	13,129,724	420,165		
Support:						
Pupil support services	1,208,346	1,208,346	1,330,537	(122,191)		
Instructional staff services	7,965,172	7,965,172	7,231,225	733,947		
General administrative sevices	8,430	8,430	9,907	(1,477)		
School administration	188,863	188,863	166,808	22,055		
Business and central services	44,724	44,724	23,919	20,805		
Plant operations and maintenance	266,536	266,536	250,879	15,657		
Transportation	483,416	483,416	89,875	393,541		
Child nutrition	775	775	775	-		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	23,716,151	23,716,151	22,233,649	1,482,502		
EXCESS OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	2,560,527	2,560,527	2,397,624	(162,903)		
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out	(2,560,527)	(2,560,527)	(2,397,624)	162,903		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	(2,560,527)	(2,560,527)	(2,397,624)	162,903		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-		
Fund balance, June 30, 2013						
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

PROPOSITION 2 - DISCIPLINE FUND

Variance with

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

						Final Budget Positive	
	Origina	1	Final		Actual		(legative)
REVENUES	•						
Local sources:							
Sales and use taxes	\$ 6,172,	780 \$	6,258,830	\$	6,200,162	\$	(58,668)
Earnings on investments	3,	500	3,840	_	7,573		3,733
TOTAL REVENUES	6,176,	280	6,262,670		6,207,735		(54,935)
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction:							
Regular education programs		-	-		-		-
Special education programs		-	-		-		-
Other education programs	4,589,	550	4,204,540		4,208,014		(3,474)
Support:							
Pupil support services	1,928,	400	2,022,090		1,782,909		239,181
Instructional staff services	79,	070	81,750		82,341		(591)
General administration services	70,	700	66,350		63,979		2,371
School administration services	366,	150	285,840		376,726		(90,886)
Business and central services	52,	170	-				-
Plant operations and maintenance	291,	550	457,460	_	370,002		87,458
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,377,	590	7,118,030	_	6,883,971		234,059
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES							
OVER REVENUES	(1,201,	310)	(855,360)		(676,236)		179,124
Fund balance, June 30, 2013	1,983,	370	1,983,370		1,983,370		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$ 782,	060 \$	1,128,010	\$	1,307,134	\$	179,124

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

PROPOSITION 3 - COMPENSATION FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original	Original Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
<u>REVENUES</u>					
Local sources:					
Sales and use taxes	\$ 31,566,250	\$ 32,004,400	\$ 31,775,353	\$ (229,047)	
Earnings on investments	51,000	32,500	35,612	3,112	
Other			13,570	13,570	
TOTAL REVENUES	31,617,250	32,036,900	31,824,535	(212,365)	
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction:					
Regular education programs	16,307,225	15,192,220	15,202,063	(9,843)	
Special education programs	6,062,326	5,821,340	5,675,534	145,806	
Other education programs	2,105,360	2,005,130	1,976,424	28,706	
Support:					
Pupil support services	2,939,680	3,287,940	3,235,800	52,140	
Instructional staff services	1,424,950	1,340,400	1,342,114	(1,714)	
General administration services	431,270	417,160	391,759	25,401	
School administration services	1,730,010	1,550,890	1,845,789	(294,899)	
Business and central services	758,110	744,400	699,402	44,998	
Plant operations and maintenance	33,870	35,240	32,983	2,257	
Transportation	1,549,350	1,558,330	1,505,110	53,220	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	33,342,151	31,953,050	31,906,978	46,072	
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES					
OVER REVENUES	(1,724,901)	83,850	(82,443)	(166,293)	
Fund balance, June 30, 2013	11,694,981	11,694,981	11,694,981		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$ 9,970,080	\$ 11,778,831	\$ 11,612,538	\$ (166,293)	

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

<u>CHILD NUTRITION FUND</u> BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Local sources:					
Earnings on investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Other	3,042,750	3,042,750	1,795,086	(1,247,664)	
State sources:					
Unrestricted grants-in-aid, MFP	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	-	
Federal grants	20,700,000	20,700,000	21,600,297	900,297	
TOTAL REVENUES	26,742,750	26,742,750	26,395,383	(347,367)	
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries and wages	8,618,966	8,618,966	9,088,359	(469,393)	
Employee benefits	6,290,966	6,290,966	6,249,027	41,939	
Utilities	657,500	657,500	562,582	94,918	
Professional fees	3,500	3,500	3,162	338	
Food purchases	9,075,000	9,075,000	7,487,616	1,587,384	
Equipment	247,000	247,000	623,406	(376,406)	
Repairs and maintenance	500,000	500,000	262,952	237,048	
Materials and supplies	860,000	860,000	919,817	(59,817)	
Other	297,800	297,800	230,197	67,603	
Appropriations-charter schools	200,000	200,000	397,041	(197,041)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	26,750,732	26,750,732	25,824,159	926,573	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(7,982)	(7,982)	571,224	579,206	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-	-	23,879	23,879	
Transfers out	(46,465)	(46,465)	(48,432)	(1,967)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(46,465)	(46,465)	(24,553)	21,912	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(54,447)	(54,447)	546,671	601,118	
Fund balance, June 30, 2013	6,123,155	6,123,155	6,123,155		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$ 6,068,708	\$ 6,068,708	\$ 6,669,826	\$ 601,118	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

1. BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The School System follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

The General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds are the only funds with legally required budgets. The General Fund budget and the Special Revenue Funds' budgets are adopted on an annual basis. These budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

The Capital Projects fund's budget is adopted on a project basis, since such projects may be started and completed at any time during the year or may extend beyond one fiscal year.

Prior to September 15, the Superintendent submits to the Finance Committee a proposed annual appropriated budget for the General Fund for the fiscal year commencing the prior July 1. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Upon submission to the Board, the General Fund budget is legally enacted through adoption by the Board. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. For the Capital Projects Fund, the level of budget control is at the fund, department or project level, and expenditures/encumbrances by policy should not exceed appropriations. The School System approves budgets at the fund level, and the Superintendent is authorized to transfer amounts between line items within any fund.

Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Unencumbered appropriations in the General Fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbered appropriations at year end that have been approved by the Board are generally expended during the next fiscal year's operations, assuming that the underlying liability is ultimately incurred. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board. Legally, the Board must adopt a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources including fund balance must equal or exceed total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. State statutes require the School System to amend its budgets when revenues plus projected revenues within a fund are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or expenditures within a fund are expected to exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more. The School System amended its General Fund budget once during the year, reflecting an increase of total budgeted revenues of approximately \$2.9 million and a decrease of total budgeted expenditures of approximately \$9.2 million.

Special Revenue Funds' budgets that are not grant-oriented have annual appropriated budgets adopted prior to September 15 by the Board. Grant Funds are included in Special Revenue Funds, and their budgets are adopted at the time the grant applications are approved by the grantor. Unencumbered appropriations of grant-oriented Special Revenue Funds are reappropriated at the beginning of the following fiscal year. Unencumbered appropriations of certain nongrant-oriented Special Revenue Funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Special Revenue Funds' budgets were amended for insignificant amounts as necessary to comply with state law.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Supplement Information



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Combining & Individual Fund Statements and Schedules



Baton Rouge, Louisiana

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - DETAILED BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original		Final	Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES						
Local Sources:						
Ad valorem taxes						
Constitutional tax	\$	17,150,000	\$ 17,200,000	\$ 17,327,110	\$	127,110
Renewable taxes		122,445,000	122,760,000	123,696,133		936,133
1% collections		3,500,000	3,650,000	3,886,563		236,563
Sales and use taxes		85,725,000	89,090,000	88,133,564		(956,436)
Earnings on investments		725,000	725,000	725,816		816
Transportation fees		374,000	274,000	495,273		221,273
Tuition-extended day program		400,000	400,000	789,790		389,790
Other		5,473,259	5,337,092	5,416,206		79,114
TOTAL LOCAL SOURCES		235,792,259	239,436,092	240,470,455		1,034,363
State sources:						
Unrestricted state sources -						
other		164,720,401	163,973,612	163,898,493		(75,119)
Restricted grants-in-aid						
Pips salary increment		545,000	428,000	431,781		3,781
Other		1,657,738	1,677,738	1,618,922		(58,816)
Revenue in lieu of taxes						
Revenue sharing		4,050,000	4,050,000	4,076,099		26,099
TOTAL STATE SOURCES		170,973,139	170,129,350	170,025,295		(104,055)
Federal sources:						
ROTC		690,000	740,000	789,434		49,434
TOTAL FEDERAL SOURCES		690,000	740,000	789,434		49,434
TOTAL REVENUES		407,455,398	410,305,442	411,285,184		979,742
					(Continued)

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

GENERAL FUND

$\frac{\text{SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-}{\text{DETAILED BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE}}$

	Original Final		Actual	Variance with Final Positive (Negative)		
	 Originai	Finai	Actual	(1	(Negative)	
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:						
Regular education programs						
Salaries	\$ 82,974,971	\$ 83,285,556	\$ 83,190,770	\$	94,786	
Sabbatical	-	176,426	211,289		(34,863)	
Employee benefits	43,128,740	43,201,880	42,790,401		411,479	
Purchased services	853,124	1,046,559	433,939		612,620	
Materials and supplies	1,851,584	1,888,531	1,574,522		314,009	
Equipment	360,000	360,000	259,969		100,031	
Other	79,800	43,800	6,957		36,843	
TOTAL REGULAR EDUCATION PROGRAMS	129,248,219	130,002,752	128,467,847		1,534,905	
Special education programs						
Salaries	34,211,175	32,170,792	31,921,799		248,993	
Sabbatical	-	26,991	27,058		(67)	
Employee benefits	20,018,025	18,328,766	17,997,363		331,403	
Purchased services	76,045	76,045	70,935		5,110	
Materials and supplies	108,231	102,819	97,668		5,151	
Equipment	-	-	-		-	
Other	1,810	1,810	227		1,583	
TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS	54,415,286	50,707,223	50,115,050		592,173	
Other education programs						
Salaries	14,930,643	14,011,662	13,059,524		952,138	
Sabbatical	-	6,056	6,056		-	
Employee benefits	6,593,150	6,240,846	5,588,319		652,527	
Purchased services	33,320	33,320	2,911		30,409	
Materials and supplies	3,900,382	4,010,892	2,229,630		1,781,262	
Equipment	-	-	-		-	
Other	380,600	394,900	274,940		119,960	
TOTAL OTHER EDUCATION PROGRAMS	25,838,095	24,697,676	21,161,380		3,536,296	
				(Continued)	

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

GENERAL FUND

$\frac{\text{SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-}{\text{DETAILED BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE}}$

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Oddinal	E'a l	Aurol	w H	rariance ith Final Positive
	-	Original	 Final	 Actual	(N	legative)
Support:						
Pupil support services						
Child welfare and attendance services						
Salaries	\$	504,080	\$ 503,154	\$ 494,421	\$	8,733
Employee benefits		8,696,520	7,928,749	7,871,896		56,853
Materials and supplies		4,056	4,056	3,763		293
Other		113,632	114,399	112,623		1,776
Guidance services						
Salaries		7,506,034	7,402,072	7,104,604		297,468
Sabbatical		5,000	1,000	-		1,000
Materials and supplies		5,440	9,440	4,267		5,173
Other		4,900	4,900	1,210		3,690
Health services						
Purchased services		2,250,000	2,250,000	1,739,706		510,294
Pupil assessment and appraisal services						
Salaries		9,818,900	9,230,627	9,247,436		(16,809)
Purchased services		335,300	335,300	105,116		230,184
Materials and supplies		11,760	11,760	2,745		9,015
Other		29,460	29,460	33,705		(4,245)
Other pupil support services						
Salaries		194,745	271,913	186,604		85,309
Materials and supplies		12,919	12,919	11,405		1,514
Equipment		4,450	4,450	-		4,450
Purchased services		600	600	100		500
Other		8,485	8,485	4,137		4,348
TOTAL PUPIL SUPPORT SERVICES		29,506,281	28,123,284	26,923,738		1,199,546
			 	 	((Continued)

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE DETAILED BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Instructional staff services		 Original	Final	Actual	w	Variance ith Final Positive Vegative)
Salaries - Secretarial 761,958 700,641 547,214 153,427 Salaries - Instructional/Curriculum Specialist 899,925 888,703 654,789 233,914 Employee benefits 4,181,775 3,528,208 3,529,095 (887) Purchased services 1,262,467 1,099,876 629,687 470,189 Materials and supplies 200,685 507,685 91,851 415,834 Equipment 30,000 30,000 24,115 5,885 Other 69,470 49,470 40,254 9,216 Materials and supplies - Training services 78,400 66,400 34,493 31,907 School library services 4,155,093 3,880,409 3,840,323 40,086 Materials and supplies 25,419 32,814 26,095 6,719 Other 3,625 3,625 1,447 2,178 Books and periodicals 451,448 445,362 436,767 8,595 Other educational media services 298,113 274,337 124,634 149,703 </th <th>Instructional staff services</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Instructional staff services					
Salaries - Instructional/Curriculum Specialist 899,925 888,703 654,789 233,914 Employee benefits 4,181,775 3,528,208 3,529,095 (887) Purchased services 1,262,467 1,099,876 629,687 470,189 Materials and supplies 200,685 507,685 91,851 415,834 Equipment 30,000 30,000 24,115 5,885 Other 69,470 49,470 40,254 9,216 Materials and supplies - Training services 78,400 66,400 34,493 31,907 School library services Salaries 4,155,093 3,880,409 3,840,323 40,086 Materials and supplies 25,419 32,814 26,095 6,719 Other 3,625 3,625 1,447 2,178 Books and periodicals 451,448 445,362 436,767 8,595 Other educational media services 298,113 274,337 124,634 149,703 Purchased services 36,174 36,174 35,183 991	Salaries - Directors and supervisors	\$ 1,654,230	\$ 1,695,943	\$ 1,602,171	\$	93,772
Employee benefits 4,181,775 3,528,208 3,529,095 (887) Purchased services 1,262,467 1,099,876 629,687 470,189 Materials and supplies 200,685 507,685 91,851 415,834 Equipment 30,000 30,000 24,115 5,885 Other 69,470 49,470 40,254 9,216 Materials and supplies - Training services 78,400 66,400 34,493 31,907 School library services 3 3,880,409 3,840,323 40,086 Materials and supplies 25,419 32,814 26,095 6,719 Other 3,625 3,625 1,447 2,178 Books and periodicals 451,448 445,362 436,767 8,595 Other educational media services 298,113 274,337 124,634 149,703 Purchased services 36,174 36,174 35,183 991	Salaries - Secretarial	761,958	700,641	547,214		153,427
Purchased services 1,262,467 1,099,876 629,687 470,189 Materials and supplies 200,685 507,685 91,851 415,834 Equipment 30,000 30,000 24,115 5,885 Other 69,470 49,470 40,254 9,216 Materials and supplies - Training services 78,400 66,400 34,493 31,907 School library services 3,880,409 3,840,323 40,086 Materials and supplies 25,419 32,814 26,095 6,719 Other 3,625 3,625 1,447 2,178 Books and periodicals 451,448 445,362 436,767 8,595 Other educational media services 298,113 274,337 124,634 149,703 Purchased services 36,174 36,174 35,183 991	Salaries - Instructional/Curriculum Specialist	899,925	888,703	654,789		233,914
Materials and supplies 200,685 507,685 91,851 415,834 Equipment 30,000 30,000 24,115 5,885 Other 69,470 49,470 40,254 9,216 Materials and supplies - Training services 78,400 66,400 34,493 31,907 School library services Salaries 4,155,093 3,880,409 3,840,323 40,086 Materials and supplies 25,419 32,814 26,095 6,719 Other 3,625 3,625 1,447 2,178 Books and periodicals 451,448 445,362 436,767 8,595 Other educational media services 298,113 274,337 124,634 149,703 Purchased services 36,174 36,174 35,183 991	Employee benefits	4,181,775	3,528,208	3,529,095		(887)
Equipment 30,000 30,000 24,115 5,885 Other 69,470 49,470 40,254 9,216 Materials and supplies - Training services 78,400 66,400 34,493 31,907 School library services 3,880,409 3,840,323 40,086 Materials and supplies 25,419 32,814 26,095 6,719 Other 3,625 3,625 1,447 2,178 Books and periodicals 451,448 445,362 436,767 8,595 Other educational media services Salaries 298,113 274,337 124,634 149,703 Purchased services 36,174 36,174 35,183 991	Purchased services	1,262,467	1,099,876	629,687		470,189
Other 69,470 49,470 40,254 9,216 Materials and supplies - Training services 78,400 66,400 34,493 31,907 School library services 3,880,409 3,840,323 40,086 Materials and supplies 25,419 32,814 26,095 6,719 Other 3,625 3,625 1,447 2,178 Books and periodicals 451,448 445,362 436,767 8,595 Other educational media services 298,113 274,337 124,634 149,703 Purchased services 36,174 36,174 35,183 991	Materials and supplies	200,685	507,685	91,851		415,834
Materials and supplies - Training services 78,400 66,400 34,493 31,907 School library services 4,155,093 3,880,409 3,840,323 40,086 Materials and supplies 25,419 32,814 26,095 6,719 Other 3,625 3,625 1,447 2,178 Books and periodicals 451,448 445,362 436,767 8,595 Other educational media services Salaries 298,113 274,337 124,634 149,703 Purchased services 36,174 36,174 35,183 991	Equipment	30,000	30,000	24,115		5,885
School library services Salaries 4,155,093 3,880,409 3,840,323 40,086 Materials and supplies 25,419 32,814 26,095 6,719 Other 3,625 3,625 1,447 2,178 Books and periodicals 451,448 445,362 436,767 8,595 Other educational media services Salaries 298,113 274,337 124,634 149,703 Purchased services 36,174 36,174 35,183 991	Other	69,470	49,470	40,254		9,216
Salaries 4,155,093 3,880,409 3,840,323 40,086 Materials and supplies 25,419 32,814 26,095 6,719 Other 3,625 3,625 1,447 2,178 Books and periodicals 451,448 445,362 436,767 8,595 Other educational media services 298,113 274,337 124,634 149,703 Purchased services 36,174 36,174 35,183 991	Materials and supplies - Training services	78,400	66,400	34,493		31,907
Materials and supplies 25,419 32,814 26,095 6,719 Other 3,625 3,625 1,447 2,178 Books and periodicals 451,448 445,362 436,767 8,595 Other educational media services Salaries 298,113 274,337 124,634 149,703 Purchased services 36,174 36,174 35,183 991	School library services					
Other 3,625 3,625 1,447 2,178 Books and periodicals 451,448 445,362 436,767 8,595 Other educational media services 298,113 274,337 124,634 149,703 Purchased services 36,174 36,174 35,183 991	Salaries	4,155,093	3,880,409	3,840,323		40,086
Books and periodicals 451,448 445,362 436,767 8,595 Other educational media services 298,113 274,337 124,634 149,703 Purchased services 36,174 36,174 35,183 991	Materials and supplies	25,419	32,814	26,095		6,719
Other educational media services 298,113 274,337 124,634 149,703 Purchased services 36,174 36,174 35,183 991	Other	3,625	3,625	1,447		2,178
Salaries 298,113 274,337 124,634 149,703 Purchased services 36,174 36,174 35,183 991	Books and periodicals	451,448	445,362	436,767		8,595
Purchased services 36,174 36,174 35,183 991	Other educational media services					
	Salaries	298,113	274,337	124,634		149,703
TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF SERVICES 14,108,782 13,239,647 11,618,118 1,621,529	Purchased services	36,174	36,174	35,183		991
	TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF SERVICES	14,108,782	13,239,647	11,618,118		1,621,529

(Continued)

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE DETAILED BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Variance

				W	ith Final Positive
	 Original	Final	 Actual	(N	legative)
Administration - General					
Board of Education					
Salaries - Board members	\$ 106,800	\$ 106,800	\$ 106,800	\$	-
Salaries - secretarial	43,722	44,758	44,731		27
Employee benefits	561,430	565,038	582,245		(17,207)
Legal services					
Salaries	168,284	168,884	168,902		(18)
Contracts	350,000	350,000	330,868		19,132
Materials and supplies	36,514	36,595	35,714		881
Other	364,730	438,653	397,183		41,470
Audit services	42,000	42,000	73,752		(31,752)
Insurance	3,906,800	3,906,800	3,904,873		1,927
Tax assessment and collection services					
Property taxes					
Sheriff's fees	120,000	120,000	-		120,000
Pension fund	3,950,000	3,973,036	3,973,121		(85)
Sales and use tax	950,000	950,000	892,928		57,072
Office of the superintendent					
Salaries	1,077,171	1,087,146	1,046,005		41,141
Materials and supplies	28,659	28,791	12,418		16,373
Other	 53,224	53,464	39,759		13,705
TOTAL GENERAL ADMINISTRATION	 11,759,334	11,871,965	 11,609,299		262,666
Administration-School					
Salaries	13,963,000	13,947,875	14,027,184		(79,309)
Employee benefits	7,321,820	7,293,513	7,280,392		13,121
Materials and supplies	38,494	38,494	25,000		13,494
Other	67,000	69,000	66,824		2,176
TOTAL SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION	 21,390,314	21,348,882	 21,399,400		(50,518)
	 		 	((Continued)

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

GENERAL FUND

$\frac{\text{SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-}{\text{DETAILED BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE}}$

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Original		Final		Actual	wi P	ariance th Final Positive egative)
D : 10 . 10 :								
Business and Central Services								
Fiscal services	Φ.	1 500 450	Φ.	1.555.104	Φ.	1.500.051	Φ.	20.025
Salaries	\$	1,533,472	\$	1,557,186	\$	1,528,251	\$	28,935
Employee benefits		1,198,807		1,209,233		1,183,944		25,289
Materials and supplies		79,219		74,332		37,674		36,658
Other		111,930		116,130		79,927		36,203
Equipment		-		5,500		4,844		656
Purchased services		46,150		46,150		2,425		43,725
Purchasing services								
Salaries		286,075		290,187		228,477		61,710
Materials and supplies		9,624		10,908		4,963		5,945
Equipment		1,500		1,500		-		1,500
Other		27,350		27,350		14,047		13,303
Postage		50,000		50,000		23,606		26,394
Printing and publishing								
Salaries		201,517		223,131		220,092		3,039
Materials and supplies		52,100		58,932		116,697		(57,765)
Other		1,000		1,000		201		799
Rental of equipment		25,000		25,000		29,567		(4,567)
Repairs and maintenance		30,000		30,000		37,087		(7,087)
Equipment		45,000		45,000		45,000		-
T - 1		,		,		,	(Co	ontinued)

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE DETAILED BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Variance with Final

	 Original	Final		Actual		I	ith Final Positive Jegative)
Business and Central Services (continued)							
Planning, research and development							
Salaries	\$ 834,389	\$	860,061	\$	798,643	\$	61,418
Materials and supplies	35,098		35,663		28,449		7,214
Equipment	5,000		5,000		-		5,000
Other	163,219		163,719		128,556		35,163
Repairs and maintenance	25,000		25,000		14,577		10,423
Public information services							
Advertising	225,000		171,500		67,457		104,043
Materials and supplies	30,000		25,245		21,162		4,083
Other	7,170		10,670		4,415		6,255
Repairs and maintenance	80,000		80,000		77,858		2,142
Personnel services							
Salaries	1,056,567		1,015,966		998,839		17,127
Purchased services	189,385		128,385		97,054		31,331
Materials and supplies	61,530		67,530		54,116		13,414
Other	125,204		160,204		98,884		61,320
Repairs and maintenance	25,710		15,710		-		15,710
Equipment	35,000		65,000		26,245		38,755
Information systems							
Salaries	1,354,983		1,385,453		1,234,375		151,078
Materials and supplies	533,541		812,134		745,502		66,632
Technical services	602,928		676,399		334,121		342,278
Equipment	2,189,300		2,236,175		1,138,116		1,098,059
Other	26,120		26,120		24,912		1,208
Repairs and maintenance	156,200		167,839		86,709		81,130
Business and central services							
Employee benefits	1,807,455		1,523,026		1,644,993		(121,967)
TOTAL BUSINESS AND CENTRAL SERVICES	 13,267,543		13,428,338		11,181,785		2,246,553
	 					(Continued)

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE DETAILED BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original	 Final	Actual	W	Variance vith Final Positive Negative)
Operation and maintenance of plant services					
Salaries	\$ 2,307,664	\$ 2,302,936	\$ 2,156,821	\$	146,115
Employee benefits	241,230	241,998	238,624		3,374
Equipment	135,000	135,000	-		135,000
Other	26,530,991	26,534,941	26,960,320		(425,379)
Rental of equipment	252,000	252,000	48,637		203,363
Materials and supplies	403,765	403,809	112,662		291,147
Gasoline\fuel	20,000	20,000	7,629		12,371
Operation of buildings					
Water\sewerage	649,800	649,800	684,776		(34,976)
Disposal services	536,000	536,000	231,326		304,674
Repairs and maintenance	1,528,580	1,605,197	1,232,115		373,082
Insurance	375,000	375,000	375,000		-
Telephone	780,659	902,000	669,956		232,044
Natural gas	650,000	650,000	679,853		(29,853)
Electricity	7,065,000	7,065,000	7,736,485		(671,485)
Insurance	 50,000	 50,000	50,000		
TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF					
PLANT SERVICES	 41,525,689	 41,723,681	 41,184,204		539,477
Transportation services					
Supervision of student transportation					
Salaries	723,438	760,119	683,087		77,032
Materials and supplies	43,223	71,379	72,389		(1,010)
Purchased Services	30,000	4,490	1,797		2,693
Equipment	19,000	19,000	-		19,000
Other	6,290	6,290	25,215		(18,925)
Repairs and maintenance	10,250	10,250	2,409		7,841
Regular transportation services					
Salaries	11,002,576	11,529,281	11,543,022		(13,741)
Employee benefits	10,710,410	10,358,807	10,227,294		131,513
Materials and supplies	2,405,000	2,578,720	2,688,206		(109,486)
Equipment	1,605,000	2,298,765	2,219,892		78,873
Other	51,000	51,000	4,729		46,271
Repairs and maintenance	430,000	430,194	303,044		127,150
Insurance	339,000	339,000	339,000		-
Gasoline\fuel	 3,800,000	 3,800,500	3,411,428		389,072
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION SERVICES	31,175,187	32,257,795	31,521,512		736,283
				(Continued)

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE DETAILED BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

						V	Variance vith Final Positive
		Original	Final		Actual		Negative)
Appropriations:							
Charter schools - Type 1	\$	27,600,000	\$ 22,900,000	\$	22,870,404	\$	29,596
Charter schools - Type 2	-	7,145,317	6,982,724	-	6,982,719	-	5
Office of Juvenile Justice		162,492	184,554		184,554		_
Magnet programs		5,924,004	6,465,194		5,905,611		559,583
Recovery School District		13,095,598	12,898,005		12,898,005		· -
TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS		53,927,411	49,430,477		48,841,293		589,184
Community service	-	12,350	12,350		12,350		
Capital outlay		<u>-</u> _			<u>-</u>		
Debt service - Principal retirement		2,948,197	2,948,197		2,948,199		(2)
Debt service - Interest and bank charges		150,000	300,000		292,429		7,571
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		429,272,688	420,092,267		407,276,604		12,815,663
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(21,817,290)	(9,786,825)		4,008,580		13,795,405
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		4,000,000	3,600,000		4,403,202		803,202
Transfers out		(200,000)	(200,000)		(2,524,551)		(2,324,551)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		3,800,000	3,400,000		1,878,651		(1,521,349)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(18,017,290)	(6,386,825)		5,887,231		12,274,056
Fund balance, June 30, 2013		77,555,051	77,555,051		77,555,051		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	59,537,761	\$ 71,168,226	\$	83,442,282	\$	12,274,056

(Concluded)

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

TITLE II

Title II increases student academic achievement through strategies such as improving teacher and principal quality and increasing the number of highly qualified teachers in the classroom and highly qualified principals and assistant principals in schools. The program also holds local educational agencies and schools accountable for improvements in student academic achievement.

EXCEPTIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAM

The *Individuals with Disabilities Act (IDEA)* is a federally-financed program providing free appropriate education for all identified handicapped children from 3 to 21 years of age in the least restrictive environment.

GEAR UP BATON ROUGE

Gear Up Baton Rouge is a systemic effort to change teaching and learning in two middle schools with students who qualify in overwhelming numbers for free and reduced lunch. The goals of the grant are: 1) Increase articulation success through primary and secondary education and into post secondary education; 2) Increase high school graduation and post secondary education attendance rates within low income student populations; 3) Increase academic performance of low income students; 4) Enhance school academic and curricular reforms through professional development for teachers and through active involvement in school improvement teams; 5) Provide for project evaluation; 6) Coordinate project dissemination at the local, state, regional, and national levels.

STATE GRANTS

The State Grants Fund is used to account for special grants received from various departments of the State of Louisiana.

ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE

The *Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention Fund* sponsors the prevention of alcohol and drug abuse among children of East Baton Rouge Parish schools. It is funded by ad valorem taxes and donations.

CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION

The Career and Technical Education Fund accounts for a program designed to administer various vocational programs which provide vocational training and assistance.

TITLE X – HOMELESS

The *Homeless Fund* ensures that all homeless children and youth have equal access to the same free, appropriate public education available to other children. The *Education for Homeless Children and Youth* program provides assistance to States, Outlying Areas, and the Bureau of Indian Education (BIE) to: (1) establish or designate an Office of Coordinator of Education of Homeless Children and Youths; (2) develop and carry out a State plan for the education of homeless children; and (3) make subgrants to local educational agencies to support the education of those children.

RACE TO THE TOP

The *Race to the Top* is used to designed to encourage and reward States that are creating the conditions for education innovation and reform; achieving significant improvement in student outcomes, including making substantial gains in student achievement, closing achievement gaps, improving high school graduation rates, and ensuring student preparation for success in college and careers.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS (continued)

PROMOTING EXCELLENCE FOR ALL KIDS

The *Promoting Excellence for All Kids Program* is designed to increase access to literacy development programs and materials through summer learning, after school learning, academic interventions using technology, book distributions, and early childhood reading and education readiness.

TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES

The *Pre-GED/Skills Option Program* is a comprehensive counseling and guidance program with components for pre-GED academic, workplace readiness and skills instructions for students who are at risk of dropping out of high school.

Starting Points/Early Childhood Development provides full day, before and after school preschool instruction and care for at-risk four-year old students.

TEXTBOOK/DIGITAL MEDIA SUPPORT FUND

The *Textbook/Digital Media Support Fund* is used to account for textbooks purchased for East Baton Rouge Parish School System students, as well as, State-approved nonpublic schools.

CONTINUING EDUCATION

The Continuing Education Fund is a program which offers higher education opportunities to persons who are age 16 and older.

ADVANCED PLACEMENT

The Advanced Placement Program accounts for grants to support state and local efforts to increase access to advanced placement classes and tests for low-income students and to cover part or all of the cost of testing fees for low-income students enrolled in advanced placement courses.

LOCAL GRANTS

Grants from various private foundations provide additional support for educational programs. Program areas include teacher minigrants, math improvement, remediation, staff development and homeless youth activities.

CHILDCARE ASSISTANCE/BIG BUDDY PROGRAM

The *Childcare Assistance Fund* is used to account for federal funding to be used to cooperate with Big Buddy in the implementation of an extended day after school child care program.

SUMMER SCHOOL

The *Summer School Program* is designed to provide summer programs enabling students who have failed subjects to remove deficiencies, enroll in courses to enrich their educational experiences, and to enable students to take additional courses in order to meet graduation requirements. Revenues for the fund are generated through a registration fee charged to each student for each class taken.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS (continued)

YOUTH BUILD

The Youth Build grant funds is used to provide disadvantaged youth with: (1) the education and employment skills necessary to achieve economic self sufficiency in occupations in high demand and postsecondary education and training opportunities; (2) opportunities for meaningful work and service to their communities; (3) opportunities to develop employment and leadership skills; and (4) a commitment to community development among youth in low-income communities. As part of their programming, Youth Build grantees tap the energies and talents of disadvantaged youth to increase the supply of permanent affordable housing for homeless individuals and low-income families and to assist youth develop the leadership, learning, and high-demand occupational skills needed to succeed in today's global economy.

DIPLOMAS NOW

The *Diplomas Now Fund* is used to account for federal funding to be used for the participation in the Diplomas Now Secondary School Turnaround Evaluation Project with MDRC, a Delaware not-for-profit corporation.

WBRH RADIO STATION TRAINING PROGRAM

The WBRH Radio Station Training Program Fund accounts for the operations of the radio station and the training of students involved in radio training.

TECHNOLOGY LITERACY CHALLENGE (Title III)

Title III is a provision of the federally legislated Goals 2001: Educate America Act. The funds provide instructional and technical training for classroom teachers.

HEAP

The *HEAP* program provides funding to Louisiana, Mississippi, and Alabama to help recruit, retain, and compensate educators who commit to work for at least three years in an area in which a major disaster area was declared as a result of Hurricane Katrina or Hurricane Rita. Consistent with the legislation, the U.S. Department of Education will base allocations on the number of public elementary and secondary schools in each state that were closed for 19 days or more during the period beginning on Aug. 29, 2005 and ending on Dec. 31, 2005, due to Hurricane Katrina or Hurricane Rita.

SAFE & SUPPORTIVE SCHOOLS

The *Safe & Supportive Schools* fund accounts for a grant to assist persistently low performing LEAs to develop a systematic approach to improving conditions for learning by using data as a tool for identifying patterns of failure, diagnosing problems, developing appropriate interventions and strategies, and monitoring progress for continuous improvement.

POSITIVE BEHAVIORAL INTERVENTION & SUPPORT FUND

The *Positive Behavioral Intervention & Support Fund* accounts for a federal grant established by the Office of Special Education Programs, US Department of Education to give schools capacity-building information and technical assistance for identifying, adapting, and sustaining effective school-wide disciplinary practices.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS (continued)

21st CENTURY

The 21st Century Fund accounts for a federal grant, the goal of which is to provide quality after school enrichment opportunities.

STRIVING READERS

The *Striving Readers Fund* is used to increase literacy achievement for all students in federal systems, birth through grade 12. The funds are used to create sustainable systems that support implementation of Common Core State Standards and focus on: (1) School Leader and Teacher Learning Targets; (2) Assessment and Curriculum; (3) School and Teacher Collaboration; and (4) Compass Observation and Feedback.

TITLE V

The *Title V (PL 96-212) Fund* is a federally funded program which provides grants to school districts that are heavily impacted by refugee children. Services are provided to that particular student population and their parents.



Baton Rouge, Louisiana

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2014

	Title II			Exceptional Education Program	Gear Up Baton Rouge	
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Receivables:						
Accounts		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-
Due from other governments		303,883		1,633,194		-
Inventory		-				_
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	303,883	\$	1,633,194	\$	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries payable Due to other funds Unearned revenues TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	36,187 - 267,696 - 303,883	\$	358,119 - 1,275,075 - 1,633,194	\$	- - - - -
Fund balances:						
Restricted		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES				-		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	303,883	\$	1,633,194	\$	

 State Grants	alcohol and Orug Abuse	Т	areer and Cechnical	Title X		Race to the Top		romoting excellence or All Kids
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
-	20,800		1,750		8,471	-		6,317
-	1,373,848		-		-	-		-
689,212	-		165,283		60,312	22,715		523,752
-	-		-		-	-		-
\$ 689,212	\$ 1,394,648	\$	167,033	\$	68,783	\$ 22,715	\$	530,069
\$ 942 - 435,940 1	\$ 11,957 - - 1,900	\$	352 - 166,681	\$	5,903 - 62,880	\$ - - 22,714 1	\$	838 - 529,231
 436,883	 13,857		167,033		68,783	 22,715		530,069
 252,329 - 252,329	 1,380,791 - 1,380,791		- - -		- - -	 - - - -		- - -
\$ 689,212	\$ 1,394,648	\$	167,033	\$	68,783	\$ 22,715	\$	530,069

(Continued)

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-

<u>COMBINING BALANCE SHEET</u> <u>JUNE 30, 2014</u>

	Temporary Assistance For Needy Families			Textbook/ igital Media upport Fund	Continuing Education	
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Receivables:						
Accounts		-		28,977		-
Due from other funds		-		6,264,074		-
Due from other governments		380,971		-		111,415
Inventory		-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	380,971	\$	6,293,051	\$	111,415
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	5,706	\$	4,631,063	\$	6,761
Salaries payable		-		_		-
Due to other funds		375,265		_		104,654
Unearned revenues		-		_		_
TOTAL LIABILITIES		380,971		4,631,063		111,415
Fund balances:						
Restricted		-		_		_
Assigned		_		1,661,988		_
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		_		1,661,988		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	380,971	\$	6,293,051	\$	111,415

dvanced acement	 Local Grants	ldcare istance	Summer School		uth iild	iplomas Now
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
-	16,199	_		20,770	_	1,550
-	96,536	184		123,590	-	-
14,341	-	-		-	-	40,919
-	 	 		-	 	
\$ 14,341	\$ 112,735	\$ 184	\$	144,360	\$ 	\$ 42,469
\$ 14,341	\$ 3	\$ 184	\$	430	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-		-	-	12,617
-	17,456	-		40,500	-	29,852
 14,341	17,459	184		40,930	-	42,469
-	95,276	-		-	-	-
-	 -	 -		103,430	 	-
 	 95,276	 		103,430	 	
\$ 14,341	\$ 112,735	\$ 184	\$	144,360	\$ 	\$ 42,469

(Continued)

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2014

	Rac	WBRH dio Station Fraining Program	I C	chnology Literacy hallenge Fitle III)	НЕАР
ASSETS					
Cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Receivables:					
Accounts		-		-	-
Due from other funds		119,439		-	-
Due from other governments		-		43,340	54,534
Inventory					 -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	119,439	\$	43,340	\$ 54,534
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries payable	\$	8,778 -	\$	837	\$ -
Due to other funds		-		42,503	54,534
Unearned revenues					
TOTAL LIABILITIES		8,778		43,340	 54,534
Fund balances:					
Restricted		-		-	-
Assigned		110,661			 -
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		110,661			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	119,439	\$	43,340	\$ 54,534

Safe & Supportive Schools		Positive Behavioral Intervention & Support		21st Century		Stiving Readers		Titl	le V	Total			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	\$ -		-	\$	-		
	_		_		-		816		_		105,650		
	-		-		-		-		-		7,977,671		
	112,330		67		276,225		246,089		246,089 -		-		4,678,582
	- -		-		 						<u> </u>		
\$	112,330	\$	67	\$	276,225	\$ 246,905		\$ -		\$	12,761,903		
\$	21,081	\$	7 -	\$	90,173	\$	82,662	\$	-		5,276,324		
	91,249		60		186,052		164,243		-		3,791,394		
											89,710		
	112,330		67		276,225		246,905	-	-		9,157,428		
	-		-		-		-		-		1,728,396		
					_				-		1,876,079		
	-				-		-		-		3,604,475		
\$	112,330	\$	67	\$	276,225	\$	246,905	\$		\$	12,761,903		

(Concluded)

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

$\frac{\text{COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE}}{\text{FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014}}$

	Title II		Ec	Exceptional Education Program		ear Up on Rouge
REVENUES						
Local sources:	ф		ф		ф	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Sales and use tax		-		-		-
Earnings on investments		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-
State and federal:						
State equalization		-		-		-
Other state support	_	-		-		-
Federal grants		,223,870		1,151,766		157,937
TOTAL REVENUES	5,	,223,870	1	1,151,766		157,937
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>						
Current						
Instruction:						20.007
Regular education programs		-		2,043,637		28,897
Special education programs	2	506 196				111 062
Other education programs	3,	,506,186		33,108		111,863
Support:				2 21 6 400		
Pupil support services Instructional staff services	1	214 797		2,216,498		14 662
Administrative	1,	214,787		5,587,009		14,662
Business and central services		1,645		1,040		-
		-		19,302		-
Plant operations and maintenance		-		24,613		2 5 1 5
Transportation Child nutrition		-		167,762		2,515
Appropriations - Charter Schools		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		-		-		-
		722 619		0.002.060		157 027
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,	,722,618	1	0,092,969		157,937
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		501,252	-	1,058,797		
OTHER EINANGING SOURCES (1955)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in						
Transfers in	,	- (501.252)	,	1 059 707)		-
Transfers out		(501,252)		1,058,797)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	((501,252)		1,058,797)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-
Fund balance, June 30, 2013						
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$		\$		\$	

_	State Grants		Alcohol and Drug Abuse		Career and Technical Education		Title X		Race to the Top		Promote Excellence and Knowledge	
\$	-	\$	2,384,264	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		469		-		-		-		-	
	- 4,592,457		-		-		-		-		-	
	-,572,457		-		623,708		63,770		721,085		1,186,180	
	4,592,457		2,384,733		623,708		63,770		721,085		1,186,180	
									220			
	77,109		-		-		-		320		-	
	3,317,898		-		551,344		50,459		-		523,983	
	5,086		1,658,320		-		-		-		888	
	1,316,651		4,056		69,509		-		720,765		623,128	
	-		67,223		82		-		-		-	
	86,533		10,134		2,521		-		-		15	
	21,963		10,040 1,304		252		7,070		-		38,166	
			-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		-				-		-	
	4,825,240		1,751,077		623,708		57,529		721,085		1,186,180	
-	(232,783)		633,656		<u>-</u>		6,241			-		
	<u>-</u>		(121,984)		- -		(6,241)		-		-	
			(121,984)				(6,241)					
	(232,783) 485,112		511,672 869,119		-		-		-		-	
\$	252,329	\$	1,380,791	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

(Continued)

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

$\frac{\text{COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE}}{\text{FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014}}$

	Temporary Assistance For Needy Families	Textbook/ Digital Media Support Fund	Continuing Education	
REVENUES				
Local sources:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Sales and use tax	-	-	-	
Earnings on investments	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	
State and federal:				
State equalization	-	-	-	
Other state support	-	422,083	-	
Federal grants	2,682,629	_	390,400	
TOTAL REVENUES	2,682,629	422,083	390,400	
EXPENDITURES Communication of the control of the c				
Current Instruction:				
		7,891,002		
Regular education programs Special education programs	-	7,091,002	-	
Other education programs	2,467,398	-	369,879	
Support:	2,407,398	-	309,879	
Pupil support services				
Instructional staff services	183,514	94,391	2,186	
Administrative	2,697	94,391	2,180	
Business and central services	365	_	-	
Plant operations and maintenance	3,269	-	-	
Transportation Transportation	20,595	-	-	
Child nutrition	20,393	_	_	
Appropriations - Charter Schools				
Capital Outlay				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,677,838	7,985,393	372,065	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	4,791	(7,563,310)	18,335	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	800,000	-	
Transfers out	(4,791)	(23,590)	(18,335)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(4,791)	776,410	(18,335)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	(6,786,900)	-	
Fund balance, June 30, 2013		8,448,888	-	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$ -	\$ 1,661,988	\$ -	

Advanced Placement	Local Grants	Childcare Assistance	Summer School	Youth Build	Diplomas Now	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	217,876	-	123,951	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
20,471	<u> </u>	188		4,685	184,893	
20,471	217,876	188	123,951	4,685	184,893	
-	511	-	-	-	25,802	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
20,471	299,020	184	58,033	4,685	-	
_	_	_	_	_	_	
_	173,666	_	-	_	155,000	
-	5,706	-	16	-	-	
-	1,036	-	2,317	-	_	
-	1,704	-	-	-	2,411	
-	-	-	-	-	1,680	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
20,471	481,643	184	60,366	4,685	184,893	
_	(263,767)	4	63,585			
	(203,707)		03,363			
-	200,000	-	-	-	-	
		(4)			-	
	200,000	(4)				
-	(63,767)	-	63,585	-	-	
	159,043		39,845			
\$ -	\$ 95,276	\$ -	\$ 103,430	\$ -	\$ -	

(Continued)

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	WBRH Radio Station Training Program		Technology Literacy Challenge (Title III)		НЕАР
REVENUES					
Local sources:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Sales and use tax		-		-	-
Earnings on investments		-		-	-
Other		272,508		-	-
State and federal:					
State equalization		-		-	-
Other state support		-		-	-
Federal grants		-	345,8	803	257,556
		272,508	345,8		257,556
			_		
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction:					
Regular education programs		-		-	-
Special education programs		-		-	-
Other education programs		_	16,3	312	224,406
Support:					
Pupil support services		237,736	7	75	-
Instructional staff services		_	303,0)49	33,150
Administrative		_		-	-
Business and central services		_	18,8	885	-
Plant operations and maintenance		-		-	-
Transportation		_		-	-
Child nutrition		_		-	-
Appropriations - Charter Schools		_		-	-
Capital Outlay		_		_	_
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		237,736	339,0)21	257,556
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		34,772	6,7	82	-
·		<u> </u>			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		-		-	-
Transfers out		-	(6,7	(82)	-
			_		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			(6,7	(82)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		34,772		_	_
Fund balance, June 30, 2013		75,889		_	_
- and canalog, same 50, 2015		75,007			
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	110,661	\$		\$ -

Safe & Supportive Schools	Positive Behavioral Intervention & Support	21st Century	Stiving Readers	Title V	Total
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,384,264
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	614,804
					-
-	-	-	-	-	5 014 540
454,963	29,659	567,225	1,187,728	25	5,014,540 25,254,541
454,963	29,659	567,225	1,187,728	25	33,268,149
-	-	-	716,416	-	8,662,948
-	7,834	-	-	-	2,128,580
-	-	383,467	66,864	25	12,005,585
302,790	-	-	799	-	4,422,892
104,432	18,905	74,383	290,777	-	10,984,020
-	-	-	-	-	78,409
3,680	-	7	-	-	144,795
-	-	-	-	-	42,037
-	-	53,851	-	-	315,158
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	_	-	_
410,902	26,739	511,708	1,074,856	25	38,784,424
44,061	2,920	55,517	112,872		(5,516,275
-	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
(44,061)	(2,920)	(55,517)	(112,872)		(1,957,146
(44,061)	(2,920)	(55,517)	(112,872)		(957,146
_	-	-	-	-	(6,473,421
-					10,077,896
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,604,475

(Concluded)

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TITLE II SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES			
State and federal:			
Federal grants	\$ 5,601,118	\$ 5,223,870	\$ (377,248)
TOTAL REVENUES	5,601,118	5,223,870	(377,248)
EXPENDITURES			
Instruction:			
Other education programs	3,612,181	3,506,186	105,995
Support:			
Instructional staff services	1,449,527	1,214,787	234,740
Administrative	1,720	1,645	75
Business and central services	860	-	860
Plant operations and maintenance	860	-	860
Transportation			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,065,148	4,722,618	342,530
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	535,970	501,252	(34,718)
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Transfers out	(535,970)	(501,252)	34,718
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	(535,970)	(501,252)	34,718
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-
Fund Balance, June 30, 2013			
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - EXCEPTIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

			Variance
			Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES			
State and federal:			
Federal grants	\$ 11,891,371	\$ 11,151,766	\$ (739,605)
TOTAL REVENUES	11,891,371	11,151,766	(739,605)
EXPENDITURES			
Instruction:			
Special education programs	2,078,381	2,043,637	34,744
Other Education Programs	29,552	33,108	(3,556)
Support:			
Pupil support services	2,065,105	2,216,498	(151,393)
Instructional staff services	6,270,880	5,587,009	683,871
Administrative	5,954	1,040	4,914
Business and central services	15,310	19,302	(3,992)
Plant operations and maintenance	34,023	24,613	9,410
Transportation	257,772	167,762	90,010
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	10,756,977	10,092,969	664,008
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,134,394	1,058,797	(75,597)
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Transfers out	(1,134,394)	(1,058,797)	75,597
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	(1,134,394)	(1,058,797)	75,597
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-
Fund Balance, June 30, 2013	-		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - GEAR UP BATON ROUGE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget		Actual]	Variance Positive Negative)
REVENUES						
State and federal:						
Federal grants	\$	278,501	\$	157,937	\$	(120,564)
TOTAL REVENUES		278,501		157,937		(120,564)
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:						
Regular education programs		44,980		28,897		16,083
Other education programs		207,627		111,863		95,764
Support:						
Instructional staff services		18,655		14,662		3,993
Transportation		7,239		2,515		4,724
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		278,501		157,937		120,564
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES						
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out						
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-
Fund Balance, June 30, 2013						
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$		\$		\$	_

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - STATE GRANTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		
	Budget					
REVENUES	<u> </u>		110000		veguti ve)	
State and federal:						
State support	\$ 4,648,002	\$	4,592,457	\$	(55,545)	
TOTAL REVENUES	4,648,002		4,592,457		(55,545)	
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:						
Regular education programs	-		-		-	
Special education programs	101,776		77,109		24,667	
Other education programs	3,301,069		3,317,898		(16,829)	
Support:						
Pupil support services	16,129		5,086		11,043	
Instructional staff services	1,582,941		1,316,651		266,290	
Administrative	-		-		-	
Business and central services	92,014		86,533		5,481	
Plant operations and maintenance	-		-		-	
Transportation	39,185		21,963		17,222	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 5,133,114		4,825,240		307,874	
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (485,112)		(232,783)		252,329	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(485,112)		(232,783)		252,329	
Fund balance, June 30, 2013	 485,112		485,112			
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$ 	\$	252,329	\$	252,329	

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget	V: P Budget Actual (No	
REVENUES			
Local sources:			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,384,071	\$ 2,384,264	\$ 193
Other	-	469	469
TOTAL REVENUES	2,384,071	2,384,733	662
EXPENDITURES			
Support:			
Pupil support services	2,235,760	1,658,320	577,440
Instructional staff services	2,500	4,056	(1,556)
Administrative	71,400	67,223	4,177
Business and central services	17,000	10,134	6,866
Plant operations and maintenance	12,000	10,040	1,960
Transportation		1,304	(1,304)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,338,660	1,751,077	587,583
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	45,411	633,656	588,245
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Transfers out		(121,984)	(121,984)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES		(121,984)	(121,984)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	45,411	511,672	466,261
Fund Balance, June 30, 2013	869,119	869,119	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$ 914,530	\$ 1,380,791	\$ 466,261

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	1	Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					_	
State and federal:						
Federal grants	\$	651,832	\$	623,708	\$	(28,124)
TOTAL REVENUES		651,832		623,708		(28,124)
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:						
Other education programs		571,718		551,344		20,374
Support:						
Instructional staff services		74,022		69,509		4,513
Administrative		82		82		-
Business and central services		5,000		2,521		2,479
Transportation		1,010		252		758
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		651,832		623,708		28,124
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-
Fund Balance, June 30, 2013						
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$		\$		\$	

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TITLE X - HOMELESS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Variance Positive Budget Actual (Negative) **REVENUES** State and federal: Federal grants 81,085 63,770 (17,315)TOTAL REVENUES 81,085 63,770 (17,315)**EXPENDITURES** Instruction: Other education programs 67,269 50,459 16,810 Business and central services Transportation 5,880 7,070 (1,190)TOTAL EXPENDITURES 73,149 57,529 15,620 7,936 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 6,241 (1,695)**OTHER FINANCING USES** Transfers out (7,936)(6,241)1,695 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES (7,936)(6,241)1,695 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE Fund balance, June 30, 2013

FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - RACE TO THE TOP SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

			Variance Positive (Negative)		
	Budget	Actual			
REVENUES					
State and federal:					
Federal grants	\$ 721,085	\$ 721,085	\$ -		
TOTAL REVENUES	721,085	721,085	-		
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction:					
Regular education programs	320	320	-		
Support:					
Instructional staff services	720,765	720,765	-		
Business and central services	-	-	-		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	721,085	721,085			
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-		
Fund balance, June 30, 2013					
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ -		

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PROMOTING EXCELLENCE FOR ALL KIDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget			Actual	Varia Posit (Nega	ive
REVENUES						
State and federal:						
Federal grants	\$	1,186,180	\$	1,186,180	\$	-
TOTAL REVENUES		1,186,180		1,186,180		
EXPENDITURES Instruction:						
Other education programs		523,983		523,983		_
Support:						
Pupil Support Services		888		888		_
Instructional staff services		623,128		623,128		_
Administrative		-		-		-
Business and central services		15		15		-
Transportation		38,166		38,166		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,186,180		1,186,180		-
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		-		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		-		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-
Fund balance, June 30, 2013		-				
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES				
State and federal:				
Federal grants	\$ 2,691,313	\$ 2,682,629	\$ (8,684)	
TOTAL REVENUES	2,691,313	2,682,629	(8,684)	
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction:				
Other education programs	2,475,874	2,467,398	8,476	
Support				
Instructional staff services	183,514	183,514	-	
Administrative	2,677	2,697	(20)	
Business and central services	385	365	20	
Plant operations and maintenance	3,177	3,269	(92)	
Transportation	20,596	20,595	1	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,686,223	2,677,838	8,385	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	5,090	4,791	(299)	
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out	(5,090)	(4,791)	299	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	(5,090)	(4,791)	299	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	
Fund balance, June 30, 2013				
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TEXTBOOK / DIGITAL MEDIA SUPPORT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES						
State and federal:						
Other state support	\$	451,421	\$	422,083	\$	(29,338)
TOTAL REVENUES		451,421		422,083		(29,338)
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:						
Regular education programs		9,437,859		7,891,002		1,546,857
Support:						
Instructional staff services		95,121		94,391		730
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		9,532,980		7,985,393		1,547,587
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(9,081,559)		(7,563,310)		1,518,249
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		800,000		800,000		-
Transfers out		-		(23,590)		(23,590)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		800,000		776,410		(23,590)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(8,281,559)		(6,786,900)		1,494,659
Fund balance, June 30, 2013		8,423,984		8,448,888		24,904
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	142,425	\$	1,661,988	\$	1,519,563

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CONTINUING EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES						
State and federal:						
Federal grants	\$	478,262	\$	390,400	\$	(87,862)
TOTAL REVENUES		478,262		390,400		(87,862)
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:						
Other education programs		453,630		369,879		83,751
Support:						
Instructional staff services		3,390		2,186		1,204
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		457,020		372,065		84,955
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		21,242		18,335		(2,907)
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out		(21,242)		(18,335)		2,907
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES		(21,242)		(18,335)		2,907
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-
Fund balance, June 30, 2013						
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ADVANCED PLACEMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

					Variance Positive
	 Budget	_	Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES					
State and federal:					
Federal grants	\$ 20,471	\$	20,471	\$	-
TOTAL REVENUES	 20,471	_	20,471	_	
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction:					
Other education programs	20,471		20,471		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 20,471		20,471		-
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	_		_		_
		_		_	
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out	 -	_	-	_	_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	 -	_	-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		-		-
Fund balance, June 30, 2013	 	_		_	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$ -	\$ _	-	\$_	

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

$\frac{\text{SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - LOCAL GRANTS}}{\text{SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -}}{\text{BUDGET AND ACTUAL}}$

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Local sources:				
Other	\$	215,781 \$	217,876 \$	2,095
TOTAL REVENUES	_	215,781	217,876	2,095
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction:				
Regular Education Programs		806	511	295
Other education programs		352,234	299,020	53,214
Support:				
Instructional staff services		172,281	173,666	(1,385)
Administrative		5,724	5,706	18
Business and central services		1,525	1,036	489
Plant operations and maintenance		2,304	1,704	600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	534,874	481,643	53,231
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	(319,093)	(263,767)	55,326
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in		200,000	200,000	-
Transfers out	_			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	_	200,000	200,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(119,093)	(63,767)	55,326
Fund balance, June 30, 2013	_	159,043	159,043	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	39,950 \$	95,276 \$	55,326

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CHILDCARE ASSISTANCE (BIG BUDDY) SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	•	Budget	-	1100001	_	(Freguerre)
State and federal:						
Federal grants	\$	188	\$	188	\$	_
TOTAL REVENUES	_	188	_	188	· -	-
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:						
Regular Education Programs		184		-		184
Other education programs		-		184		(184)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	184	_	184	- -	-
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		4		4	· <u>-</u>	
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out	_	(4)	_	(4)	· <u>-</u>	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	_	(4)	_	(4)	· -	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-
Fund balance, June 30, 2013	_		_	-	_	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SUMMER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

						Variance
						Positive
	_	Budget		Actual	_	(Negative)
REVENUES						
Local sources:						
Other	\$	116,350	\$	123,951	\$	7,601
TOTAL REVENUES		116,350	_	123,951	_	7,601
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:						
Other education programs		92,650		58,033		34,617
Support:						
Administrative		20		16		4
Business and central services		2,400		2,317		83
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		95,070		60,366	_	34,704
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	_	21,280	_	63,585	· -	42,305
Fund balance, June 30, 2013	_	39,846	_	39,845	. <u>-</u>	(1)
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	61,126	\$	103,430	\$	42,304

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - YOUTH BUILD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	_	Budget	_	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
State and federal:						
Federal grants	\$	4,684	\$	4,685	\$	1
TOTAL REVENUES		4,684	_	4,685	_	1
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:						
Other education programs		4,684		4,685		(1)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,684		4,685	_	(1)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	_	-		-	_	
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out		-		-	_	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	_	-			_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-
Fund balance, June 30, 2013		-	_	-	. <u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - DIPLOMAS NOW SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	-		-		-	· · · · ·
State and federal:						
Federal grants	\$	184,893	\$	184,893	\$	-
TOTAL REVENUES	_	184,893	_	184,893	_	-
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:						
Regular education programs		25,802		25,802		-
Support:						
Instructional staff services		155,000		155,000		-
Administrative		-		-		-
Business and central services		-		-		-
Plant operations and maintenance		2,411		2,411		-
Transportation	_	1,680	_	1,680	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	184,893	_	184,893	. <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	_	-	_	-		
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers in		-		-		-
Transfers out	_	-	_	-		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	_	-	_	-	. <u>-</u>	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-
Fund balance, June 30, 2013	_	-	. <u> </u>	-	_	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$_	-	\$ _	-	\$	_

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - WBRH RADIO STATION TRAINING PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	-	Buaget	-	7 ictuar	_	(Negative)
Local sources:						
Other	\$	269,000	\$	272,508	\$	3,508
TOTAL REVENUES	_	269,000	_	272,508	_	3,508
EXPENDITURES						
Support:						
Pupil support services		262,877		237,736		25,141
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	262,877	_	237,736		25,141
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		6,123		34,772		28,649
Fund balance, June 30, 2013	_	75,889	. <u>-</u>	75,889		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	82,012	\$	110,661	\$	28,649

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TECHNOLOGY LITERACY CHALLENGE (TITLE III) SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

				Variance Positive
	_	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
State and federal:				
Federal grants	\$	476,937 \$	345,803 \$	(131,134)
TOTAL REVENUES		476,937	345,803	(131,134)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction:				
Other education programs		58,490	16,312	42,178
Support:				
Pupil support services		889	775	114
Instructional staff services		385,091	303,049	82,042
Administrative		445	-	445
Business and central services		22,670	18,885	3,785
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	467,585	339,021	128,564
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		9,352	6,782	(2,570)
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out		(9,352)	(6,782)	2,570
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	_	(9,352)	(6,782)	2,570
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	-	-
Fund balance, June 30, 2013		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	<u> </u>	\$	

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - HEAP SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

<u>REVENUES</u>	_	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
State and federal:				
Federal grants	\$	257,556 \$	257,556 \$	-
TOTAL REVENUES		257,556	257,556	-
EXPENDITURES Instruction: Other education programs		224,406	224,406	_
Support:		221,100	221,100	
Instructional staff services		33,150	33,150	_
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		257,556	257,556	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE				-
Fund balance, June 30, 2013		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	<u> </u>	- \$	

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SAFE AND SUPPORTIVE SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	_			(= g)
State and federal:				
Federal grants	\$	454,963 \$	454,963 \$	-
TOTAL REVENUES	_	454,963	454,963	-
EXPENDITURES				
Support:				
Pupil support services		302,791	302,790	1
Instructional staff services		104,432	104,432	-
Administrative		-	-	-
Business and Central Services		3,680	3,680	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	410,903	410,902	1
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	_	44,060	44,061	1
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out	_	(44,060)	(44,061)	(1)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	_	(44,060)	(44,061)	(1)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	-	-
Fund balance, June 30, 2013	_		<u>-</u> .	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	- \$	- \$	-

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - POSITIVE BEHAVIORAL INTERVENTION AND SUPPORT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

]	Budget		Budget Actual		Actual		ariance Positive Jegative)
REVENUES								
State and federal:								
Federal grants	\$	41,125	\$	29,659	\$	(11,466)		
TOTAL REVENUES		41,125		29,659		(11,466)		
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction:								
Special Education Programs		13,454		7,834		5,620		
Support:								
Instructional staff services		22,709		18,905		3,804		
Business and central services		937		-		937		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		37,100		26,739		10,361		
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		4,025		2,920		(1,105)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		
Transfers out		(4,025)		(2,920)		1,105		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(4,025)		(2,920)		1,105		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		
Fund balance, June 30, 2013								
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-		

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - 21ST CENTURY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget	Actual	I	Variance Positive Jegative)
REVENUES	 			
State and federal:				
Federal grants	\$ 660,000	\$ 567,225	\$	(92,775)
TOTAL REVENUES	660,000	567,225		(92,775)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction:				
Other education programs	428,176	383,467		44,709
Support:				
Instructional staff services	95,037	74,383		20,654
Administrative	7,500	-		7,500
Business and Central Services	4,895	7		4,888
Plant Operations and Maintenance	59,795	-		59,795
Transportation	-	53,851		(53,851)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	595,403	511,708		83,695
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 64,597	 55,517		(9,080)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(64,597)	(55,517)		9,080
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(64,597)	(55,517)		9,080
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-		-
Fund balance, June 30, 2013	 			
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$ -	\$ 	\$	

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - STRIVING READER'S COMPREHENSIVE LITERACY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget	Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
REVENUES				
State and federal:				
Federal grants	\$ 1,828,940	\$	1,187,728	\$ (641,212)
TOTAL REVENUES	1,828,940		1,187,728	(641,212)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction:				
Regular education programs	1,165,314		716,416	448,898
Other education programs	164,827		66,864	97,963
Support:				
Pupil Support Services	33,317		799	32,518
Instructional staff services	292,683		290,777	1,906
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,656,141		1,074,856	581,285
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	172,799		112,872	(59,927)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-		-	-
Transfers out	(172,799)		(112,872)	59,927
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(172,799)		(112,872)	59,927
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		-	-
Fund balance, June 30, 2013	 			
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$ -	\$	-	\$

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TITLE V SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Buc	lget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES			-			
State and federal:						
Federal grants	\$	-	\$	25	\$	25
TOTAL REVENUES		-		25		25
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:						
Other education programs		-		25		(25)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		25		(25)
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-
Fund balance, June 30, 2013						
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2014	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND

The Workers' Compensation Fund is designed to protect the School System against catastrophic losses in a single year in the area of employee related accidents.

RISK MANAGEMENT FUND

The Risk Management Fund is designed to account for the School System's property, general and automobile liability.

MEDICAL INSURANCE FUND

The Medical Insurance Fund accounts for the activity of the School System's managed health care program for its employees.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2014

	_	Workers' Compensation Fund	_	Risk Management Fund	_	Medical Insurance Fund		Total Internal Service Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Current:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,510,933	\$	32	\$		\$	2,510,965
Due from other funds		4,580,953		14,910,065		71,229,449		90,720,467
Reimbursement receivable	_	-	-	-		685,804	. <u>-</u>	685,804
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ _	7,091,886	\$	14,910,097	\$ _	71,915,253	\$	93,917,236
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION								
Liabilities:								
Current:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	24,777	\$	926,491	\$	951,268
Claims payable		2,018,138		688,024		5,311,436		8,017,598
Noncurrent:								
Claims payable		2,366,070		1,633,543		-		3,999,613
Net post-employment benefit obligation		-		-		317,325,106		317,325,106
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	4,384,208	-	2,346,344	-	323,563,033	_	330,293,585
Net position - unrestricted	_	2,707,678	_	12,563,753	_	(251,647,780)	. <u> </u>	(236,376,349)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$_	7,091,886	\$	14,910,097	\$	71,915,253	\$	93,917,236

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

$\underline{\textbf{COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION}}$

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Con	orkers' pensation Fund	_	Risk Management Fund	. <u>-</u>	Medical Insurance Fund		Total Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES								
Premiums received	\$1	,803,935	\$_	2,616,938	\$	77,962,112 \$	S	82,382,985
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	1	,803,935	_	2,616,938		77,962,112		82,382,985
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Claims expense	3	3,512,758		1,960,969		67,070,081		72,543,808
Insurance premiums		310,977		-		587,157		898,134
Post-employment benefit obligation incurred								
in excess of payments		-		-		3,763,076		3,763,076
Materials and supplies		-		-		1,347		1,347
Administrative fees		217	_	285,068		3,139,689		3,424,974
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	3	3,823,952	_	2,246,037		74,561,350		80,631,339
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(2	2,020,017)	_	370,901		3,400,762		1,751,646
NON-OPERATING REVENUES								
Interest income		10,222		-		-		10,222
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES		10,222	_	-	_			10,222
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(2	2,009,795)		370,901		3,400,762		1,761,868
TRANSFERS IN	1	,500,000	_		. <u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	-	1,500,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(509,795)		370,901		3,400,762		3,261,868
NET POSITION at JUNE 30, 2013	\$3	3,217,473	\$_	12,192,852	\$	(255,048,542) \$	S	(239,638,217)
NET POSITION at JUNE 30, 2014	\$2	2,707,678	\$ _	12,563,753	\$	(251,647,780) \$	s	(236,376,349)

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	-	Workers' Compensation Fund	Risk Management Fund		Medical Insurance Fund	Total Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash premiums received	\$	1,803,935 \$	2,616,938	¢	78,805,642 \$	83,226,515
Cash paid in claims and benefits	Ф	(3,392,945)	(2,209,294)	Ф	(70,067,453)	(75,669,692)
Cash paid for expenses		(217)	(260,952)		(2,850,698)	(3,111,867)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-	(1,589,227)	146,692		5,887,491	4,444,956
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Interfund transfers and advances	_	1,491,142	(156,704)		(5,887,491)	(4,553,053)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-	1,491,142	(156,704)		(5,887,491)	(4,553,053)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest Income		10,222			_	10,222
NET CASH PROVIDED BY	-	10,222		_	 -	10,222
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_	10,222		_	<u> </u>	10,222
NET CHANGE IN CASH		(87,863)	(10,012)		-	(97,875)
Cash at beginning of year	-	2,598,796	10,044	_	<u> </u>	2,608,840
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$	2,510,933 \$	32	\$	<u> </u>	2,510,965
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities						
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	(2,020,017) \$	370,901	\$	3,400,762 \$	1,751,646
Changes in: Reimbursement receivables		_	-		843,528	843,528
Accounts, claims payable and postemployment benefits		430,790	(224,209)	_	1,643,201	1,849,782
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(1,589,227) \$	146,692	\$	5,887,491 \$	4,444,956
	=			_	:	

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE - AGENCY FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

CONSOLIDATED PAYROLL FUND

The *Consolidated Payroll Fund* was established to account for the payroll deductions and withholdings for all employees paid by the School System.

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND

The activities of the various individual school accounts are accounted for in the *School Activity Fund*. While the fund is under the supervision of the School System, these monies belong to the individual schools or their student bodies and are not available for use by the School System.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES June 30, 2014

	Consolidated Payroll Fund			School Activity Fund		Agency Total
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	4,534,131	\$	4,534,131
Accounts receivable		160,007		-		160,007
Due from other funds		16,945,067		-		16,945,067
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	17,105,074	\$	4,534,131	\$	21,639,205
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Benefits payable	\$	5,896,705	\$	-	\$	5,896,705
Salaries payable		10,566,093		-		10,566,093
Payroll withholdings payable		298,925		-		298,925
Amounts held for other groups		343,351		4,534,131		4,877,482
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	17,105,074	\$	4,534,131	\$	21,639,205

AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

CONSOLIDATED PAYROLL FUND	-	Balance June 30, 2013		Additions	_	Deductions	<u>_</u>]	Balance June 30, 2014
· ·								
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	2,728,317	\$	2,728,317	\$	-
Accounts receivable		173,502		1,213,891		1,227,386		160,007
Due from other funds		16,162,604	. —	538,852,955	. –	538,070,492		16,945,067
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ =	16,336,106	\$ <u></u>	542,795,163	\$_	542,026,195	\$_	17,105,074
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	54,782	\$	93,263,035	\$	92,974,466	\$	343,351
Benefits payable	Ψ	5,165,360	Ψ	97,551,408	Ψ	96,820,063	Ψ	5,896,705
Salaries payable		10,152,683		16,346,329		15,932,919		10,566,093
Payroll withholdings payable		963,281		74,418,339		75,082,695		298,925
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	16,336,106	\$	281,579,111	\$	280,810,143	\$	17,105,074
TOTAL EMBETTES	Ψ =	10,330,100	Ψ=	201,377,111	Ψ=	200,010,143	Ψ=	17,103,074
SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND								
A COPIEC								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	ф	4 202 556	ф	0.610.024	ф	0.260.240	ф	4.524.121
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ =	4,282,556	⁵ =	9,619,824	\$=	9,368,249	\$_	4,534,131
LIABILITIES								
Amounts held for other groups		4,282,556		9,619,824		9,368,249		4,534,131
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	4,282,556	<u> </u>	9,619,824	\$	9,368,249	\$	4,534,131
TOTAL LIABILITIES	Φ =	4,282,330	Ψ=	9,019,824	Φ=	9,308,249	Ψ_	4,334,131
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,282,556	\$	12,348,141	\$	12,096,566	\$	4,534,131
Accounts receivable	7	173,502	-	1,213,891	_	1,227,386	_	160,007
Due from other funds		16,162,604		538,852,955		538,070,492		16,945,067
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	20,618,662	\$	552,414,987	\$	551,394,444	\$	21,639,205
	=		_		_	, ,	_	, ,
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	54,782	\$	93,263,035	\$	92,974,466	\$	343,351
Benefits payable		5,165,360		97,551,408		96,820,063		5,896,705
Salaries payable		10,152,683		16,346,329		15,932,919		10,566,093
Payroll withholdings payable		963,281		74,418,339		75,082,695		298,925
Amounts held for other groups	_	4,282,556	_	9,619,824		9,368,249	_	4,534,131
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	20,618,662	\$	291,198,935	\$	290,178,392	\$	21,639,205

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

$\frac{\text{COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS - BY SOURCES}}{\text{JUNE 30, 2014 AND 2013}}$

	2014			2013
Capital assets:				
Land	\$	10,039,830	\$	10,039,830
Buildings and improvements		574,242,240		531,412,300
Furniture and equipment		55,520,007		52,599,194
Construction in progress		13,845,101		28,573,490
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	653,647,178	\$	622,624,814
Capital assets from:				
Capital projects fund	\$	224,605,538	\$	222,484,027
Other governmental funds		429,041,640		400,140,787
TOTAL ASSETS AT COST	\$	653,647,178	\$	622,624,814

$\underline{\textbf{EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH SCHOOL SYSTEM}}$

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

$\frac{\text{SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS AT COST - BY FUNCTION}}{\text{\underline{JUNE 30, 2014}}}$

<u>Function</u>	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Furniture and Equipment	Construction in Progress	Total
Administrative Instructional Maintenance	\$ 1,902,168 7,397,362 740,300	\$ 292,627,420 269,306,236 12,308,584	\$ 36,217,486 11,647,962 7,654,559	\$ - 13,845,101 	\$ 330,747,074 302,196,661 20,703,443
TOTAL	\$ 10,039,830	\$ 574,242,240	\$ 55,520,007	\$ 13,845,101	\$ 653,647,178

$\underline{\textbf{EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH SCHOOL SYSTEM}}$

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS - BY FUNCTION FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

<u>Function</u>	Capital Assets June 30, 2013	Additions	Adjustments and Deductions	Capital Assets June 30, 2014	
Administrative Instructional Maintenance	\$ 283,677,079 317,881,678 21,066,057	\$ 47,254,112 28,259,980	\$ (184,117) (43,944,997) (362,614)	\$ 330,747,074 302,196,661 20,703,443	
TOTAL	\$ 622,624,814	\$ 75,514,092	\$ (44,491,728)	\$ 653,647,178	

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SCHEDULE DESCRIPTIONS

This part of the School System's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information states about the School System's overall financial health.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to assist the reader in understanding how the School System's financial position and well-being have changed over time.

- Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Changes in Net Positions Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

REVENUE CAPACITY

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the School System's ability to generate own-source revenues, namely the property tax.

- Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Tax Years
- Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago
- Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Tax Years
- Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Tax Years
- Sales Tax Revenues Last Ten Calendar Years
- Taxable Sales by Category General Sales and Use Tax Last Ten Calendar Years

DEBT CAPACITY

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the School System's current levels of outstanding debt and the School System's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

- Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Tax Years
- Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt December 31, 2013

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the School System's financial activities take place.

- Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

STATISTICAL SCHEDULE DESCRIPTIONS (continued)

OPERATING INFORMATION

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the School System's financial report related to the services the School System provides and the activities it performs.

- General Fund Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years
- General Fund Expenditures by Function Per Pupil Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Full-Time Equivalents (FTE) Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Board Members' Compensation June 30, 2014
- Percentage of Free and Reduced Students in Lunch Program Last Ten Fiscal Years
- History of High School Graduates Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Capital Asset Information June 30, 2014

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

Invested in	capital
-------------	---------

Fiscal	asse	ts, net of related					
Year		debt	 Restricted		Unrestricted		Total
2014	\$	371,549,301	\$ 48,117,058	\$	(162,376,039)	\$	257,290,320
2013		361,809,173	46,195,170		(165,445,855)		242,558,488
2012		349,313,928	49,504,006		(187,209,428)		211,608,506
2011		379,759,677	96,662,363		(192,615,937)		283,806,103
2010		352,668,073	91,857,547		(66,559,604)		377,966,016
2009		281,132,961	84,410,575		65,062,729		430,606,265
2008		235,484,078	75,886,498		122,596,651		433,967,227
2007		225,764,035	69,254,835		143,642,384		438,661,254
2006		211,533,500	46,052,683		90,339,890		347,926,073
2005		186,734,515	37,821,604		25,271,626		249,827,745

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

$\frac{\textbf{EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH SCHOOL SYSTEM}}{\textbf{Baton Rouge, Louisiana}}$

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual	hacic	ηf	accounting)
(acci uai	Dasis	υı	accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,							
		2014	2013	_	2012	 2011		2010
Expenses:								
Instruction:								
Regular education programs	\$	173,794,640	\$ 166,761,292	\$	199,480,235	\$ 214,794,838	\$	197,330,683
Special education programs		57,490,323	57,305,312		73,714,250	92,045,305		83,744,138
Other education programs		52,078,224	48,716,438		64,211,155	60,042,894		56,136,836
Support Services:								
Pupil support services		37,637,652	37,476,046		44,525,856	34,477,380		30,982,621
Instructional staff services		31,236,178	28,821,107		41,101,013	39,091,876		37,438,125
General administration services		12,101,634	11,566,092		9,706,926	10,064,362		11,257,093
School administration services		23,779,907	22,635,270		26,963,241	28,448,781		26,058,480
Business and central services		13,317,741	13,201,479		15,509,911	16,195,230		16,874,276
Plant operations and maintenance		44,634,845	45,494,613		47,033,116	46,837,442		50,109,266
Transportation		33,446,284	32,711,351		42,387,607	42,131,846		37,931,834
Child nutrition		25,166,216	25,129,227		30,859,672	31,334,103		31,809,215
Community service		12,350	12,350		12,350	-		-
Facility and acquisition		4,086,989	243,049		7,312,648	8,731,817		-
Appropriations								
Charter schools - Type 1		23,267,445	20,334,144		16,846,160	13,056,227		6,159,590
Charter schools - Type 2		6,982,719	2,415,638		1,909,350	1,054,344		495,088
Office of Juvenile Justice		184,554	178,789		183,996	134,816		-
Autonomous schools		-	-		-	_		3,472,933
Magnet programs		5,905,611	5,077,260		5,197,073	5,389,646		5,498,870
Recovery School District		12,898,005	13,418,315		13,164,716	12,337,740		15,497,211
Interest on long-term debt		436,995	273,860		339,077	 273,764		97,639
Total expenses		558,458,312	531,771,632		640,458,352	 656,442,411		610,893,898
Program revenues:								
Charges for services:								
Instruction		913,741	787,634		724,526	677,405		577,177
Transportation		495,273	602,043		251,955	180,487		310,128
Child nutrition		1,795,086	1,983,312		3,464,186	3,860,288		3,804,313
Appropriation - Recovery School District		1,793,080	1,905,512		17,735	3,800,288		3,004,313
		70 240 729	72 252 297			102 129 266		101 660 216
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		79,340,738 -	72,252,287		92,145,141	 103,128,266		101,660,316
Total program revenues		82,544,838	75,625,276		96,603,543	107,846,446		106,351,934
			<u> </u>					
Net (expense) revenue		(475,913,474)	(456,146,356)		(543,854,809)	(548,595,965)		(504,541,964)
General revenues and other changes								
in net assets:								
Taxes:								
Ad valorem taxes		147,294,070	140,657,409		134,574,676	132,400,271		130,529,260
State revenue sharing		4,076,099	4,077,884		4,068,306	4,091,169		4,120,396
Sales and use taxes		165,634,180	164,449,406		157,956,316	148,089,339		148,522,401
State aid not restricted to specific								
programs (MFP)		166,898,493	170,020,862		167,201,434	156,931,390		160,178,060
Interest and investment earnings		891,003	971,217		1,232,320	1,754,948		1,859,214
Miscellaneous		5,851,461	6,937,560		6,624,160	11,168,935		6,692,384
Special items:								
Insurance proceeds from hurricane damage		-		_		 -		
Total general revenues and other								
changes in net position		490,645,306	487,114,338		471,657,212	 454,436,052		451,901,715
Change in net position	\$	14,731,832	\$ 30,967,982	\$	(72,197,597)	\$ (94,159,913)	\$	(52,640,249)

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

	2009	2008	cal Year Ended June 2007	2006	2005
	2009	2008	2007	2000	2003
\$	193,256,967	¢ 100 005 571	£ 147.101.404	\$ 147,701,382	¢ 127.012.14
Ф	84,207,341	\$ 190,985,571 79,117,298	\$ 147,101,404		\$ 127,813,14 55,085,92
	52,820,122	49,844,776	64,221,602 47,481,748	58,496,304 46,296,059	41,560,47
	32,820,122	49,044,770	47,401,740	40,290,039	41,300,47
	32,055,789	29,426,019	24,594,812	20,449,183	19,246,25
	29,918,654	24,761,466	19,378,843	17,540,587	14,335,48
	15,146,599	10,506,826	9,692,604	9,311,757	9,539,62
	25,249,342	22,837,449	18,682,580	17,754,035	17,404,39
	15,647,847	15,052,779	12,564,091	10,969,154	10,953,06
	49,298,527	50,997,356	47,877,600	45,462,490	45,399,34
	28,826,910	41,999,471	25,988,683	26,181,964	23,512,19
	29,380,944	31,101,167	26,189,372	25,679,703	25,339,11
	-	-	-	-	
	5,569,811	4,646,825	3,804,070	3,273,244	2,846,53
	-	-	-	-	2,040,33
	-	-	-	-	
	2,664,909	3,166,495	-	-	
	4,908,800	4,720,754	-	-	
	6,855,629	-	-	-	21,27
	575 909 101	550 164 252	447 577 400	420 115 962	202.056.92
	575,808,191	559,164,252	447,577,409	429,115,862	393,056,83
	716,350	667,546	871,051	810,410	813,24
	295,553	174,638	174,406	195,970	173,95
	3,373,217	3,906,830	4,083,381	3,156,100	3,962,80
	89,998,650	88,464,134	83,486,873	114,391,369	67,551,20
	93,700	32,283	405,775	173,419	
	94,477,470	93,245,431	89,021,486	118,727,268	72,501,21
	(481,330,721)	(465,918,821)	(358,555,923)	(310,388,594)	(320,555,61
	123,898,731	113,007,257	107,347,430	98,852,998	94,212,70
	4,191,022	4,193,013	3,873,354	3,692,262	3,722,44
	160,847,779	158,700,630	159,512,971	156,104,231	128,856,90
	170,986,921	170,686,913	161,556,552	141,675,723	122,712,37
	3,455,361	9,469,907	8,308,087	4,121,466	1,877,17
	8,040,028	5,167,074	8,692,710	4,040,242	3,306,79
	6,549,917				
	_	_	_	_	
	477,969,759	461,224,794	449,291,104	408,486,922	354,688,39

<u>\$ (3,360,962)</u> <u>\$ (4,694,027)</u> <u>\$ 90,735,181</u> <u>\$ 98,098,328</u> <u>\$ 34,132,777</u>

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

$\frac{\text{FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}{\text{LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS}}$

(modified accural basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year

As required by GASB 54	2014	2013	2012	2011	
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 119,607	\$ 118,775	\$ 116,832	\$ 139,127	
Assigned	38,466,335	41,232,504	43,922,457	47,014,488	
Unassigned	44,856,340	36,203,772	16,830,641	25,446,776	
Total general fund	83,442,282	77,555,051	60,869,930	72,600,391	
All Other Governmental Funds*					
Nonspendable	342,685	384,224	279,266	200,206	
Restricted	54,444,199	51,934,101	54,661,644	89,167,849	
Assigned	1,876,079	8,564,622	10,956,930	10,919,512	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 56,662,963	\$ 60,882,947	\$ 65,897,840	\$ 100,287,567	

Prior to implementation of GASB 54

	General Fund					All Other Governmental Funds							
F: 1									Reserved Reported in Special		Reserved Reported in Capital		Total all other Govern-
Fiscal Year		Reserved		Unreserved	Total	Unreserved/ Reserved*		Revenue Funds		3		mental Funds	
2010	\$	4,098,888	\$	97,670,647	\$ 101,769,535	\$	13,220,759	\$	20,630,145	\$	81,509,852	\$	115,360,756
2009		16,206,286		101,770,375	117,976,661		7,702,378		38,610,058		40,402,353		86,714,789
2008		9,831,121		125,862,534	135,693,655		25,043,719		41,170,602		11,749,858		77,964,179
2007		6,154,589		110,869,281	117,023,870		15,316,763		42,537,926		13,063,990		70,918,679
2006		2,871,392		81,894,100	84,765,492		30,239,225		35,421,305		(19,107,409)		46,553,121
2005		5,162,226		28,951,745	34,113,971		31,947,471		26,220,068		(20,382,621)		37,784,918

^{*} Includes Child Nutrition and Other Non Major Funds.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports



Baton Rouge, Louisiana

$\frac{\text{CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}{\text{LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS}}$

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisc	al Year Ended June	30,	
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
DEVENING					
REVENUES Local sources:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 147,294,070	\$ 140,657,409	\$ 134,574,676	\$ 132,400,271	\$ 130,529,260
Sales and use taxes	165,634,180	164,449,406	157,956,316	148,089,339	148,522,401
Earnings on investments	880,781	959,634	1,221,212	1,740,858	1,845,483
_	789,790	658,486	578,244	482,075	447,254
Extended day program tuition Other		9,750,960	10,587,203		
State sources:	8,334,939	9,730,900	10,367,203	13,435,129	11,083,278
Unrestricted state sources - other	166 909 402	170 002 962	167,201,434	156 021 200	160 179 060
	166,898,493	170,002,862		156,931,390	160,178,060
Revenue sharing	4,076,099 7,065,243	4,077,884	4,068,306	4,091,169	4,120,396
Restricted grants-in-aid	, ,	3,905,634	6,114,307	5,222,662	10,040,474
Federal grants	72,275,495	68,346,653	86,030,834	97,905,604	91,619,842
TOTAL REVENUES	573,249,090	562,808,928	568,332,532	560,298,497	558,386,448
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular education programs	152,332,858	145,820,274	155,290,378	170,104,809	161,789,375
Special education programs	57,919,164	57,275,064	61,754,471	77,855,480	73,012,713
Other education programs	52,481,077	48,703,565	58,744,531	55,847,391	53,405,603
Support:					
Pupil support services	37,695,876	37,492,495	39,087,030	30,555,674	28,160,148
Instructional staff services	31,257,818	28,856,902	37,247,301	35,049,631	34,540,794
General administration services	12,480,269	12,180,417	11,135,312	11,060,820	11,008,972
School administration services	23,867,132	22,668,941	22,994,988	24,040,471	22,650,343
Business and central services	13,121,530	12,979,552	13,274,927	14,155,985	15,110,346
Plant operations and maintenance	55,175,198	47,681,307	47,136,285	47,001,038	48,586,370
Transportation	33,431,655	30,184,193	34,069,666	34,127,663	32,020,023
Child nutrition	25,427,893	25,280,199	25,697,215	26,171,370	28,433,630
Appropriations	23, 127,073	23,200,177	23,077,213	20,171,370	20,133,030
Charter schools Type 1	23,267,445	20,334,144	16,846,160	13,056,227	6,159,590
Charter schools Type 2	6,982,719	2,415,638	1,909,350	1,054,344	495,088
Office of Juvenile Justice	184,554	178,789	183,996	134,816	473,000
Autonomous schools	104,554	170,707	103,770	134,010	3,472,933
Magnet programs	5,905,611	5,077,260	5,197,073	5,389,646	5,498,870
Recovery School District	12,898,005	13,418,315	13,164,716	12,337,740	15,497,211
Settlement agreement	12,090,003	13,416,313	13,104,710	12,337,740	13,497,211
_	22 400 061	25 960 000	-	- 66 410 720	27 277 222
Capital outlay	22,400,061	35,869,090	66,349,284	66,419,730	27,277,323
Community Service	12,350	12,350	12,350	1 502 100	162.626
Debt service - Principal	2,948,199	2,948,198	2,948,199	1,503,198	163,636
Debt service - Interest	292,429	262,007	327,223	349,797	97,639
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	570,081,843	549,638,700	613,370,455	626,215,830	567,380,607
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,167,247	13,170,228	(45,037,923)	(65,917,333)	(8,994,159)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	21,675,000	21,433,000
Transfers in	5,427,753	4,153,363	8,869,999	12,526,868	13,228,577
Insurance proceeds from hurricane damage	-,,	-	-,,	,,	
Transfers out	(6,927,753)	(5,653,363)	(9,952,264)	(12,526,868)	(13,228,577)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	(3,521,122)	(=,===,===)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(==,===,===)	(==,===,=::)
SOURCES (USES)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,082,265)	21,675,000	21,433,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,667,247	\$ 11,670,228	\$ (46,120,188)	\$ (44,242,333)	\$ 12,438,841
Debt service as a percentage of	0.500/	0.600	0.700/	0.220/	0.050/
noncapital expenditures	0.59%	0.62%	0.60%	0.33%	0.05%

2000		al Year Ended June		2005
2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
\$ 123,898,731	\$ 113,007,257	\$ 107,347,430	\$ 98,852,998	\$ 94,212,705
160,847,779	158,700,630	159,512,971	156,104,231	128,856,908
3,417,642	9,368,560	8,176,776	4,012,708	1,810,176
422,593	399,787	499,523	455,985	498,571
12,117,189	9,555,657	14,557,040	7,947,653	8,640,248
170,986,921	170,686,913	161,556,552	141,675,723	122,712,378
4,191,022	4,193,013	3,873,354	3,692,262	3,722,441
17,685,678	16,344,273	12,383,418	14,628,369	9,351,153
72,312,972	72,119,861	71,103,455	99,762,999	58,200,057
565,880,527	554,375,951	539,010,519	527,132,928	428,004,637
164,786,693	157,712,829	137,007,514	133,974,192	115,310,628
75,243,924	70,902,847	66,608,664	60,728,883	56,965,341
47,163,552	47,961,991	48,161,869	46,829,768	41,891,932
29,270,337	27,200,361	25,299,581	21,017,431	19,698,072
26,777,842	22,902,974	19,828,482	17,743,073	14,450,744
15,658,710	10,344,699	10,675,713	10,158,309	9,395,121
22,529,639	20,387,662	19,393,164	18,343,537	17,855,830
14,887,573	14,176,559	13,104,283	11,381,908	11,057,097
62,981,345	53,135,659	49,177,339	46,130,576	46,857,400
32,009,771	35,124,167	26,918,284	29,520,498	23,053,224
26,618,389	27,431,515	27,221,988	26,480,077	25,953,662
5,569,811	4,646,825	3,804,070	3,273,244	2,860,991
-	-	-	-	-
2,664,909	3,166,495	-	-	-
4,908,800	4,720,754	-	-	-
6,855,629	-	- 120.026	7 002 422	7.507.250
-	226,896	8,139,026	7,983,433	7,587,358
39,306,268	23,954,797	21,882,970	33,984,639	23,208,315
163,636	163,636	163,636	163,636	837,106
				5,610
577,396,828	524,160,666	477,386,583	467,713,204	416,988,431
(11,516,301)	30,215,285	61,623,936	59,419,724	11,016,206
34,927,950	14,464,070	18,627,781	30,846,861	9,582,330
6,549,917	, .0 1,0 70		-	-,502,550
(38,927,950)	(18,964,070)	(23,627,781)	(30,846,861)	(9,582,330)
2,549,917	(4,500,000)	(5,000,000)		
\$ (8,966,384)	\$ 25,715,285	\$ 56,623,936	\$ 59,419,724	\$ 11,016,206
				-

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN TAX YEARS (December 31, 2004 through 2013)

Ratio of Total Assessed Value to Total Estimated Actual Value*		11	111	111	11	111	11	11	11	11	11
Estimated Actual Value	Parish of East Baton Rouge	\$39,822,110,545	39,364,172,980	37,391,056,340	36,412,875,364	36,044,067,273	34,645,489,000	31,514,190,273	29,392,106,727	27,382,107,091	26,227,596,909
Assessed Value		\$4,380,432,160	4,256,034,330	4,067,422,540	4,005,416,290	3,964,847,400	3,811,008,790	3,466,560,930	3,233,131,740	3,012,031,780	2,885,035,660
Total Direct Tax Rate- Millages		445.57	445.57	445.57	445.57	445.57	445.57	435.00	393.10	395.38	(1)
Total Taxable Assessed Value		3,703,791,910	3,578,561,180	3,399,186,940	3,339,136,790	3,306,133,950	3,154,154,640	2,833,341,480	2,612,309,990	2,399,807,380	2,885,035,660
Less: Homestead Exempt Property		676,640,250	677,473,150	668,235,600	666,279,500	658,713,450	656,849,150	633,219,450	620,821,750	612,224,400	(1)
Public Utilities	9	314,845,710	310,516,200	273,732,390	264,777,090	268,186,150	258,929,590	245,344,430	231,843,590	220,667,330	(1)
Industrial Property	Parish of East Baton Rouge	439,844,150	426,769,750	400,675,500	378,515,200	366,281,000	354,530,750	336,928,650	327,393,900	297,409,100	(1)
Personal Property	Parish	789,360,250	731,195,550	732,731,250	740,156,400	760,090,300	742,090,000	687,918,500	630,969,950	579,874,150	(1)
Real Property		2,836,382,050	2,787,552,830	2,660,283,400	2,621,967,600	2,570,289,950	2,455,453,450	2,196,369,350	2,042,924,300	1,914,081,200	(1)
Year		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004

*Actual Valuation (Market Value) as Compared to Assessed Valuation

Residential properties are assessed at 10% of fair market value; other property and electric cooperative properties, excluding land, are to be assessed at 15%; and public service properties, excluding land, are to be assessed at 25% of fair market value.

The overall assessed value is estimated to be 11% of actual market value.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Finanical Report of City-Parish Government of Baton Rouge.

East Baton Rouge Parish Assessor's Grand Recapitulation of the

Assessment Roll for the Parish of East Baton Rouge.

(1) Breakdown of assessed property unavailable for the year 2004.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		Decem	ber 31, 2	2013	December 31, 2004				
		Assessed		Percentage of Total Assessed	Assessed		Percentage of Total Assessed		
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Valuation (1)	Rank	Valuation	Valuation (1)	Rank	Valuation		
ExxonMobil Corporation	Petroleum Products	\$ 332,208,580	1	7.58 % \$	199,833,040	1	6.93 %		
Entergy, Inc.	Electric and Gas Utility	98,090,370	2	2.24	60,678,230	2	2.10		
Georgia-Pacific Corporation	Pulp and Paper Products	74,909,940	3	1.71	45,242,020	4	1.57		
JP Morgan/Chase	Bank	47,079,000	4	1.07	40,603,250	5	1.41		
Bellsouth Communications	Telephone Utility	35,100,100	5	0.80	55,205,350	3	1.91		
State Farm Insurance	Insurance	21,595,450	6	0.49	-	-	0.00		
Capital One/Hibernia	Bank	21,207,450	7	0.48	28,809,650	6	1.00		
Wal-Mart	Retail Store	20,869,800	8	0.48	13,753,750	9	0.48		
Formosa Plastics	Plastics Manufacturer	20,078,500	9	0.46	14,254,300	8	0.49		
Higman Barge Lines Inc.	Public Utility (Watercraft)	17,982,050	10	0.41	-	-	0.00		
Baton Rouge Waterr Company	Water Utility	-		-	15,217,620	7	0.53		
Paxon Polymer	Plastic Manufacturer	-		-	13,055,750	10	0.45		
		\$ 689,121,240		<u>15.72</u> % <u>\$</u>	486,652,960		16.87 %		

⁽¹⁾ Source: East Baton Rouge Parish Assessor's Office

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

PROPERTY TAX RATES AND TAX LEVIES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (1) LAST TEN TAX YEARS

(December 31, 2004 through 2013)

		City			Parish	
		Municipal			Mosquito	_
		Fire Salaries			and	Emergency
		and		Debt	Rodent	Medical
Year	Operating	Benefits	Operating	Service (2)	Tax	Services
			TAX RATES (m	ills per dollar)		
2013	7.12	6.00	3.44	0.00	1.41	3.13
2012	7.12	6.00	3.44	0.00	1.41	3.13
2011	7.42	6.00	3.54	0.00	1.45	3.13
2010	7.42	6.00	3.54	0.00	1.45	3.13
2009	7.42	6.00	3.54	0.00	1.45	3.13
2008	7.42	6.00	3.54	0.00	2.09	3.13
2007	7.84	6.00	3.78	0.00	2.23	3.13
2006	7.84	6.00	3.78	0.00	1.23	3.13
2005	7.84	6.00	3.78	0.00	1.23	3.13
2004	7.84	6.00	3.78	0.00	1.23	2.70
			TAX LE	VIES		
2013	\$12,782,590	\$10,769,906	\$15,068,687	\$0	\$6,176,409	\$13,710,753
2012	12,588,453	10,608,247	14,640,832	0	6,001,039	13,321,455
2011	12,432,005	10,052,834	14,398,676	0	5,897,763	12,731,033
2010	12,427,786	10,049,472	14,178,016	0	5,806,700	12,535,916
2009	12,238,488	9,896,402	14,035,463	0	5,748,304	12,409,879
2008	11,929,569	9,646,603	13,490,853	0	7,964,581	11,928,356
2007	11,770,864	9,008,314	13,103,600	0	7,730,431	10,850,336
2006	11,052,854	8,458,817	12,221,238	0	3,976,752	10,119,702
2005	10,383,178	7,946,310	11,385,480	0	3,704,799	9,427,659
2004	10,067,328	7,704,587	10,905,435	0	3,548,594	7,789,596

The tax levies represent the original levy of the Assessor and include the homestead exemption amount.

All taxes are billed when assessment rolls are filed during the month of November of the current tax year. Taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. Penalty for delinquent taxes is 15% per annum. No discounts are allowed for taxes, and there is no provision for partial payments.

Taxpayers who have not paid their taxes by January 2 of each year are notified by the Sheriff through registered mail that all taxes must be paid within 20 days from the date of notice. After expiration of the 20th day, the Sheriff shall sell the least quantity of property of any debtor which any bidder will buy for the amount of taxes, interest and cost due.

By agreement, the East Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff is the tax collector for City property taxes and receives a commission of 4.5% of total taxes collected for the City. The Sheriff, as provided by State Law, is the official tax collector of general property taxes levied by the Parish and Parish Special Districts.

				Assessor's	
Library		Recreation	Law	Salary and	
Board of	School	and	Enforcement	Expense	
Control	District	Park	District	Fund	Total
		TAX RATES (1	mills per dollar)		
10.78	43.45	14.04	14.99	1.34	105.70
10.78	43.45	14.04	14.99	1.34	105.70
11.10	43.45	14.46	14.99	1.38	106.92
11.10	43.45	14.46	14.99	1.38	106.92
11.10	43.45	14.46	14.99	1.38	106.92
11.10	43.45	14.46	14.99	1.38	107.56
11.10	43.45	14.46	14.99	1.38	108.36
11.10	43.45	14.46	14.99	1.38	107.36
9.97	43.45	14.46	14.99	1.38	106.23
9.97	43.45	10.95	14.99	1.38	102.29
		TAX L	<u>EVIES</u>		
\$47,221,059	\$168,092,732	\$61,492,507	\$65,662,678	\$5,869,779	\$406,847,100
45,880,282	163,119,091	59,746,512	63,798,277	5,703,115	395,407,303
45,148,390	156,255,861	58,827,132	60,970,664	5,613,043	382,327,401
44,456,394	154,151,395	57,924,991	60,036,218	5,527,001	377,093,889
44,009,402	152,687,297	57,342,564	59,432,583	5,471,431	373,271,813
42,301,728	147,001,498	55,117,514	57,126,469	5,259,125	361,766,296
38,478,826	134,360,824	50,136,871	51,963,748	4,783,854	332,187,668
35,887,762	131,404,174	46,760,784	48,464,645	4,461,722	312,808,450
30,029,957	122,414,442	43,563,016	45,150,356	4,156,604	288,161,801
28,763,806	117,833,099	31,591,140		3,981,349	265,431,619

⁽¹⁾ Not included are the following: Consolidated Road Lighting District No. 1, St. George Fire Protection District, District No. 1 Fire Protection District, Alsen Fire Protection District, Brownsfield Fire Protection District No. 3, Central Fire Protection District No. 4, Eastside Fire Protection District No. 5, East Baton Rouge Parish Fire Protection District No. 6, Pride Fire District No. 8, Zachary Fire District No. 1, Downtown Development District, Pontchartrain Levee District, Comite Diversion Canal, City of Baker and City of Zachary. These represent isolated areas that affect less than a majority of City-Parish residents.

(2) Parishwide debt.

Source: East Baton Rouge Parish Assessor's Grand Recapitulation of the Assessment Roll for the Parish of East Baton Rouge

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN TAX YEARS

(December 31, 2004 through 2013)

Fiscal Year	Tota	nl Tax Levy (1)	rent Tax Levy ollections (2)	Percent of Levy Collected	Y	bsequent Year Tax ollections (2)	To	tal Collections (2)	Ratio of Total Collections to Tax Levy
2013	\$	144,115,626	\$ 143,431,161	99.5	\$	449,354	\$	143,880,515	99.8
2012		139,146,486	137,160,425	98.6		242,156		137,402,581	98.7
2011		132,547,830	131,012,368	98.8		520,422		131,532,790	99.2
2010		130,451,086	128,628,970	98.6		782,997		129,411,967	99.2
2009		129,226,494	126,846,844	98.2		701,695		127,548,539	98.7
2008		123,517,514	120,790,290	97.8		262,870		121,053,160	98.0
2007		111,660,518	109,763,486	98.3		585,961		110,349,447	98.8
2006		106,587,111	104,083,137	97.7		765,344		104,848,481	98.4
2005		97,879,939	95,541,833	97.6		930,848		96,472,681	98.6
2004		93,630,316	91,569,038	97.8		525,941		92,094,979	98.4

(1) "Total Tax Levy" represents the original levy of the Assessor, less the amount of homestead exemption, and is the amount to be paid by the taxpayer.

The amounts to be paid by the taxpayer are ultimately collected in full, except for adjustments due to assessment errors and delayed homestead exemptions. The amount paid by the State Treasurer for homestead exemption is based on an appropriation formula by the State of Louisiana.

(2) Source: East Baton Rouge Parish Assessor's Office

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

SALES TAX REVENUES LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands, except percentages)

						1/2%		
		2%		1/2% Roads	Se	ewerage		
	Ci	ty-Parish		Improvement	Imp	provement		
		General	ar	nd Maintenance	and Maintenance		Total	
2013	\$	176,475	\$	42,997	\$	42,997	\$	262,469
	ψ	,	Ψ	,	ψ	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	φ	,
2012		174,430		42,145		42,145		258,720
2011		162,488		39,431		39,431		241,350
2010		155,467		37,439		37,439		230,345
2009		160,712		39,424		39,425		239,561
2008		164,418		42,372		42,367		249,157
2007		163,368		39,920		39,922		243,210
2006		165,765		40,030		40,035		245,830
2005		149,668		35,968		35,972		221,608
2004		133,662		31,158		31,160		195,980

The following is a summary by area of sales and use taxes being levied within the Parish of East Baton Rouge as of December 31, 2013.

			School			
		School	Board			
		Board	Capital			
Entity/Area	Parish	Operating	Improvement	Municipal	State	Total
F (D (D	2.000/	1.000/	1.000/		4.000/	0.000/
East Baton Rouge	3.00%	1.00%	1.00%	-	4.00%	9.00%
Baton Rouge	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	2.00%	4.00%	9.00%
Baker	1.00%	2.00%	-	2.50%	4.00%	9.50%
Zachary	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	2.00%	4.00%	9.00%
Central	1.00%	1.00%	1.50%	2.00%	4.00%	9.50%

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of City-Parish Government of Baton Rouge.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY-GENERAL SALES AND USE TAX LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)

Year ended December 31.

Standard Industrial Classification Code	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing	\$ 1,750	\$ 1,729	\$ 1,613	\$ 1,565	\$ 2,182
Mining	875	-	806	3,129	818
Construction	156,627	154,729	153,995	133,783	133,890
Manufacturing	866,260	934,427	798,192	724,461	941,631
Transportation and Public Utilities	38,500	42,356	51,600	43,030	51,560
Wholesale Trade	389,379	366,510	348,302	332,501	348,700
Other Retail Trade	4,003,171	3,969,371	3,840,999	3,599,615	3,865,624
Vehicle	500,506	482,341	440,215	836,337	533,427
Food Stores	725,383	644,850	575,666	483,495	514,500
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	252,003	267,967	223,333	218,277	254,056
Services	1,815,646	1,779,820	1,627,829	1,447,357	1,450,666
Public Administration					
Total	\$ 8,750,100	\$ 8,644,100	\$ 8,062,550	\$ 7,823,550	\$ 8,097,054

Source: City-Parish Finance Revenue Division

Collector of EBR Parish-wide Sales & Use Taxes

Based on 2% general sales and use tax with no exceptions for food and drugs.

	2008		2007		2006		2005		2004
\$	2,466	\$	5,473	\$	8,786	\$	8,307	\$	7,418
	822		653		912		1,946		1,738
	151,265		136,984		142,226		138,667		123,838
	876,348		807,773		727,543		601,441		537,121
	64,945		78,988		112,803		114,346		102,118
	411,867		196,940		408,776		387,041		345,650
4,	,102,229	4,	608,939	4	,750,824	4	,187,261	<i>.</i>	3,739,462
	374,051		877,204		748,015		698,725		624,001
	420,088	:	397,556		382,171		443,616		396,174

30,335

249

975,610

\$ 8,288,250

37,941

863,884

\$ 7,483,400

225

33,883

771,497

\$ 6,683,100

200

282,799

1,534,020

\$ 8,220,900

30,713

1,026,769

\$ 8,168,400

408

Year ended December 31,

$\underline{\textbf{EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH SCHOOL SYSTEM}}$

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Qualified Sch	ool	Qualified Zone					Percentage		
Fiscal	Constructio	n	Academy Bond		Certificates of			of Personal	Debt Per	Debt Per
Year	Bond Progra	ım	Program	Capital Leases	Indebtedness	T	otal Debt (1)	Income (2)	Capita (2)	Student (2)
							_			
2014	\$ 33,414,7	747	\$ 245,457	-	-	\$	33,660,204	0.18%	76	836
2013	36,199,3	312	409,091	-	-		36,608,403	0.29%	88	811
2012	38,983,8	375	572,729	-	-		39,556,604	0.31%	95	878
2011	41,768,4	438	736,365	-	-		42,504,803	0.23%	96	1,031
2010	21,433,0	000	900,001	-	-		22,333,001	0.12%	51	549
2009		-	1,063,636	-	-		1,063,636	0.01%	2	25
2008		-	1,227,273	-	-		1,227,273	0.01%	3	29
2007		-	1,390,909	-	-		1,390,909	0.01%	3	32
2006		-	1,554,546	-	-		1,554,546	0.01%	4	33
2005		-	1,718,183	-	-		1,718,183	0.01%	4	38

⁽¹⁾ Details regarding the School System's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

(3) Source: East Baton Rouge Parish School System

⁽²⁾ See Schedule of Demographic Statistics for personal income and population data.

$\frac{\textbf{COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN}}{\textbf{LAST TEN TAX YEARS}}$

(December 31, 2004 through 2013)

Year	 Assessed Value	Five	t Limit of Thirty- Percent (35%) of ssessed Value	Bor	Total nded ebt	Legal Debt Margin	Ratio of Net Debt to Debt Limit
		Paris	h of East Baton Rouge				
2013	\$ 3,703,791,910	\$	1,296,327,169	\$	-	1,296,327,169	0%
2012	3,578,561,180		1,252,496,413		-	1,252,496,413	3%
2011	3,399,186,940		1,189,715,429		-	1,189,715,429	3%
2010	3,339,136,790		1,168,697,877		-	1,168,697,877	4%
2009	3,306,133,950		1,157,146,883		-	1,157,146,883	2%
2008	3,154,154,640		1,103,954,124		-	1,103,954,124	0%
2007	2,833,341,480		991,669,518		-	991,669,518	0%
2006	2,612,309,990		914,308,497		-	914,308,497	0%
2005	2,399,807,380		839,932,583		-	839,932,583	0%
2004	2,885,035,660		1,009,762,481		-	1,009,762,481	0%

⁽¹⁾ Legal debt limit of 35% is established by Louisiana Revised Statute Title 39, Section 562.

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of City-Parish Government of Baton Rouge.

East Baton Rouge Parish Assessor's Grand Recapitulation of the

Assessment Roll for the Parish of East Baton Rouge.

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Amount Applicable to Primary Government
Overlapping Debt:			
Baton Rouge Recreation and Park Commission	\$ 23,096,615	100.00%	\$ 23,096,615
Central Community School System	27,370,047	4.00%	1,094,802
City of Baker	1,984,000	2.00%	39,680
City of Zachary	6,316,197	3.00%	189,486
Eastside Fire Protection District	648,750	3.00%	19,463
Greater Baton Rouge Port Commission	3,760,000	100.00%	3,760,000
Hospital Service District No. 1 (Lane Memorial			
Hospital)	22,200,000	100.00%	22,200,000
Nineteenth Judicial District Court	93,340,000	100.00%	93,340,000
Zachary Community School Board	104,480,000	6.00%	6,268,800
City of Baton Rouge/Parish of EBR direct debt	327,025,955	100.00%	327,025,955
Total overlapping debt			477,034,801
East Baton Rouge Parish School System			33,660,204
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 510,695,005

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of City-Parish Government of Baton Rouge.

Net Overlapping Debt is computed to demonstrate the total property tax burden on the taxpayers within the reporting governments' geographic jurisdiction and the total debt that their property taxes will be expected to repay.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the Municipalities taxable assessed value that is within the Parish's boundaries and dividing it by the Parish's total taxable assessed value.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(December 31, 2004 through 2013)

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (3)	Per Capita Personal Income (3)	Median Age (1)	Public School Enrollment (4)	Unemployment Rate (5)	Unemployment Labor Market Area (6)
2004	416,492	12,761,731,372	29,786	31.5	45,064	5.0	5.4
2005	417,218	13,556,224,000	31,468	31.9	45,266	5.6	5.3
2006	437,167	14,169,456,804	32,412	33.5	46,459	3.4	3.4
2007	430,559	14,253,225,136	33,104	33.2	42,907	3.3	3.6
2008	432,866	14,821,780,000	34,367	32.8	41,667	5.0	5.5
2009	434,633	17,621,760,000	40,544	32.8	40,674	6.2	6.4
2010	440,171 (2)	19,243,395,778	43,718	32.6	(2) 41,040	7.2	7.5
2011	441,438	18,512,175,990	41,749	32.6	41,233	7.2	7.4
2012	444,526	17,127,586,780	38,530	32.7	41,292	6.3	6.4
2013	445,227	18,629,188,134 (7)	41,842 (7)	32.6	40,241	5.8	5.9

All information is parishwide.

- (1) Estimates Louisiana Tech University for the U.S. Bureau of the Census
- (2) Official U. S. Census
- (3) Estimates Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (4) Louisiana Department of Education
- (5) Louisiana Department of Labor Benchmark rates for East Baton Rouge Parish only These data are disaggregated using claims for unemployment compensation and population sharing ratios which are applied to present market area estimates and are valid only for the
- (6) Louisiana Department of Labor Baton Rouge Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). Year 2004 and prior the MSA includes East Bator Rouge, Ascension, Livingston, and West Baton Rouge Parishes. In 2005 the MSA was expanded to include East Feliciana, Iberville, Pointe Coupee, St. Helena and West Feliciana Parishes. Baton Rouge serves as the focus of employment for many of the parishes that border it.
- (7) Preliminary figures.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

(December 31, 2004 and 2013)

December 31, 2013 (2) December 31, 2004 (1)

	-, (-)				
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total	Employer	Rank
Louisiana State Government	22,120	1	9.00 %	Our Lady of the Lake Medical Center	1
Turner Industries	9,671	2	3.94	West Telemarketing, SVC	2
East Baton Rouge Parish School System	6,250	3	2.54	Exxon Mobil Refining & Supply	3
Louisiana State University	5,600	4	2.28	Southern University	4
City-Parish Government	4,612	5	1.88	Exxon Mobil Chemical Co.	5
Exxon Mobil Chemical Co.	4,243	6	1.73	Baton Rouge General Medical Center	6
CB&I Inc	4,009	7	1.63	Recreation & Park Commission	7
Our Lady of the Lake Medical Center	3,500	8	1.42	Performance Contractors	8
Performance Contractors	3,000	9	1.22	LA University School of Medicine	9
Baton Rouge General Medical Center	2,000	10	0.81	US Veterans Medical Center	10
	65,005		26.45 %		

⁽¹⁾ Number of employees not available for 2004. Information was previously provided by Louisiana Department of Labor.

Baton Rouge Area Chamber estimates Louisiana Department of State Civil Service East Baton Rouge Parish School System

Estimates - U.S. Bureau of Census (mid-year estimate)

⁽²⁾ Source 2013:



Baton Rouge, Louisiana

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Ei	coal '	Year Ended June	30		
	_	2014	2013	scai	2012	50,	2011	2010
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instruction: Regular education programs	\$	128,467,847 31.5%	\$ 129,506,058 33.1%	\$	135,338,160 33.3%	\$	141,583,796 34.7%	\$ 138,979,724 35.0%
Special education programs		50,115,050 12.3%	50,585,205 12.9%		51,593,688 12.7%		62,758,041 15.4%	59,294,042 14.9%
Other education programs		21,161,380 5.2%	18,287,216 4.7%		18,992,522 4.7%		14,935,486 3.7%	13,503,429 3.4%
Support:								
Pupil support services		26,923,738 6.6%	27,933,138 7.1%		29,467,667 7.3%		22,192,916 5.4%	19,356,041 4.9%
Instructional staff services		11,618,118 2.9%	11,435,935 2.9%		14,739,083 3.6%		13,049,103 3.2%	12,863,476 3.2%
General administration services		11,609,299 2.9%	11,288,440 2.9%		10,338,436 2.5%		10,245,203 2.5%	10,268,091 2.6%
School administration services		21,399,400 5.3%	20,493,553 5.2%		20,726,066 5.1%		21,705,959 5.3%	20,289,527 5.1%
Business and central services		11,181,785 2.7%	11,053,143 2.8%		11,771,113 2.9%		12,207,881 3.0%	13,124,866 3.3%
Plant operations and maintenance		41,184,204 10.1%	38,769,350 9.9%		41,497,511 10.2%		41,977,187 10.3%	41,881,624 10.5%
Transportation		31,521,512 7.7%	27,883,583 7.1%		31,722,653 7.8%		31,616,491 7.7%	29,199,644 7.4%
Appropriations								
Charter schools Type 1		22,870,404 5.6%	20,021,223 5.1%		16,145,960 4.0%		12,419,559 3.0%	5,788,269 1.5%
Charter schools Type 2		6,982,719 1.7%	2,415,638 0.6%		1,909,350 0.5%		1,054,344 0.3%	495,088 0.1%
Autonomous schools		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	3,472,933 0.9%
Office of Juvenile Justice		184,554 0.0%	178,789 0.0%		183,996 0.0%		134,816 0.0%	0.0%
Magnet programs		5,905,611 1.5%	5,077,260 1.3%		5,197,073 1.3%		5,389,646 1.3%	5,498,870 1.4%
Recovery School District		12,898,005 3.2%	13,418,315 3.4%		13,164,716 3.2%		12,337,740 3.0%	15,497,211 3.9%
Settlement agreement		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
Capital outlay		0.0%	0.0%		22,958 0.0%		2,682,375 0.7%	7,363,096 1.9%
Community Service		12,350 0.0%	12,350 0.0%		12,350 0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
Debt service - Principal		2,948,199 0.7%	2,948,198 0.8%		2,948,199 0.7%		1,503,198 0.4%	163,636 0.0%
Debt service - Interest		292,429 0.1%	262,007 0.1%		327,223 0.1%		349,797 0.1%	97,639 0.0%
Total	\$	407,276,604	\$ 391,569,401	\$	406,098,724	\$	408,143,538	\$ 397,137,206
Pupil count - October 1		40,241	41,292		41,233		41,040	40,674
Average expenditures per pupil	\$	10,121	\$ 9,483	\$	9,849	\$	9,945	\$ 9,764

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

200-		iscal Year Ended Ju		
2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
\$ 138,888,144 36.1%	\$ 130,240,466 36.7%	\$ 116,417,278 36.0%	\$ 105,226,194 34.7%	\$ 99,170,538 35.0%
57,969,355 15.1%	54,524,367 15.4%	51,145,981 15.8%	48,894,359 16.1%	46,891,454 16.5%
12,196,643 3.2%	11,839,114 3.3%	12,811,113 4.0%	11,677,587 3.9%	12,022,915 4.2%
19,283,867 5.0%	17,385,237 4.9%	16,517,373 5.1%	15,028,351 5.0%	14,850,991 5.2%
14,312,765 3.7%	11,099,098 3.1%	9,976,374 3.1%	8,839,690 2.9%	7,950,764 2.8%
10,246,435 2.7%	9,496,553 2.7%	9,834,655 3.0%	9,400,245 3.1%	8,769,743 3.1%
20,149,136 5.2%	18,314,534 5.2%	17,557,661 5.4%	16,627,868 5.5%	16,414,181 5.8%
12,689,952 3.3%	12,168,438 3.4%	10,585,120 3.3%	9,029,261 3.0%	9,003,468 3.2%
48,108,640 12.5%	45,089,103 12.7%	43,005,521 13.3%	39,786,181 13.1%	37,235,049 13.1%
28,079,346 7.3%	31,661,453 8.9%	23,754,988 7.3%	27,219,238 9.0%	20,836,495 7.3%
5,241,854 1.4%	4,346,826 1.2%	3,535,059 1.1%	3,022,308 1.0%	2,632,223 0.9%
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
2,664,909 0.7%	3,166,495 0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
4,908,800 1.3%	4,720,754 1.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
6,855,629 1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	- 0.0%	0.0%
-	226,896	8,139,026	7,983,433	7,587,358
0.0% 2,954,592 0.8%	0.1% 46,262	2.5% 39,177	2.6% 150,968 0.0%	2.7% - 0.0%
-	0.0%	0.0%	-	-
0.0% 163,636	0.0% 163,636	0.0% 163,636	0.0% 163,636	0.0% 337,106
0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5,610 0.0%
\$ 384,713,703	\$ 354,489,232	\$ 323,482,962	\$ 303,049,319	\$ 283,707,895
41,667	42,907	46,462	46,459	45,266
,	,	,		<i>'</i>

6,962 \$

6,523 \$

6,268

8,262 \$

9,233 \$

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION PER PUPIL LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 EXPENDITURES Current: Instruction: Regular education programs 3,192 \$ 3,136 \$ 3,282 3,449 \$ 3,417 \$ 3,330 31.5% 33.1% 33.3% 34.7% 35.0% 36.1% Special education programs 1,245 1,225 1,251 1,529 1,458 1,391 12.3% 12.9% 12.7% 15.4% 14.9% 15.1% Other education programs 526 443 461 364 332 293 4.7% 5.2% 4.7% 3.7% 3.4% 3.2% Support: 669 676 715 541 476 463 Pupil support services 6.6% 7.1% 7.3% 5.4% 4.9% 5.0% Instructional staff services 277 289 357 318 316 344 2.9% 2.9% 3.6% 3.2% 3.2% 3.7% 274 General administration services 289 252 251 253 246 2.9% 2.9% 2.6% 2.5% 2.6% 2.7% School administration services 532 496 503 529 499 484 5.3% 5.2% 5.1% 5.3% 5.1% 5.2% Business and central services 278 268 285 297 323 305 2.7% 2.8% 2.9% 3.0% 3.3% 3.3% Plant operations and maintenance 1,022 938 1,005 1,022 1,030 1,155 10.1% 9.9% 10.2% 10.3% 10.6% 12.5% Transportation 783 675 769 770 718 674 7.7% 7.1% 7.8% 7.7% 7.4% 7.3% Appropriations 303 142 Charter schools Type 1 568 485 392 126 1.5% 5.6% 5.1% 4.0% 3.0% 1.4% Charter schools Type 2 174 59 26 46 12 0.1% 0.0% 1.7% 0.6% 0.5% 0.3% 85 Autonomous schools 64 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.9% 0.7% Office of Juvenile Justice 5 3 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Magnet programs 147 123 126 131 135 118 1.5% 1.3% 1.3% 1.3% 1.4% 1.3% Recovery School District 321 325 319 301 381 165 3.2% 3.4% 3.2% 3.0% 3.9% 1.8% Settlement agreement 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Capital outlay 181 71 65 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.7%1.9% 0.8%Debt service - Principal 73 71 72 37 0.0% 0.7% 0.8% 0.7% 0.4%0.0% Debt service - Interest 7 8 9 2 6 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0%Total 10,121 9,483 9,849 9,945 9,764 9,233 Pupil count - October 1 40,241 41,292 41,233 41,040 40,674 41,667

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

2008		2007		ded June 30, 2006		2005		
2000		2007		2000		2003		
\$ 3,035 36.7%	\$	2,505 36.0%	\$	2,267 34.8%	\$	2,190 34.9%		
1,271 15.4%		1,101 15.8%		1,052 16.1%		1,036 16.5%		
276 3.3%		276 4.0%		251 3.9%		266 4.2%		
405 4.9%		355 5.1%		323 5.0%		328 5.2%		
259 3.1%		215 3.1%		190 2.9%		176 2.8%		
221 2.7%		212 3.0%		202 3.1%		194 3.1%		
427 5.2%		378 5.4%		358 5.5%		363 5.8%		
284 3.4%		228 3.3%		194 3.0%		199 3.2%		
1,051 12.7%		926 13.3%		856 13.1%		823 13.1%		
738 8.9%		511 7.3%		586 9.0%		460 7.3%		
101 1.2%		76 1.1%		65 1.0%		58 0.9%		
-0.0%		- 0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		
74 0.9%		- 0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		
0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		
110 1.3%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		
0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		
5 0.1%		175 2.5%		172 2.6%		168 2.7%		
0.0%		0.0%		3 0.0%		0.0%		
4 0.0%		3 0.0%		4 0.1%		7 0.1%		
\$ 0.0%	•	0.0%	•	0.0%	•	0.0%		
\$ 0,202	\$	6,962	\$	6,523	\$	6,268		

$\frac{\text{FULL-TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE) EMPLOYEES}}{\text{LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS}}$

			Fiscal Year			
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Regular Employees: CERTIFICATED						
Instructional:						
Supervising Instructors	5.0	5.0	9.0	1.0	10.0	2.0
Classroom Teachers - Regular Programs	1,917.0	1,965.0	2,090.0	2,247.0	2,243.8	2,236.0
Classroom Teachers - Special Education	564.0	582.0	610.0	633.0	618.0	634.0
Classroom Teachers - Vocational Education	87.0	86.0	90.0	83.0	85.2	87.0
Classroom Teachers - Other Instructional Programs	76.0	72.0	4.0	2.0	1.0	-
Classroom Teachers - Special Programs	194.0	182.0	201.0	250.0	225.0	203.0
Classroom Teachers - Adult/Continuing Ed Programs	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	8.0
Classroom Teachers - Community College Programs	24.0	23.0	23.0	24.0	23.0	24.0
Total Classroom Teachers	2,866.0	2,915.0	3,023.0	3,244.0	3,202.0	3,192.0
Therapist/Specialist/Counselor - Instructional Programs	_	2.0	3.0	-	2.6	82.0
Sabbatical Leave - Instructional Programs	7.0	23.0	28.0	27.0	29.0	25.
Total Certificated - Instructional Programs	2,878.0	2,945.0	3,063.0	3,272.0	3,243.6	3,301.
Instructional Support:						
Supervisors - Instructional Support Functions	63.0	74.0	77.0	73.0	74.0	80.0
Librarians/Media-based Teachers/Staff Instructors - Instr Spt	85.0	81.0	83.0	91.0	126.0	86.
Therapist/Specialist/Counselor - Instructional Support Functions	449.0	440.0	479.0	428.0	456.4	418.
Sabbatical Leave - Instructional Support Functions	4.0	7.0	10.0	8.0	9.0	8.
Total Certificated - Instructional Support	601.0	602.0	649.0	600.0	665.4	592.
Support Services:						
Superintendents	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Assistant/Associate/Deputy Superintendents	5.0	5.0	-	-	-	-
School Principals	79.0	81.0	80.0	84.0	80.0	84.
School Assistant Principals	76.0	70.0	64.0	68.0	73.0	68.
Other School Administrators	2.0	3.0	-	7.0	-	-
Non-Classroom Teachers - Support Services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sabbatical Leave - Support Services	-	-	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.
Total Certificated - Support Services	163.0	160.0	146.0	162.0	156.0	155.0
Fotal Certificated	3,642.0	3,707.0	3,858.0	4,034.0	4,065.0	4,048.0

(1) Source : East Baton Rouge Parish School System

	Fiscal Year		
2008	2007	2006	2005
3.0	4.0	3.0	3.0
2,128.0	2,193.0	2,227.9	2,062.6
630.0	648.0	646.4	619.7
92.0	107.0	110.2	120.9
1.0	4.0	1.0	3.0
231.0	244.0	265.6	231.0
7.0	8.0	8.0	12.0
24.0	26.0	27.0	21.0
3,113.0	3,230.0	3,286.1	3,070.2
82.0	66.0	37.9	127.2
28.0	30.0	26.0	40.0
3,226.0	3,330.0	3,353.0	3,240.4
78.0	74.0	69.0	54.5
87.0	92.0	91.6	94.9
385.0	382.0	356.0	249.8
8.0	9.0	6.0	3.0
558.0	557.0	522.6	402.2
1.0	1.0	1.0	-
-	-	-	-
92.0	95.0	93.0	94.0
65.0	62.0	55.5	56.0
1.0	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
1.0	1.0	3.0	4.0
160.0	159.0	152.5	154.0
3,944.0	4,046.0	4,028.1	3,796.6

$\frac{\text{FULL-TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE) EMPLOYEES}}{\text{\underline{LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS}}}$

(Continued)

			Fiscal Year			
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Regular Employees: NON-CERTIFICATED Instructional:						
Instructional.						
Aide - Instructional Programs	628.0	626.0	666.0	659.0	687.0	682.0
Total Non-Certificated - Instructional Programs	628.0	626.0	666.0	659.0	687.0	682.0
Instructional Support:						
Supervisors - Instructional Support Functions						
Therapist/Specialist/Counselor - Instructional Support Functions						
Clerical/Secretarial - Instructional Support Functions	52.0	59.0	72.0	67.0	68.8	74.0
Aide - Instructional Support Functions	16.0	16.0	9.0	2.0	10.0	3.0
Degreed Professional - Instructional Support Functions	4.0	11.0	3.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Other Personnel - Instructional Support Functions	48.0	41.0	95.0	164.0	105.2	59.0
Total Non-Certificated - Instructional Support	120.0	127.0	179.0	234.0	185.0	137.0
Support Services:						
Supervisors/Managers/Administrators/Support Services	104.0	114.0	111.0	109.0	117.0	123.0
Clerical/Secretarial - Support Services	244.0	246.0	248.0	285.0	279.2	292.0
Aide - Support Services	57.0	57.0	58.0	81.0	57.0	55.0
Service Worker - Support Services	876.0	871.0	926.0	960.0	980.0	1,042.0
Skilled Craftsman - Support Services	26.0	28.0	28.0	31.0	30.0	27.0
Degreed Professional - Support Services	22.0	20.0	14.0	17.0	16.0	18.0
Other Personnel - Support Services	38.0	42.0	46.0	49.0	47.8	50.0
Total Non-Certificated - Support Services	1,367.0	1,378.0	1,431.0	1,532.0	1,527.0	1,607.0
Total Non-Certificated	2,115.0	2,131.0	2,276.0	2,425.0	2,399.0	2,426.0
Total Regular Employees (Certificated and Non-Certificated)	5,757.0	5,838.0	6,134.0	6,459.0	6,464.0	6,474.0
Other Reported Personnel						
School Board Member	11.0	11.0	12.0	13.0	13.0	13.0
Total Other Reported Personnel	11.0	11.0	12.0	13.0	13.0	13.0
Grand Total	5,768.0	5,849.0	6,146.0	6,472.0	6,477.0	6,487.0

(1) Source : East Baton Rouge Parish School System

	Fiscal Year		
2008	2007	2006	2005
622.0	605.0	632.5	596.8
622.0	605.0	632.5	596.8
68.0	59.0	55.8	51.8
4.0	7.0	2.0	_
1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0
52.0	57.0	48.6	37.5
125.0	124.0	107.4	91.3
117.0	131.0	135.0	130.0
237.0	244.0	241.6	238.6
52.0	58.0	54.0	56.0
1,034.0	1,065.0	953.8	913.0
26.0	28.0	30.0	29.0
17.0	17.0	18.0	17.0
57.0	57.0	53.2	42.3
1,540.0	1,600.0	1,485.6	1,425.9
2,287.0	2,329.0	2,225.5	2,114.0
6,231.0	6,375.0	6,253.6	5,910.6
13.0	13.0	12.0	13.0
13.0	13.0	12.0	13.0
6,244.0	6,388.0	6,265.6	5,923.6

BOARD MEMBERS' COMPENSATION JUNE 30, 2014

Name	Compe		Addition Compens		Total
Arbour, Gerald "Jerry"	\$	9,600	\$	132	\$ 9,732
Bernard, Connie		9,600			9,600
Dyason, Jill		9,600		615	10,215
Freeman, Craig		9,600			9,600
Freiberg, Barbara		9,600			9,600
Lamana, Randy (4)		8,000		149	8,149
Lee, Vereta T		9,600		342	9,942
Lynch, Mary (4)		1,600			1,600
Nelson-Smith, Kenyetta		9,600			9,600
Smith, Tarvald		9,600			9,600
Tatman, David (2)		10,800			10,800
Ware-Jackson, Evelyn		9,600			9,600
	\$ 10	06,800	\$	1,238	\$ 108,038

Notes:

- (1) Base compensation per member is \$800 per month.
- (2) Presiding President of the Board receives \$900 per month in base compensation.
- (3) Each board member is reimbursed for mileage @ \$0.50 cents per mile.
- (4) Mary Lynch replaced the deceased Randy Lamana
- (5) Source: Payroll system of East Baton Rouge Parish School System.

$\underline{\textbf{EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH SCHOOL SYSTEM}}$

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

$\frac{\text{PERCENTAGE OF FREE AND REDUCED STUDENTS IN LUNCH PROGRAM}}{\text{LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS}}$

School Year	Free	Reduced	Total
2004-2005	68.14%	7.24%	75.38%
2005-2006	72.38%	6.05%	78.43%
2006-2007	67.35%	6.51%	73.86%
2007-2008	76.07%	6.42%	82.49%
2008-2009	73.59%	7.70%	81.29%
2009-2010	74.54%	7.27%	81.81%
2010-2011	75.97%	6.06%	82.03%
2011-2012	76.77%	6.56%	83.33%
2012-2013	76.64%	6.57%	83.21%
2013-2014	77.68%	6.03%	83.71%

⁽¹⁾ Source: East Baton Rouge Parish School System School Food Service Department.

HISTORY OF HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

School			
Year	Females	Males	Total
2005	1,203	1,091	2,294
2006	1,363	1,053	2,416
2007	1,338	1,046	2,384
2008	1,108	817	1,925
2009	1,005	807	1,812
2010	1,163	838	2,001
2011	1,125	862	1,987
2012	1,118	870	1,988
2013	1,117	868	1,985
2014	1,130	886	2,016

⁽¹⁾ Source: East Baton Rouge Parish School System Technology Department.

CAPITAL ASSET INFORMATION <u>JUNE 30, 2014</u>

Elementary Schools

			Square Footage			
	Year	Square	with Covered		Classrooms	Capacity
Schools	Opened	Footage	Walkways	Acreage	(2)	(2)
Audubon	1967	41,927	45,826	8.0	25	531
Baton Rouge Center VPA	1954	38,326	46,088	16.0	24	510
Belfair Montessori	1951	36,732	56,354	5.0	20	425
Bernard Terrace	1927	45,507	45,735	8.0	20	425
Broadmoor	1956	51,217	56,472	20.0	24	510
Brownfields	1956	40,101	51,176	12.0	25	531
Buchanan	1955	62,740	61,615	8.2	27	574
Capitol	2011	73,000	73,000	13.9	31	659
Cedarcrest Southmoor	1967	48,247	50,203	7.1	28	595
Claiborne	2011	94,698	100,305	8.0	38	808
Crestworth	1968	36,157	40,492	15.0	21	446
Delmont Pre-K/K Center	1955	50,479	46,148	6.7	21	446
Forest Heights	1973	43,195	47,883	9.9	25	531
Glen Oaks Park	1973	45,801	53,305	9.2	25	531
Greenbrier	1960	44,743	51,592	8.8	27	574
Highland	1940	41,679	41,679	7.0	21	446
Howell Park	1955	33,183	50,683	12.9	22	468
Jefferson Terrace	1958	43,701	45,949	7.2	24	510
LaBelle Aire	1973	65,809	75,872	8.0	34	723
LaSalle	1955	48,487	48,272	8.0	25	531
Magnolia Woods	1963	43,644	62,675	8.1	27	574
Mayfair	1962	29,509	41,324	12.1	22	475
Melrose	1955	68,678	40,746	8.0	32	680
Merrydale	1968	46,929	47,099	15.4	27	574
Northeast	2002	100,000	100,000	23.0	41	871
Park	1955	36,024	44,807	27.0	25	531
Park Forest	1976	47,529	47,933	9.7	33	701
Parkview	1974	37,558	47,928	8.1	28	595
Polk	1960	39,104	42,713	2.9	18	383
Progress	2013	75,000	75,000	12.5	31	659
Riveroaks	1968	38,368	41,968	10.4	23	489
Ryan	1969	45,633	51,306	10.2	27	574
Sharon Hills	1964	45,994	60,212	10.0	25	531
Shenandoah	1972	50,529	41,608	7.0	27	574
South Boulevard (BRFLAIM)	1945	28,606	32,119	2.4	12	255
The Dufrocq School	1923/2009	76,880	76,880	10.0	33	701
Twin Oaks	1974	44,200	50,520	7.0	28	595
University Terrace	1956	50,043	58,044	8.9	22	468
Villa del Rey	1959	53,214	64,103	14.4	27	574

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

CAPITAL ASSET INFORMATION <u>JUNE 30, 2014</u>

(Continued)

Elementary Schools (Continued)

			Square Footage			
	Year	Square	with Covered		Classrooms	Capacity
Schools	Opened	Footage	Walkways	Acreage	(2)	(2)
Wedgewood	1977	60,305	61,743	13.0	32	680
Westdale Heights	1959	41,093	47,502	11.2	21	446
Westminster	1967	37,710	44,360	14.1	21	446
White Hills	1960	34,172	87,501	11.0	21	446
Wildwood	1969	44,740	39,642	7.3	25	531
Winbourne	2007	75,000	75,000	11.7	31	659
Woodlawn	2009	77,950	73,000	22.0	35	744
Totals		2,314,141.0	2,544,382.0	496.3	1,201.0	25,530.0

Junior High/Middle Schools

			Square Footage			
	Year	Square	with Covered		Classrooms	Capacity
Schools	Opened	Footage	Walkways	Acreage	(2)	(2)
Broadmoor	1961	80,386	121,605	14.0	37	800
Brookstown	1948	47,602	53,052	10.0	25	531
Capitol	2004	112,500	112,500	11.4	43	950
Glasgow	1955	67,677	63,159	14.2	30	650
McKinley	2006	114,000	119,400	12.0	40	875
North Banks Middle School of Excellence	1951	32,443	44,001	10.0	22	475
Park Forest	1968	104,204	123,904	17.4	42	925
Scotlandville	1951	72,567	78,633	15.0	37	825
Sherwood	1967	92,290	98,370	41.7	43	950
Southeast	1974	114,231	105,721	12.4	42	925
Westdale	1956	97,260	114,226	24.2	44	975
Woodlawn	2006	120,433	115,400	30.0	47	1,025
Totals		1,055,593	1,149,971	212.3	452	9,906

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

CAPITAL ASSET INFORMATION <u>JUNE 30, 2014</u>

(Continued)

High Schools

			Square Footage			
	Year	Square	with Covered		Classrooms	Capacity
Schools	Opened	Footage	Walkways	Acreage	(2)	(2)
Baton Rouge	1928/2012	442,564	183,677	19.4	74	1,600
Belaire	1974	157,772	160,424	27.5	62	1,350
Broadmoor	1960	153,077	204,321	32.0	51	1,125
Capitol	1960	133,187	140,212	40.0	60	1,325
Glen Oaks	1960	186,066	258,925	40.5	52	1,150
McKinely	1961	155,625	174,913	18.9	56	1,225
Northeast	2003	138,500	146,564	50.0	43	950
Robert E. Lee (Valley Park Swing Space)	1967	77,682	89,082	23.4	34	750
Scotlandville	1960	159,801	179,715	35.1	59	1,300
Tara	1970	152,126	186,967	23.6	57	1,250
Woodlawn	2005	194,125	215,708	57.0	65	1,425
Totals		1,950,525.0	1,940,508.0	367.4	613.0	13,450.0

Special Education

			Square Footage			
	Year	Square	with Covered		Classrooms	Capacity
Schools	Opened	Footage	Walkways	Acreage	(2)	(2)
Arlington Prep Academy	1950	20,889	22,519	5.0	13	275
Southdowns	1949	34,929	41,818	9.2	18	383
Totals		55,818.0	64,337.0	14.2	31.0	658.0

Alternatives

			Square Footage			
	Year	Square	with Covered		Classrooms	Capacity
Schools	Opened	Footage	Walkways	Acreage	(2)	(2)
Beechwood Superintendent Academy	1964	29,816	37,142	9.5	16	350
EBR Readiness (1)	2013	11,121	11,121	-	12	300
Eden Park Superintendent Academy	1960	32,082	32,082	3.7	20	425
Christa McAuliffe - Superintendent Academ	1966	39,997	76,048	11.1	21	450
Northdale Central Superintendent Academy	1968	37,769	52,544	5.2	24	525
Rosenwald - Discipline Center	1927	14,524	14,524	2.0	7	140
Greenville Alternative - Discipline Center	1925	11,945	11,945	4.0	9	18
Greenville Superintendent's Academy	1959	45,278	58,628	6.5	30	638
Totals		222,532.0	294,034.0	42.0	139.0	2,846.0

Baton Rouge, Louisiana

CAPITAL ASSET INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2014

(Continued)

Charter Schools Square Footage with Covered

			Square rootage			
	Year	Square	with Covered		Classrooms	Capacity
Schools	Opened	Footage	Walkways	Acreage	(2)	(2)
Children's Charter	1924	23,717	23,717	2.0	12	255
Community School	1961	23,398	23,398	5.0	7	150
J.K. Haynes Charter School	1956	44,986	55,536	11.0	22	468
Totals		92,101.0	102,651.0	18.0	41.0	873.0
			Recovery Schools			
			Square Footage		C1	a .
6.11	Year	Square	with Covered		Classrooms	Capacity
Schools	Opened	Footage	Walkways	Acreage	(2)	(2)
Capitol High	1960	113,187	140,212	40.0	60	1,325
Crestworth Middle	1968	84,138	92,741	15.4	33	725
Dalton Elementary	1955	38,985	52,636	9.1	21	446
Glen Oaks Middle	1955	100,604	129,464	19.1	43	950
Istrouma High	1947	233,761	257,930	30.0	62	1,350
Kenilworth Middle	1973	97,206	98,716	22.4	35	775
Lanier Elentary	1958	43,647	48,393	9.8	23	489
Prescott Middle	1955	93,836	104,618	22.8	45	1,000
Totals		805,364.0	924,710.0	168.6	322.0	7,060.0
			Closed Schools			
			Square Footage			
	Year	Square	with Covered		Classrooms	Capacity
Schools	Opened	Footage	Walkways	Acreage	(2)	(2)
Baton Rouge Prep	1950	32,995	32,995	8.6	18	400
TOTALS		32,995.0	32,995.0	8.6	18.0	400.0